

# The New York Times

CITY EDITION

Weather: Cloudy today; very cool tonight. Sunny, colder tomorrow. Temperature range: today 23-37; Friday 25-43. Details on Page 4

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1976

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M 20 CENTS

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

CXV...No. 139

ANESE PLANES JACK LEFTISTS D PALESTINIAN

vention by the Military oslem-Christian Strife ws Convoy's Ambush

ACCUSED BY P.L.O.

e of Order for Raids lets Is Uncertain— ami Said to Object

AMES M. MAREHAM ead to The New York Times UT, Lebanon, Jan. 16— ebanese Air Force jets attacked leftist and Pal forces involved in the if a Christian town 12 outh of here.

attack—against gunmen d ambushed a Lebanese r convoy moving north in the road from the represented the first action by the air force the current factional began last April. It was ar who had ordered the es.

Moslem Prime Minister, Karami, who is also Minister, ordered the e not to intervene, ac to Moslem leaders who th him during the day, ightout the factional. Mr. Karami has re-Christian demands that edominantly Christian- anese armed forces be o restore order, argu- xlems feared that such tion would be on the the Christians.

h Toll Reaches 3,000 Lebanese police said 16 people were killed 0 wounded in the fac- fighting in the last 24. This raised the death ce April to more than y official count.

to a statement, e force of Palestinian slem, Druses besieging istian town of Damur, ex for the air strikes rom the Interior Min- amille Chamoun, who rld Minister. Damur is a of Mr. Chamoun's l Liberal Party.

night, the Palestinians that army vehicles ransporting reinforce- from the Chamoun militia into Damur, a spokesman for Wafa,

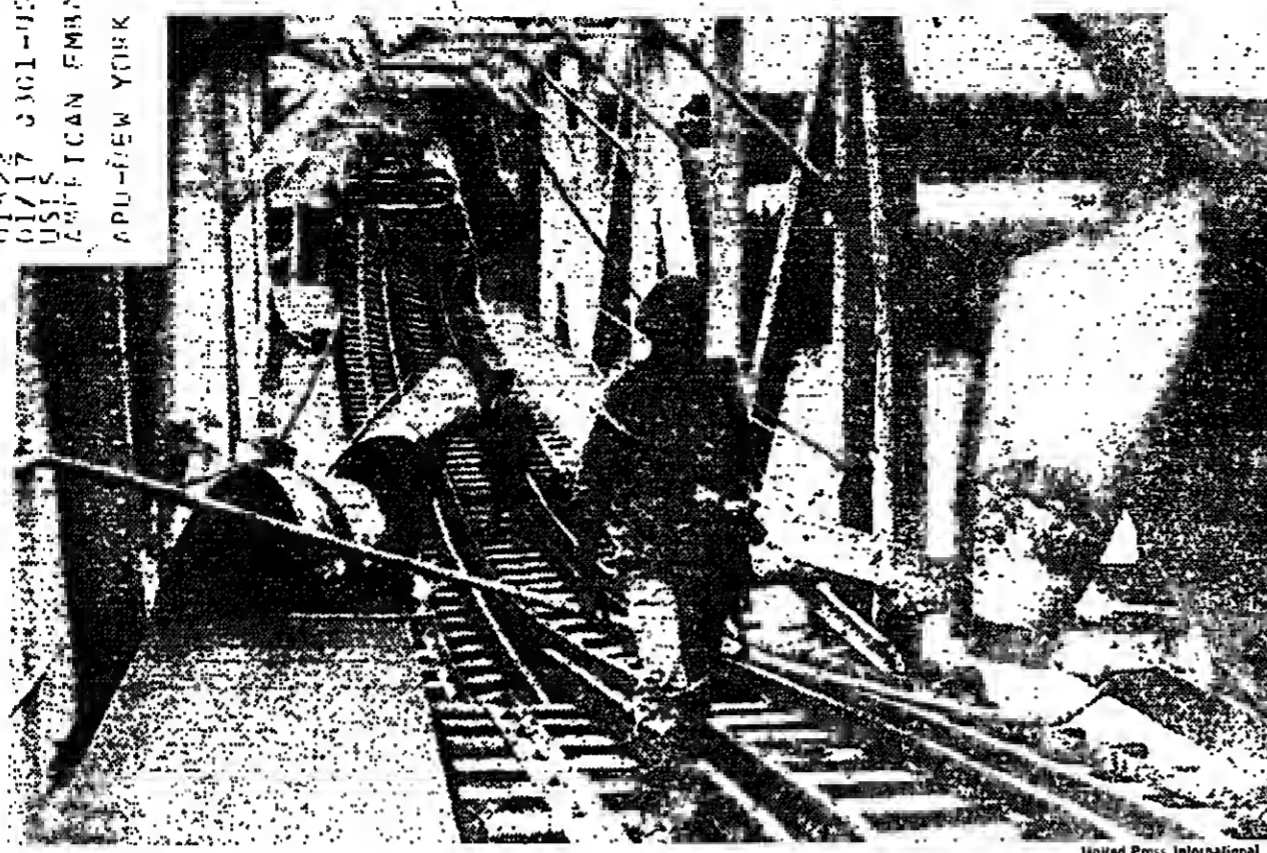
ed on Page 6, Column 4

N LABOR UNIT ZED IN MADRID

ocused of Planning a eral Political Strike

HENRY GINGER ead to The New York Times RID, Jan. 16—The police 1 up about 120 persons Madrid area last night urged them with planning al political strike. sudden raid, 60 a Roman c labor headquarters, tly destroyed a newly committee to coordinate ke movement of more 00,000 workers in the area. The committee ganized only this week. urcelona, meanwhile, new ents brought port and al workers back to their and a similar agreement, ilding trades here in l, was expected to end alout of tens of thou- of construction workers. ay Talks Breaks Down the other hand, negotia- for a settlement of the dispute involving the I subway broke down ay issues and raised the ility of a new walkout. It ng the subway workers e strike movement gained reatest momentum last

ause it felt itself threat- by leftist political forces. overment was taking a stand toward the strike ment and encouraging a number of struck private rns to follow suit. At the time, it was encouraging lation, which all strike rs said they wanted. was still unclear whether ued on Page 7, Column 1



STRATEGIC SETBACK: Men of the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola inspect railroad bridge across the Lumege River after it was destroyed by forces of the Moscow-backed Popular Movement. The rail line, which linked Angolan ports with Zaire, was an important source of revenue for the National Union. Page 2.

## EGYPT-SYRIA SPLIT AT U.N. REPORTED

Differences in P.L.O. Debate Said to Obstruct Efforts for Council Resolution

By BERNARD GWERTZMAN Special to The New York Times UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Jan. 16 — Well-placed diplomats said today that sharp differences between Egypt and Syria had prevented the Arab bloc from agreeing so far on a resolution for submission to the Security Council for action during the current Middle East debate.

The rift, reflecting the months-long dispute between Cairo and Damascus, has caught the Palestine Liberation Organization and most Arab countries in the middle and has proved something of an embarrassment to them.

The Arab bloc had hoped that by today—the end of the first week of debate—a resolution would be ready for presentation.

According to Arab diplomats and representatives of the P.L.O., Western countries and Jan. 16 — Well-placed diplomats at the United Nations Secretariat, the behind-the-scenes debate has focused on whether to submit a resolution, favored by the Syrians, that would be so extreme as to invite not only the United States, but also other Council members to vote against it. A negative American vote would be a veto.

Egypt in the Middle

The Egyptians, with reported support from the Jordanians, have argued that it would be counterproductive to the Palestinian and Arab cause to introduce an extreme resolution. The Egyptians have proposed instead that two resolutions be introduced.

One would be a mildly worded paragraph calling for recognition of the Palestinian national or political rights. The Continued on Page 3, Column 3

## Governor Names Sandler To Hear Nadjari's Cases

By MARCIA CHAMBERS

Governor Carey yesterday appointed Justice Leonard H. Sandler of State Supreme Court as the new presiding justice for the special grand jury now hearing evidence brought by Maurice H. Nadjari, the special state prosecutor, on corruption in the criminal justice system.

The decision, made in the Bahamas, where the Governor is vacationing, came only four days after Supreme Court Justice John M. Murtagh died in his chambers, apparently of a heart attack.

At the time of his death, Justice Murtagh was preparing to rule on an aspect of Mr. Nadjari's politically explosive investigation into Patrick J. Cunningham, the Democratic state chairman and Bronx County leader.

Presumably, Justice Sandler's first order of business will be to consider—and possibly hear new oral arguments on—Mr. Cunningham's motion to quash a subpoena to appear before a special grand jury investigating the alleged sale of judgeships in the Bronx. Justice Sandler's appointment is effective Monday.

Since Justice Murtagh's death, the Governor's legal staff has sorted through lists of prospective candidates for the Supreme Court bench.

Yesterday, following a flurry of telephone calls from Judah Gribetz, Mr. Carey's legal counsel, to high judicial advisers and the Governor, Mr. Carey decided to appoint the 49-year-old liberal Democrat and former Civil Court judge, who became a Supreme Court justice only 16 days ago.

Political observers say that without Governor Carey's backing, Justice Sandler would not have been nominated to a full 14-year term on the Supreme Court bench last year. Last September, Mr. Carey announced his intention to appoint Justice Sandler to an interim term in Manhattan. Coming two days before the

## REAGAN SUGGESTS POOR CAN MIGRATE

Says Needy and Minorities Might Have to Flee States Resistant to Social Aid

By ION NORDHEIMER Special to The New York Times

DUBLIN, N.H., Jan. 16—Ronald Reagan said today that the poor and minorities living in states resistant to social action might have to migrate elsewhere if these states failed to substitute adequate welfare programs for the Federal ones he would like to eliminate.

"You can vote with your feet in this country," he declared in a campaign swing through the countryside of southern New Hampshire. "If a state is mismanaged, you can move elsewhere."

In Washington, meanwhile, President Ford's campaign organization began today an attempt to link Mr. Reagan's position on Social Security to the stand that proved costly to Barry Goldwater in the 1974 Presidential race. Mr. Goldwater suggested that wage earners be permitted the choice of Social Security or private retirement plans. [Page 31.]

Mr. Reagan, responding to a question about the South and the region's history of racial discrimination, said it was possible that some blacks would be forced to leave states that refused to provide social welfare programs abandoned by the Federal Government under his plan.

However, the former California Governor said he be-

Continued on Page 31, Column 1

## President to Propose Rise In the Social Security Tax

Budget and State of the Union Messages Also to Seek Expanded Medicare and Business Tax Break to Spur Jobs

By PHILIP SHABECOFF Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 — The long-term increase in Federal spending, President Ford will propose in his State of the Union and Budget Messages next week, will include an increase in the Social Security tax next year, increased costs and benefits to Medicare patients and a tax break for businesses in areas of high unemployment, informed Administration officials said today.

Mr. Ford will also reverse a position he took a year ago by recommending that recipients of Social Security receive full cost-of-living increases in their benefits, the officials said. Last year the President called for a 5 percent limit on increases in Social Security benefits.

They also confirmed that the budget Mr. Ford will submit for fiscal year 1977, beginning Oct. 1, would result in a deficit of \$43 billion to \$44 billion from estimated expenditures of \$394 billion to \$395 billion and estimated revenues of \$351 billion. This year's budget deficit is estimated at around \$70 billion.

Administration sources said that these proposals were part of a broad package that the President would propose to assure economic growth this year while at the same time slowing

Under a formula already in the law for upward adjustments of the wage base for Social Security taxes, the base would expand to \$16,500 next year from the current \$15,300. Last year the base, or the maximum wage from which the tax is deducted, was \$14,100.

But the President will propose that the tax rate for Social Security also increase—to 6.15 percent of wages from the current 5.85 percent, Administration officials said. Together, these increases would raise the maximum Social Security tax to \$1,014 next year from \$895 in 1976.

Liberals have long opposed an increase in the Social Security tax rate, which, unlike a widening of the wage base, falls most heavily on poorer workers.

Continued on Page 11, Column 4

## Schools Ask State To Reconsider Plan On Integration Here

By LEONARD BUDER

The Board of Education yesterday asked Ewald B. Nyquist, the State Education Commissioner, for a new hearing on his recent orders calling for the integration of three heavily black city schools next fall.

Joseph G. Barkan, the Queens board member, said the board was concerned that the Commissioner's orders would "drive whites out of the schools and create chaos." This, he asserted, would "defeat the purpose of the Commissioner's orders."

Isaiah E. Robinson Jr., the president of the board, said only that the board wanted "additional relevant facts that the board feels were not before Commissioner Nyquist" at the time he issued the integration orders. Mr. Robinson did not disclose these facts when questioned by reporters.

Some officials at school headquarters, who did not want to be named, said that if the Commissioner did not grant a

Continued on Page 16, Column 1

## INDUSTRY SHOWS STRONGER OUTPUT AFFIRMING UPTURN

Advance in Production Index in December Doubled Rate of 2 Previous Months

OTHER RECOVERY SIGN

Prime and Discount Rate Are Cut and Stock Trading Sets Mark for Week

By EDWIN L. DALE Jr. Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16—Industrial production ended on a strong note in 1975, the Federal Reserve Board reported today, amid other signs of recovery in the economy and abating inflation and interest rates.

The Federal Reserve's industrial production index rose percent in December, doubling the increase of the previous two months. This was further confirmation that the recovery from the recession has been continuing, despite some signs of hesitation in autumn.

There were these other developments: The Federal Reserve reduced the discount rate—the interest rate on temporary loans—to 6 percent from 6 1/2 percent, the lowest since the spring of 1973.

The First National Bank reduced its prime lending rate from 7 to 6 3/4 percent. The stock market showed modest further advance to end a week that set a record in trading.

G.N.P. Figures Revised

The Commerce Department today issued revised figures for the gross national product going back to 1945. They are somewhat the "profile" of the recent recession and recovery, but do not change significantly the general path of the economy in the postwar period.

The new figures show that the 1974-75 recession, as measured by the G.N.P., was a little less deep than indicated earlier, though still the deepest since the war. They also show that the recovery is outpacing the recession in the second quarter of 1975, at a rate of 3.3 percent growth in the "real" G.N.P.—discounted for inflation—and a little less robust in the third quarter, at 1.3 percent, than the earlier figures showed.

The Federal Reserve report on industrial production said the index of output of the nation's factories, mines and utilities last month was 5 percent above the recession low reached in April but was still 9 percent below September 1974, when a steep decline began.

The December index was 118.5, with production in 1967 taken as 100. The November index was revised upward substantially, from an original estimate of 116.8 to 117.3 now.

The report cited increases in production in December of consumer durable goods, including automobiles, business equipment, construction products, steel and such nondurable mate-

Continued on Page 39, Column 2

## Rothko's Daughter Gains Control of Artist's Estate

By EDITH EVANS ASBURY

Kate Rothko, 25-year-old daughter of Mark Rothko, the abstract expressionist painter, was appointed sole administrator of her father's \$30 million estate yesterday by Surrogate Millard L. Midonick.

Miss Rothko replaces three men whose ouster she obtained last December after four years of litigation in which she and her brother, Christopher, 12, were opposed by four sets of lawyers but supported by the State Attorney General, Louis J. Leftowitz.

The estate left by Rothko consisted principally of 798 paintings. In assuming its administration, Miss Rothko, a second-year medical student at the Johns Hopkins Medical School, gains custody of one of the most valuable collections of contemporary art in private hands. It will be her task to collect and conserve the es-

Continued on Page 16, Column 2



Ronald Reagan entering beauty parlor in Winchester, N.H., on second campaign swing through the state in search of votes. New Hampshire Presidential primary is Feb. 24.

NEWS INDEX table with columns for Page, News, and Page. Includes items like 'Aid to the Poor', 'Banks', 'Bridge', 'Business', 'Churches', 'Congress', 'Education', 'Family/Style', 'Financial', 'Golfing Out', 'Health', 'New Summary', 'Politics', 'Sports', 'Theater', 'Transportation', 'TV and Radio', 'Weather'.

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## Roberto Denies His Group In Angola Is Near Collapse

By HENRY KAMM  
Special to The New York Times

KINSHASA, Zaire, Jan. 16 — National Front leader said that Holden Roberto, president of the National Front for the Liberation of Angola, angrily denied tonight an American assessment that his movement was approaching the point of collapse.

There is no question of collapse, Mr. Roberto said as he got behind the wheel of his car at his headquarters compound here. "In any war there are highs and lows. Our struggle continues."

The American assessment of the prospects of the National Front, to which the United States has given some aid, was communicated earlier this week by the State Department to the Council of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

The American view is widely shared in official and diplomatic circles in Zaire, which has been the National Front's principal supporter throughout its fight against Portugal and its war against the Soviet-supported Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola.

A Rapid Retreat  
Diplomats said that the rapid retreat northward of National Front troops, pursued by Popular Front Forces spearheaded by a Cuban contingent, is viewed with grave concern by the Government of Zaire.

If the Soviet-supported forces reach the Angola-Zaire border on the Congo River, they would be in a position to cut Zaire's access to the only river route linking this almost landlocked country to the sea.

The Popular Front has already severed Zaire's principal rail link with the sea by cutting the Angolan railroad that connects Zaire with the Atlantic ports of Beignuela and Lobito.

In the consensus of diplomats here, the National Front troops are in no condition to halt the Popular Movement's advance. It is assumed that Mr. Roberto's forces have been routed and that only a political decision not to put extreme pressure on Zaire would stop the Popular Movement's troops short of the Congo River.

6,000 Cubans Involved  
Because it is generally believed here that most of the fighting on behalf of the Popular Movement is being done by the Cuban contingent, estimated at 6,000 to 7,000 men, relying entirely on Soviet weapons and supplies, the assumption is that such a decision would be made essentially in Moscow.

Diplomatic accounts supported by comments at National Front headquarters suggest that there is no real fighting. The National Front forces are said to be retreating in terror of the Soviet rockets that fire multiple salvos from their mobile "launchers" mounted on trucks.

Accounts received by diplomats here report that much of the civilian population is fleeing with the National Front troops, presumably out of fear of being caught in the war more than from partisan conviction. The Portuguese Consulate General is crowded with haggard and bedraggled Portuguese peasants from northern Angola, who arrive here daily after a trying trek across the border.

The mood at Mr. Roberto's headquarters was sullen, despite his confident words. The

National Front leader said that he was returning tomorrow to Angola for a one-day inspection of the situation.

At embassy chanceries here, the consensus is that National Front forces failed to resort to guerrilla ambushes behind the line of advance that might have prevented the Popular Front and Cuban troops from pushing unhindered up the principal roads.

Comments were equally negative on what was described as the sporadic support given by regular troops of the Zaire Army; such support was said to have been deficient in numbers and intensity. Other foreigners fighting with the National Front were reported to be limited to fewer than 100 Portuguese of rightist inclinations and a handful of mercenaries.

U.S. Reports Fighting  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—The State Department said today that the National Front for the Liberation of Angola was still fighting Cuban led forces in the northern part of the country.

Answering questions on the Angolan civil war, Robert L. Fumest, the department spokesman, said the fighting was continuing, but he termed the situation in the north as "serious."

Concern over the situation was expressed at the White House by the deputy presidential press secretary, John G. Carlsoo, who said: "The President will continue to work through diplomatic channels and use whatever means are available to him to see that this conflict can be resolved without foreign interference."

According to reports reaching here, the forces of the two Western supported movements, the National Front and the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, were out so hard-pressed in southern and western parts of Angola, mainly because of the presence there of South African troops.

### U.S. Jewish Group Reviews Its Attitude Toward Mexico

The Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations has announced that it will reassess its policy on Mexico and make appropriate recommendations in the near future.

Last month, the group condemned Mexico's vote at the United Nations ratifying the anti-Zionism resolution adopted at the International Women's Year conference in Mexico City. Major Jewish groups, as a result, canceled chartered trips to Mexico.

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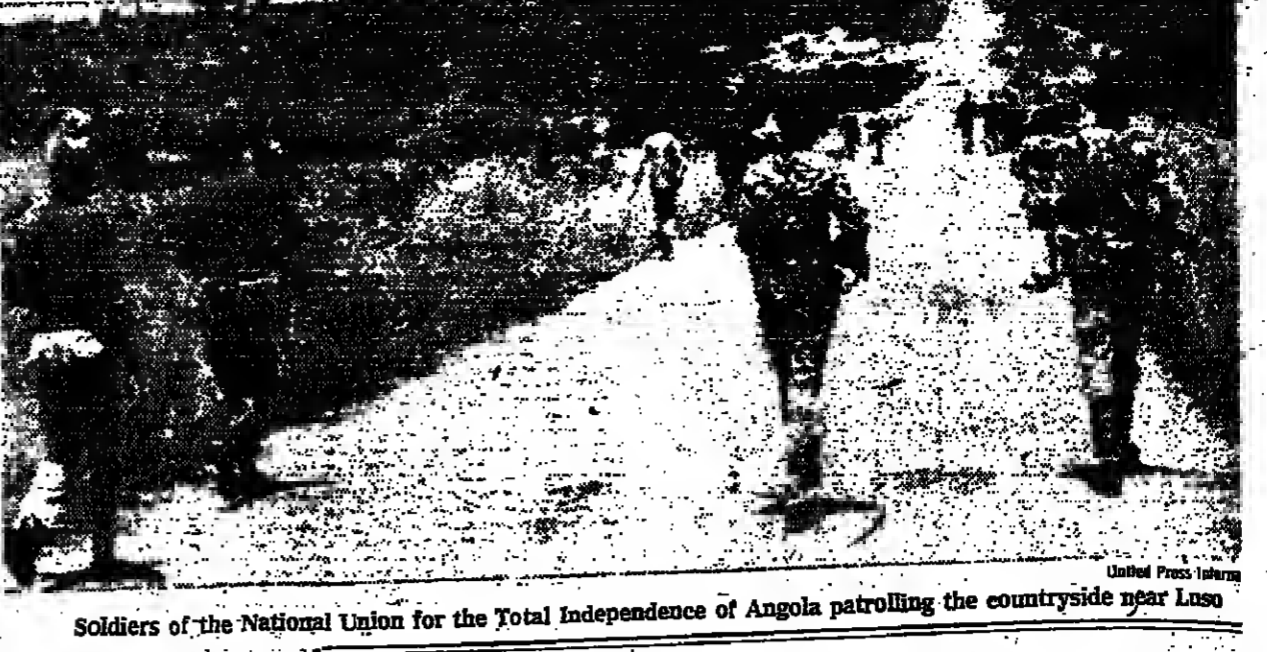
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Soldiers of the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola patrolling the countryside near Luso

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# Israel and the P.L.O.: Questions, Answers

By TERENCE SMITH  
Special to The New York Times

JERUSALEM, Jan. 15—The debate in the United Nations Security Council is part of an overall strategy designed by Minister Yitzhak Rabin to deal with the Palestinian issue, opens with Jordan and the occupied West Bank territory.

The principal goal of the strategy to buy time, with the that Israel's bargaining will be stronger in the future. But it is also designed to protect what the Government believes are vital political security interests at stake in the dispute.

The strategy has been criticized as well as abroad. Many questions raised in the minds of Israelis and about the rationale that underlie it. Some of those questions and the answers, as conversations with Israeli policy-makers and their include the following:

Q. Why is Israel so opposed to negotiations with the Palestinians, daily the Palestine Liberation Organization?

A. The Government is naturally reluctant to negotiate with an organization that routinely carries out terrorist attacks against citizens and has as its declared aim the destruction of the state of Israel.

Q. Why is the idea of a Palestinian state unacceptable to Israel?

A. The Government is convinced that it is politically and economically weak to surround itself with a state that would be a further target for attacks.

Q. Does the Rabin Government have an alternative?

A. Mr. Rabin is protesting both the Palestinian problem and the future of the West Bank in the context of negotiations with the Palestinians and their national aspirations.

Q. Front Says Units Over 120 in Battles

content that it is so unrealistic that the Government doesn't really expect it to lead to negotiations and is just using it as a tactic to buy time. These critics, who include a few dissenting Cabinet ministers, figures in the Labor Party and a substantial number of intellectuals assert that the Government's strategy is fundamentally flawed since time, in their view, is on the side of the Arabs rather than of Israel.

Q. How do the supporters of the strategy answer that?

A. They say that King Hussein has only temporarily abandoned his hopes of regaining control over the West Bank. American officials say that Israel missed a great opportunity by not making a settlement with Jordan over the West Bank before the Rabat summit. The Americans contend that Jordan was prepared to talk but that the taken withdrawals Israel was willing to consider on the West Bank were insufficient as a basis for negotiations.

Q. In the meantime, what are the practical relations between Israel and Jordan?

A. A de facto peace, except for the formal trappings such as diplomatic relations and normal communications. Commerce flows freely across the Jordan River bridges. Thousands of Arabs from Jordan and other Arab countries visit the West Bank and Israel every year. Beyond that, the two governments communicate regularly through the United States, representatives abroad, West Bank Arabs who shuttle between Jerusalem and Amman and, on occasion, secret meetings of the top leaders.

Q. How do the West Bank residents feel? If they had a choice, would they choose Israel, Jordan or the P.L.O.

A. Given their choice, they would probably ask to be left in peace to rule themselves. The people of the West Bank are an agrarian, moderate and basically apolitical population. Conversations with many of them suggest that their first priority seems to be an Israeli withdrawal and a return to Arab rule. Most seem to accept the P.L.O. as their representative leadership at the moment and want the establishment of an independent Palestinian state. Some would like to see that state federated with Jordan. But others would not because King Hussein is a far from popular figure among the people he ruled with a firm hand for many years.

Q. What, then, seems likely next?

A. Israel is likely to continue its total boycott of the P.L.O. and to insist on dealing with King Hussein on the Palestinian issue. There has been some talk here lately about a renewed attempt at Israeli-Jordanian negotiations, but few officials think this will be possible in the near future. The United States reportedly is willing to sound out King Hussein on the subject but the assumption at the moment is that Arab pressure against such a move would effectively prevent it at this time. One compromise that Israel would be willing to accept would be a reconvening of the Geneva peace conference with Palestinian representatives sitting with the Jordanian delegation. Neither King Hussein nor the P.L.O. appears to be keen on that, however, so the most likely outcome appears to be a continuing stalemate.

REMEMBER THE NEEDIEST!



THOUSANDS MOURN MALAYSIAN LEADER: Residents of Kuala Lumpur surge into Parliament House to view the body of Prime Minister Abdul Razak, who died on Wednesday. In the crush, some glass doors were broken and people fell into a pool around the building. The Prime Minister was buried yesterday at the Heroes' Mausoleum.

## Egyptian-Syrian Split Said to Block U.N. Resolution

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2

other would be devoted to the Middle East diplomacy, and would include the standard Arab call for Israel to withdraw completely from all Arab land, occupied in the June 1967 war.

The Egyptians would like that resolution to include reaffirmation of Council Resolution 242 and 333, which have provided the basis for negotiations. Egypt has also included in its proposals a call for speedy renewal of the Geneva peace conference with P.L.O. participation.

In the Egyptian view, the Americans would probably veto both resolutions, but they might be acceptable to all or most of the other 14 Council members—thereby enhancing the Arab and Palestinian cause.

The British yesterday said they would accept a resolution calling for recognition of Palestinian "political rights," thereby leaving the Americans isolated and the only power still refusing to accept Palestinian "rights."

The Council adjourned until Monday after having heard from Mauritania and Rumania. The debate is to end by the end of next week and the Arabs plan to caucus over the weekend as they have been doing all week in the hope that a resolution can be produced by Tuesday.

There is the possibility that the Council will recess next week without a resolution being acted upon if the dispute is not resolved.

The Secretary General and his colleagues were reported to be in a "split" in Mr. Kaddoumi's private remarks that the P.L.O.—or at least some of its leaders—might accept as an "entity" the West Bank of the Jordan and the Gaza Strip, connected by a corridor through Israel.

This has been the Egyptian view of a possible way of finding the Palestinians a homeland, but officially the Palestinians still talk ultimately of forming a new state of Palestine to include what is now Israel.

Assuming that the United States will block any resolution that is offered, the P.L.O. is looking for language that could be approved by Britain and other Western countries.

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The Americans have assured the Israelis, who are boycotting the session, that they would block any resolution that dictates a course of action such as recognition of Palestinian rights or total Israeli withdrawal from occupied Arab lands.



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## Sakharov Reporting Residence Difficulties

MOSCOW, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—Dr. Andrei D. Sakharov, the Soviet dissident, said tonight that he had lost the right to live where he wanted in Moscow, and his wife said she feared that he might be arrested.

In a telephone call to Western journalists here, Dr. Sakharov said that he had been refused permission to register in a new apartment after he had canceled his registration in his old one.

"This is a serious and unexpected complication of my position," he said.

The 57-year-old former nuclear physicist said that he had decided to move to the apartment, which his wife has owned since 1971, in a south Moscow suburb because seven people were living in the two-room apartment he now occupies.

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In Dundalk, Ireland, a town that borders on Northern Ireland, British soldiers and Irish policemen man roadblocks

### Armagh Becomes Symbol of Ulster Strife

By BERNARD WEINRAUB

Special to The New York Times

ARMAGH, Northern Ireland, Jan. 13—It is eerily quiet in Armagh. The hills are russet and covered with ferns and wildly growing scrub and ivy. The narrow country roads, knifing through lonely meadows, are empty at midday. Helicopters whirr overhead.



The New York Times/Jan. 17, 1976

"Everyone's just sick at heart around here," said the Very Rev. Henry Lillie, dean of the Cathedral Church of St. Patrick in Armagh. "People have been killed and bad their limbs blown off and we have infants without fathers. We're all stricken with grief and wish to God it would all end."

Within recent months County Armagh has been engulfed in a cycle of terror that has made the 512-square-mile area the center of a British Army build-up, the source of anxiety and tension among officials in London, Dublin and Belfast, and a symbol of the intransigence and dark hatreds that simmer in Northern Ireland.

Reminders of Vengeance  
Ten Protestants were murdered in Kingsmills on Jan. 5. The night before two Roman Catholics were killed in Whitecross and three near the village of Ballydugan. Within the past six months more than 50 people have died in the border county—and there are reminders of deadly vengeance in the villages and farms scattered through Armagh.

At the Killeen border crossing, on the Dublin Road, for example, three Protestants returning from a dog show in Cork were stopped at a bogus security-force road block and murdered. In retaliation, Protestant gunmen flagged down a van carrying Catholic musicians near the border town of Newry and murdered the youths. In further retaliation, a Protestant disc jockey was then slain in Armagh city.

"These tit-for-tat murders are tearing the community apart," said a young Catholic priest near the town's hilltop cathedral. "People are terrified. People have told us that they've received telephone calls saying, 'Get out or get shot.' Some families move out each night and sleep with relatives."

Security forces have identified two groups as the killers: the South Armagh Republican Action Force, whose members hide in the border town of Dundalk, in the Irish Republic, and the Protestant Action Force. The Republican Action Force is allegedly linked to the Provisional Wing of the Irish Republican Army.

The Protestant Action Force, based in the Ulster town of Farnadow, is tied to the Protestant extremist Ulster Volunteer Force.

"What's happened in the past few weeks is utterly barbaric, but let's not just isolate Armagh, let's not isolate this county," said Seamus Mallon, representative of the predominantly Catholic

lic Social Democratic and Labor Party. "I hold no brief for the I.R.A. but I get the feeling that because it's an I.R.A. stronghold down here, and because of the sheer brutality of the murders, we're being singled out. But why don't people look at the facts about who's doing what to whom?"

He said the party would shortly issue a detailed breakdown of sectarian murders in Northern Ireland. Since 1969, he said, more than 490 persons have been killed in religious murders. Of these, 180 were Protestants, and the rest Catholic. In County Armagh, about 130 persons have been slain in religious murders. Fewer than 50 were Protestant, he said, and the rest were Catholic.

South Armagh—called "bandit country" by the Northern Ireland Secretary, Merlyn Rees—is part of County Armagh, one of Northern Ireland's six counties. South Armagh is an isolated salient populated by 20,000 predominantly Catholic farmers and dairymen, many of whom re sowed the 1921 partition of Ireland that placed the county in the British-ruled north rather than the independent south. The county's southern tip juts deep into the Irish Republic, and there are so many unmarked crossings along the 60-mile Armagh border that the British Army has virtually abandoned any policing of cross-border traffic.

There are about 1,200 troops in the southern part of the county, and the mood is nasty. Nearly 60 soldiers have been killed in the county in the last three years, most of them by ambushes, detonated mines and rocket attacks.

Even the garbage bins in some units have to be emptied by helicopter, because it is too dangerous for vehicles—including armored cars and tanks—to patrol the narrow roads. At least one helicopter has been forced down by I.R.A. gunfire, using semi-automatic Armalite rifles made in Japan for the Armalite Corporation of Costa Mesa, Calif.

The provisionals often patrol roads, issue passes for areas of South Armagh and have virtually established civil as well as military rule in the border town of Crossmaglen where the Irish tricolor or sometimes flies illegally over the gutted small town hall and local pubs, and where youngsters flock to night schools to learn Gaelic.

British units in towns around Armagh live under semi-siege conditions: compounds are ringed by corrugated steel walls topped by concertina wire. It is the I.R.A. soldiers say, and not security forces who hold the initiative.

"The terrain is ideally suited to the guerrilla, and it is the border and the safe refuge that it represents that is their greatest ally," an army officer has written anonymously for a British newspaper.

What angers British soldiers in the county, however, is the lack of contact with the Irish security forces south of the border, where terrorists have a refuge, and regulations imposed on troops dealing with suspected Protestant and Catholic terrorists. The army can fire weapons only in defense, house searches and arrests are limited and offensive tactics are virtually out of the question because British officials fear it would upset the populace.

Even the use of the phosphorous smoke grenade—designed to provide a smoke screen for patrols who are under fire—has been banned

because it would be regarded as an escalation of the conflict, and therefore politically unacceptable.

"There is a difficult balance to strike here," said Lieut. Col. Robert Ward, commander of the First Regiment of the Queen's Dragoon Guards, a 420-man unit scattered in towns around the city of Armagh. Like most units in the 15,500-man army in Ulster, the regiment serves four months in Northern Ireland.

"The first aim is to reassure the local populace of a maximum presence here," Colonel Ward said, standing with a patrol on a narrow dirt road 10 miles from Armagh. "The second aim is to carry out operations against terrorists. One is overt and the other is covert. It's not easy."

A half-dozen troops darted along the road to set up a spot-check of vehicles, he said quietly. "Regrettably, Ireland remains a safe haven, and we can't do anything about that."

Nearby, at a squadron headquarters in the village of Caledon, a youthful lance corporal, Philip Morris, said: "If you pick someone up and you know he's wanted, you've got to find proof on film—a gun or whatever—or else he's released. It's a hell of a way to fight murderers isn't it?"

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### Lisbon Faces Leftist Agitation; Rightist Drives Go On in North

By MARVINE HOWE  
Special to The New York Times

LISBON, Jan. 16—The Portuguese Government was confronted today with growing leftist social agitation in the Lisbon area and continued right-wing violence in the Oporto region in the north.

Against this background of rising tension, the Government formally opened the pre-electoral period for this country's first free national legislative elections in nearly half a century. The election is to be held before April 25, the second anniversary of the bloodless coup against the right-wing dictatorship.

Several thousand people marched across Lisbon tonight to the National Assembly Building, shouting against "the high cost of living," "unemployment"

This was the first major demonstration, sponsored by far leftist groups, since the abortive coup of Nov. 25 and the subsequent crackdown on extreme leftists.

The Communist leader, Alvaro Cunhal, firmly disassociated the party from tonight's leftist demonstration, saying that "it does not serve either the unity or the struggle of the workers."

Mr. Cunhal warned workers against "leftist radicalism" in a meeting last night in the Lisbon suburb of Alges. Reversing his pre-Nov. 25 position, Mr. Cunhal also gave his support to the center-left Government headed by Prime Minister José Pinheiro de Azevedo.

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### U.S. Sues Concern in Arab Blacklist Case

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP)—The Justice Department, in a suit filed today, charged one of the nation's largest construction concerns and four related companies with conspiring to boycott individuals and companies blacklisted by Arab nations.

The Bechtel Corporation of San Francisco and four affiliates or subsidiaries were named defendants in the civil suit filed in United States District Court in San Francisco.

The suit said the alleged conspiracy had the effect of suppressing United States competition in export trade and denying American companies freedom of choice in selecting subcontractors.

ment suit "totally unwarranted" and said that the company would "oppose it vigorously."

The statement said that the Bechtel group of companies did not discriminate in any way in personnel matters or contracts and that Bechtel considered itself to be complying fully with the law and foreign policy of the United States.

It added that the company made "strenuous efforts" to insure that its practices conformed to its nondiscriminatory policies. Among these it listed the following:

"There will be no discrimination against any individual or group on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, ancestry, national origin or age."

"All hiring, transfer, promotion, training and retention of employees are based on criteria related to job content and performance."

"Fair and equal treatment will be accorded to all potential suppliers."

Furthermore, the company said that Federal regulations "have expressly stated that compliance with" the laws of foreign governments "is not illegal under American law."

### U.S. Lays General's Dismissal To Differences With Superior

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The Army said today that Lieut. Gen. Robert L. Fair had been relieved of his command in Europe because his superior disapproved of his leadership techniques and could not change them.

The official Army statement denied that General Fair's dismissal had any connection with "illegal activity, malfeasance or similar wrongdoing," and one Pentagon source summed up the general's situation by saying: "When there's a conflict between a three-star and a four-star, the extra star will always win."

General Fair, 52 years old, took command of the V Corps in West Germany last September. On Jan. 5 the commander of the United States Army in Europe, Gen. George S. Blanchard, had him replaced. Since there was no other three-star position open to him, the Army

said, General Fair chose to retire.

"Over a period of time," the Army said in a statement, "there were differences between General Fair and the commander in chief, U.S. Army, Europe, concerning Fair's methods of operation."

"Although General Fair was counseled by [General Blanchard], inconsistencies in Fair's performance led to [General Blanchard's] losing confidence in him as a corps commander," it said.

"There were similar concerns expressed by subordinates."

"The difficulties between Fair and Blanchard related to operational and leadership methods. They did not involve the matter of requisite standards of discipline or military grooming and appearance, nor did they involve allegations of illegal activity, malfeasance or similar wrongdoing on the part of General Fair."

Earlier this week, the Commerce Department announced that it was imposing a \$1,000 fine on a fifth United States exporter, the Getty Oil Company, for failing to report a request to support the Arab boycott. The department did not say whether the Getty concern submitted to the request.

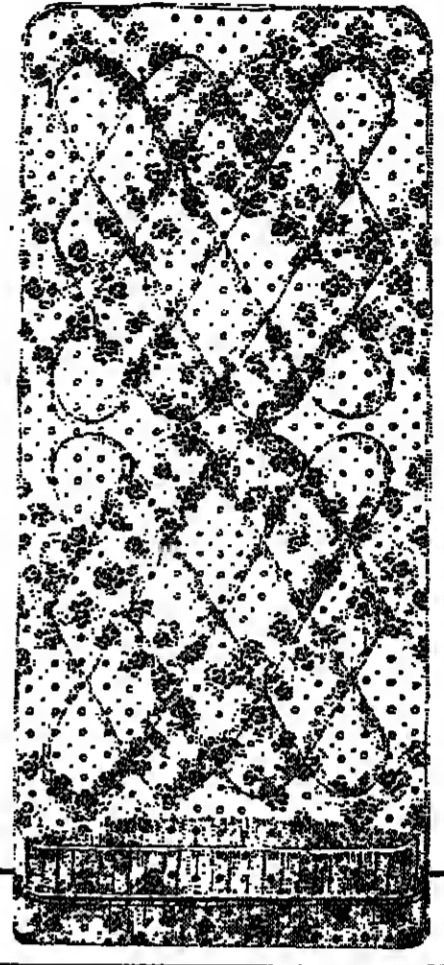
**Statement by Bechtel**  
 In San Francisco, a statement by the Bechtel Corporation called the Justice Department

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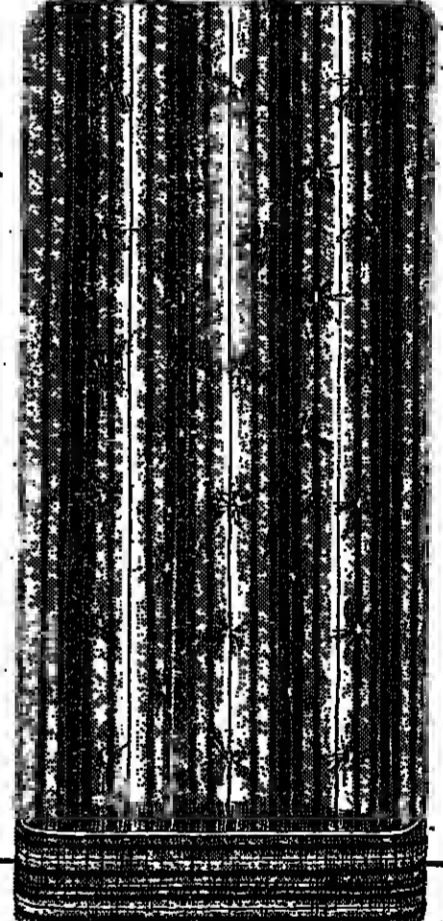
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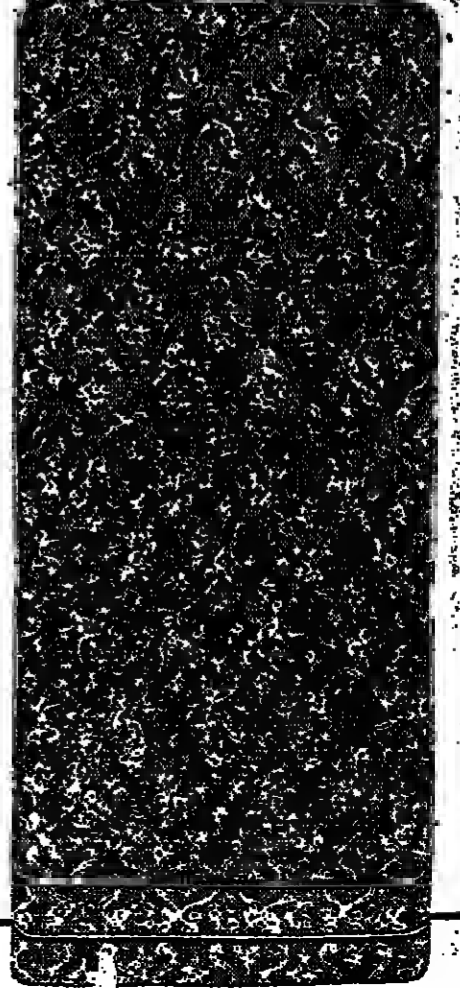
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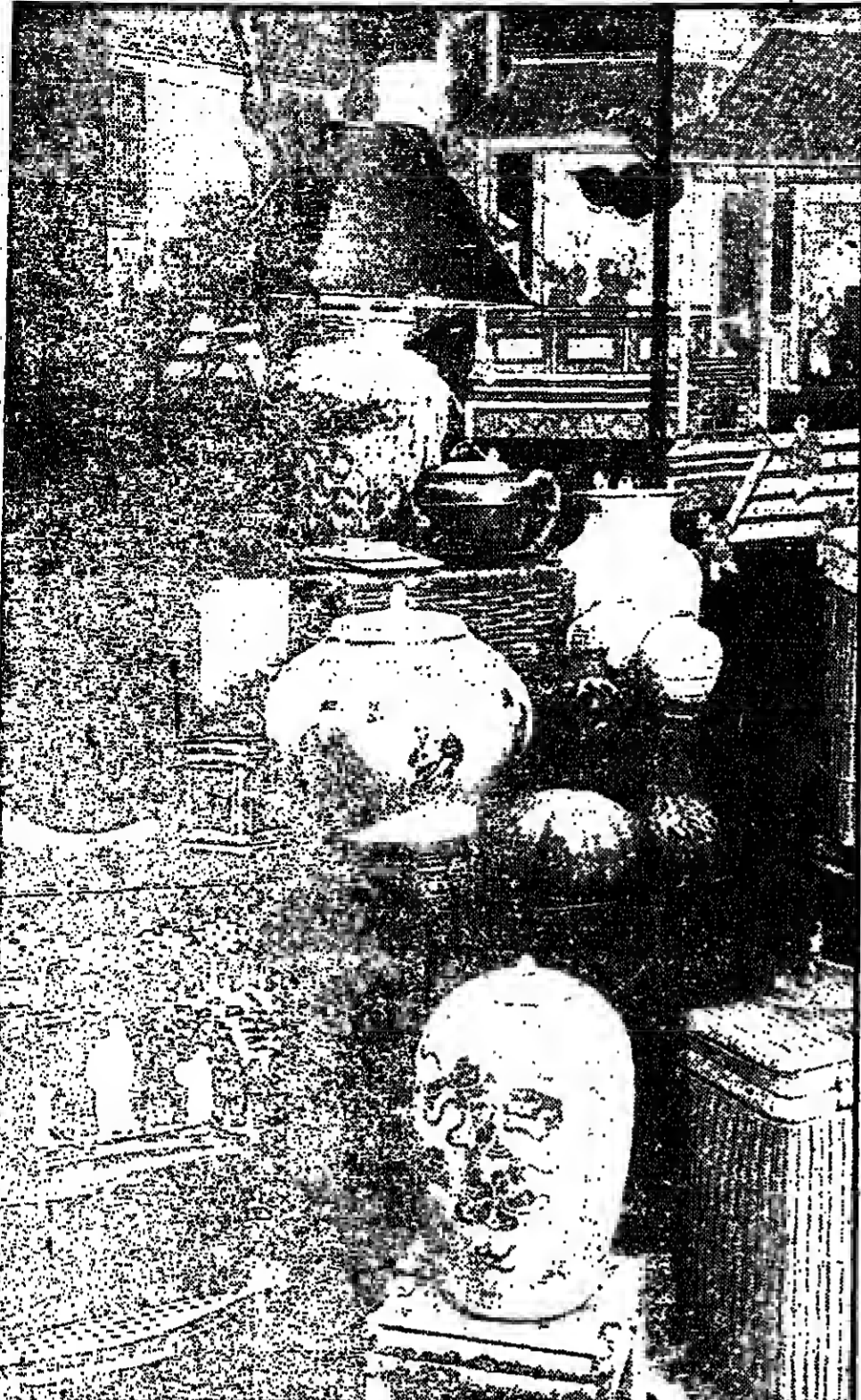
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# Lebanese Jets Attack Leftists and Palestinians After an Amb



Continued From Page 1, Col. 1  
The press service of the Lebanese Liberation Organization, charged that Government troops were fighting alongside Mr. Chamoun's militia.

The Palestinians have asserted for some time that the Lebanese Army has been intervening on the side of the Christian militia. The army has denied the charges. However, army armored personnel carriers and armored cars were seen today in positions south of the Beirut airport, effectively protecting the approaches to Damur.

The air force attack was reported in a military communiqué issued in the name of the Lebanese Army command. It said the attack was made after a convoy of seven vehicles had been ambushed by "a large number of armed men."

"Two air force planes intervened," the communiqué said, "and attacked the armed men who opened fire on a military force that came to the rescue of the convoy."

A Palestinian spokesman acknowledged that at least six armored personnel carriers had been seized in the ambush of the convoy.

Attack Visible in Beirut  
Witnesses in Beirut saw two jets, which appeared to be Hawker Hunters, streak south of the capital, turn to the east and then dive toward the hills that rise abruptly from the sea by Damur.

A series of explosions followed and the two planes repeated the same maneuver, apparently strafing and firing rockets. When the planes flew over Beirut on the way to the main air force base at Rayyaq, a hail of machine-gun fire erupted, apparently from the Palestinian refugee camp of Bourj Brajze near the International Airport.

As a result, the airport closed for a time and outgoing overseas telephone links were also cut. Another reason for closing the airport, which is surrounded by Palestinian and Moslem neighborhoods, appeared to be a report that all Palestinian camps had been put on full alert as a result of the air strikes.

A Palestinian spokesman acknowledged that anti-aircraft batteries in suburban Beirut camps had opened fire on the planes which, he said, had attacked positions in and around Damur. He said a jet fighter and a helicopter had been shot



The New York Times/Jan. 17, 1976  
Lebanese Air Force jets attacked Palestinians on road near Damur.

down, but the Lebanese denied this. The spokesman said that the joint Palestinian-leftist force, which besieged the town two days ago after a small Palestinian refugee camp northeast of Beirut had been captured by rightists, had taken "all of Damur."

This claim was contested by a spokesman for the right-wing Christian Phalangist Party, who said "our boys" were in control of the town. The rightist spokesman acknowledged that "infiltrators" had slipped into the town, but said the attackers had been repulsed.

Other accounts from the area indicated that the leftists and Palestinians had managed to take some ground but that Christian gunmen were still fighting.

The state radio reported com-

## Half of U.S. Population In 200 Years Still Alive

WASHINGTON (AP)—Of all Americans who have lived since the Revolution, more than half are still around. John Warner, administrator of the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration, notes that a decade after the country's birth, the United States' population, from the Atlantic to the Spanish settlement on San Francisco Bay, was a bit more than four million.

Census figures reveal that about 400 million people either were born here or have immigrated since then, compared with a current population of 215 million.

## Rival's Deal With Iran Puzzling Byoir Agency

By RALPH BLUMENTHAL

Executives of a large public relations agency that has been representing the Iranian national airline here expressed puzzlement and surprise yesterday over disclosures that Iran Air had signed a contract with a concern employing Marion Javits, wife of Senator Jacob K. Javits.

In an unusual situation for the public relations field, Carl Byoir & Associates says it was never informed of the contract with Ruder & Finn, Inc., employers of Mrs. Javits.

When the first news accounts came out this week, Joseph Orlando, an account executive at Carl Byoir recalled, "I said, 'it's a mistake.'"

Ruder & Finn engaged Mrs. Javits as a consultant and later as a senior vice president. David Finn, chairman of the concern, acknowledged in an interview that it was an unusual situation. But he said, "We are doing the broader cultural and information work to build travel" while the other firm was concentrating on the airline.

However a Carl Byoir executive who asked not to be iden-

tified said he had not seen any evidence of Ruder & Finn's long-range work so far. Carl Byoir began representing Iran Air on year's contract here last March, two months before the airline began service between New York and Tehran.

Last September, Mrs. Javits, who had previously worked as a consultant with Ruder & Finn on other accounts, and has been interested in Iranian affairs, registered with the Justice Department as a foreign agent representing Iran Air and the airline signed another contract with Ruder & Finn. The contract has been reported worth \$500,000. Mrs. Javits received a consultant's fee of \$67,500.

By registering as a foreign agent, Mrs. Javits complied with a 1938 Federal law, revised in 1966, that requires persons in the United States who act on behalf of a foreign government, company or individual to list their names with the Justice Department and file supplemental reports on their activities every six months.

## OPEC Shifts Two Meetings, Weighs Move Out of Vienna

Special to The New York Times

PARIS, Jan. 16 — The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries has decided to hold its next two ministerial meetings somewhere besides Vienna, and is considering moving its headquarters from that city, an official of the organization said today.

The spokesman, Hamid Zakeri, an Iranian, said by telephone from Vienna that no decision had been made on whether to pull out of the Austrian capital because this was a question ministers still had to decide.

Abu Dhabi had already offered itself as a new headquarters-site but Latin American and other non-Arab member states are not keen on a transfer that would identify the organization too closely with the Arab cause, informants said.

The decision to shift the next two ministerial meetings out of Vienna was made three weeks after six terrorists assaulted the headquarters and took 11 of 13 of the OPEC ministers as hostages.

There was said to be strong emotional objections by ministers, to returning, at least for the time being, to the site where they were forced at gunpoint to spend the night. An OPEC official, the bodyguard of the Iraqi minister and an Austrian policeman were killed during the raid.

Mr. Zakeri said that a pro-

posed fighting in the Damur area, in Beirut and the eastern suburbs, where a rightist siege of two Palestinian camps continued, in the eastern Christian town of Zable and outside the northern towns of Tripoli and Zghorta. But the radio did not mention the closing of the airport.

There were reports that the Air Force planes had replied to the anti-aircraft fire by attacking Palestinian positions, near the airport.

In May, 1973, Palestinian guerrillas and the Lebanese Army and Air Force clashed in the southern neighborhoods of Beirut, provoking a sharp reaction from Syria, which closed its borders with Lebanon.

The inconclusive clashes ended with a series of agree-

ments between the Lebanese Government and the guerrilla movement, intended to define the Palestinians' military presence.

Rightists charge that the guerrillas have since violated the 1973 agreements, as well as a similar set of accords reached in Cairo in 1969 after another showdown between the guerrillas and the army.

The factional fighting, which began last April, pitted Lebanese Moslems and Leftists against Christians, with the Moslems demanding a larger share of the political and economic power that is held by the Christian minority.

Christians have said that the Lebanese Government must first deal conclusively with the problem of the Palestinian presence. The recent attacks on

Palestinian camps is a stratagem to be part of a broader Moslem leaders today entered in the hill town of Beirut to discuss the situation also attending, besides Minister Karami, it was as Yasir Arafat, the leader of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

In a statement tonight Moslem leaders demanded immediate steps be taken to prevent any further ignominy for the house of the Mufti. The statement said strikes had taken place from Aramun and "not in the house of the Mufti, leader of the orthodox Moslem sect."

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the Lebanese Palestinian  
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### 10 Arrested in Madrid Raid; Plan to Widen Strike Charged

From Page 1, Col. 1  
some 75 others in Getafe for  
strike-agitation.  
The strike leaders freely ac-  
knowledge that their demands  
are political as well as eco-  
nomic. They want more money,  
they are seeking to defeat a  
Government hold on wage in-  
creases, and they are demand-  
ing free labor unions, free  
speech and assembly.  
"If we want more money,  
we need independent unions  
that can act and speak freely,"  
a leader said; "if this is politi-  
cal, then our strike is political."  
He and others dismiss infor-  
mal charges that it is all a  
subversive offensive against the  
Government. "We are not wage-  
ing a war," another leader said.  
"We are seeking democracy in  
the streets and in the fac-  
tories." All acknowledged that  
a few things had changed:  
There are fewer arrests and a  
few years ago they would not  
have been able to receive news-  
men in the official Syndicate  
building.  
But they complained that  
they were still being treated  
"like delinquents." Getafe is a  
bleak town in the Arid Plains  
south of Madrid. Right now  
it is bleaker than ever for it is  
estimated that half the work-  
force of 20,000 is idle because  
of strikes and lockouts.  
The strikers receive letters  
from company managers saying  
that the plants will be reopened  
if normal work is guaranteed.  
The workers say they want  
guarantees, too, such as rein-  
statement of dismissed workers  
and the release of those who  
have been arrested.  
In the meantime, the stale-  
mate continues, collections are  
being taken up and savings  
withdrawn from banks to meet  
the economic pinch. In Spain,  
there are no strike funds.

**Jet in Emergency Landing**  
HONOLULU, Jan. 16 (UPI)  
—A Pan American 747 jet with  
212 people aboard made an  
emergency landing early yester-  
day at Honolulu International  
Airport after a fire was dis-  
covered in the number three  
engine. A Panam spokesman  
said three persons were slight-  
ly injured when they evacuated  
the plane.

**REMEMBER THE NEEDLES!**

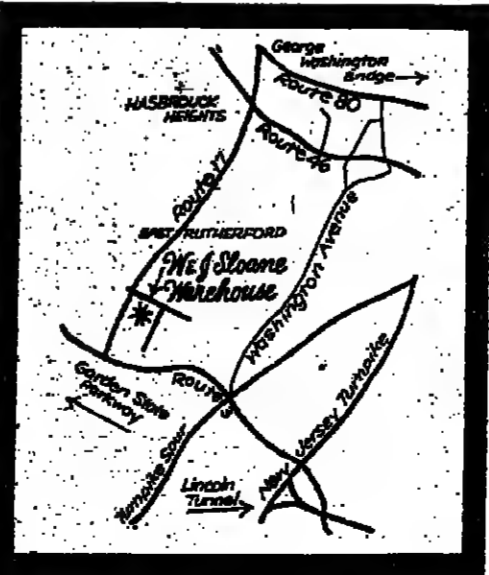
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### NOTICE OF A PUBLIC HEARING TO BE CONDUCTED BY THE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN OF GREATER NEW YORK ON A PROPOSED FILING OF A SUBSCRIBER RATE INCREASE APPLICATION

Pursuant to subdivision 2-a(b) of Section 255 of the Insurance Law of the State of New York, notice is hereby given that a two-session public hearing will be held by the Health Insurance Plan of Greater New York ("HIP") at Carnegie Endowment International Center Building, 345 East 46th Street, New York, New York, commencing at 10 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Thursday, January 29, 1976.

The primary purpose of the hearing is to afford HIP the opportunity to assess public attitudes and concerns in connection with its proposed filing of a subscriber rate increase application. The proposed filing involves increases made necessary by the rising costs of providing health benefits. HIP is proposing the following increases in its group subscriber rates which reflect the minimum premium necessary for continuing to provide benefits under the HIP program:

19.2% increase in subscriber rates of all group subscribers under age 65, effective March 1, 1976, with an alternative plan of an increase equal to 12%, effective retroactively to September 1, 1975. On January 1, 1977 the premium rates for all subscribers would be at a level equal to the 12% increase.

HIP is also proposing that its premiums for certain of its rider benefits be increased, again, to reflect increased costs of providing such benefits. These increases are as follows:

(a) Mental Health Rider—22% commencing March 1, 1976

(b) Supplementary Indemnity Benefits Riders for under age 65 and over age 65 subscribers:

1) A4 Rider—under age 65—provides benefits for anesthesia, increased emergency indemnity, private duty nursing, prescription drugs and appliances—20% increase commencing March 1, 1976

2) R2 Rider—over age 65—provides benefits for private duty nursing, prescription drugs and appliances—35% increase commencing March 1, 1976

HIP is not requesting any retroactivity with regard to its Rider Rate Increases.

Subscribers residing within the five counties of New York City and Nassau and Suffolk Counties are affected by this request for a Rate Increase.

Persons wishing to testify at the public hearing are requested to write to the Health Insurance Plan of Greater New York, Public Relations Office, 625 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10022. Such notification should include the name, address and affiliation of each person wishing to testify.

A summary of facts supporting the aforementioned may be obtained at the foregoing address upon request.

### TERRORISM CURBS ENACTED IN BONN

Fines and Jail Terms Set for Inciting to Violence

BONN, Jan. 16 (AP)—Measures to combat terrorism were approved unanimously today by Parliament, which set fines and prison terms of as many as three years for written or publicly spoken support of serious crimes.

Critics immediately expressed fears that the law would restrict freedom of expression.

Other provisions set three-year maximum terms for perpetrators of bomb hoaxes and those who publish instructions on how to make bombs or stage terrorist attacks.

Definition is Narrowed Before Parliament voted on the measure, the Opposition, the conservative Christian Democratic Party, said the new measures—they are in the form of amendments to the penal code—were not harsh enough.

A minority group in the ruling coalition of Social Democrats and Free Democrats took an opposite view, saying the measures restricted essential freedoms.

The two sides reluctantly approved the measures package after the coalition minority

group forced the Government to narrow the law's definition of "unconstitutional support" for grave crimes to writing public statements or other communications.

Parliament acted under pressure from a backlash on the part of rightist voters against bombings, kidnappings, political assassination and robberies by anarchist urban guerrillas such as the Baader-Meinhof gang. The Government said it believes these acts of terrorism were partly inspired by "utterances that propagate the use of violence."

Dutch Move Against Terror

THE HAGUE, Jan. 16 (AP)—The Dutch Government has announced the establishment of a small detective force, led by a special prosecutor, to trace terrorist crimes.

The announcement was made in a report from the Government to Parliament reviewing two terrorist acts by South Moluccan islanders here in the Netherlands last month.

For 17 days, South Moluccans held more than 60 Dutch and Indonesian hostages on a train near Beilen and at the Indonesian consulate in Amsterdam, at a total cost of four lives.

The government said there was "need for additional penal legislation enabling the Government to make punishable a conspiracy to commit serious offenses."

### Italian Paper Names Six in U.S. Embassy As Agents of C.I.A.

Special to The New York Times

ROME, Jan. 16—An Italian newspaper today published the names of six American Embassy officials whom it described as agents of the Central Intelligence Agency.

The list was the latest in a series published in Greece, England, France and elsewhere of American Embassy officials said to be working for the C.I.A. After the disclosure in Athens, unknown assassins murdered Richard Welch, the chief of station, in a shooting on Dec. 23.

The newspaper, La Repubblica, which says it is aimed at left-wing intellectuals, started publishing this week as Italy's first tabloid. It is a joint venture by Mondadori Editore, the large Milan publishing house, and L'Espresso, the mass circulation weekly magazine. The editor, Eugenio Scalfari, is a former Socialist member of Parliament.

The article said that the American Embassy in Rome included a "vast and secret" C.I.A. operation that functioned under the name of "U.S. Army Southern European Projects Unit." The embassy directory

does list such a unit, described by officials there as a group that handles administrative matters for the military.

La Repubblica said the unit employed up to 14 civilian agents of the C.I.A.

The C.I.A. has been receiving special attention in the Italian press since the disclosure last week in Washington of a clandestine operation to pay \$6 million to Italian politicians to bolster non-Communist forces because of the urge of the Communist Party, Italy's second largest. The political impact has been small so far, largely because most Italians did not find themselves surprised by the news.

Bishop Mugavero Appoints New Brooklyner Chancellor

Bishop Francis J. Mugavero has announced the appointment of the Rev. Anthony J. Bevilacqua as chancellor of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Brooklyn. Father Bevilacqua succeeds Msgr. James P. King, who will be installed as pastor of St. Mel's Church in Flushing on Jan. 23.

As chancellor, Father Bevilacqua will advise the Bishop on many aspects of canon law. The Rev. William A. Varvaro, assistant chancellor, will replace Father Bevilacqua as vice chancellor, a post the latter had held since 1965.

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This is how Saint Laurie's decision to sell direct in New York came about. If it makes you feel good, you can still pay up to \$275 for a Saint Laurie classic American, or European cut suit in some other city.

However, if you're in New York, you'll feel even better doing business with Saint Laurie... direct.

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## U.S. SAID TO IGNORE A CHEMICAL PACT

### Charged With Not Curbing Use of Toxic Substances Affecting Foods

By CLYDE H. FARNSWORTH  
Special to The New York Times

PARIS, Jan. 16—The United States has been charged with not living up to its obligations under what is in effect an international treaty to restrict use of a group of toxic chemicals and prevent them from entering the environment and contaminating the human food chain.

This was reported yesterday by officials of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development who noted that the United States and other nations in the organization had signed a commitment nearly three years ago to control the chemicals, known as PCB's, for polychlorinated biphenyls.

By poisoning fish, the substance enters the human food chain. It has caused liver cancer and reproductive failures in some laboratory animals.

Other nations who are major offenders, according to data collected by the environment secretariat of the western co-ordinating institution, are West Germany, Italy and Spain.

Among the countries that have undertaken the obligations of the pact are Japan and the nations of Scandinavia.

Had the United States passed the legislation envisaged under the organization commitment, the General Electric Company would be barred from discharging PCB contaminants from two capacitor plants into the Hudson River.

In New York, a spokesman for General Electric said that the company, under a permit granted a year ago by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency, was discharging about three pounds of PCB chemicals a day from the two plants, at Hudson Falls and Fort Edward, into the upper Hudson oort of Albany.

The permit, the spokesman said, allows the company to discharge up to 30 pounds of the chemicals a day.

The 24 organization member countries from Western Europe, North America and developed Asia signed a council decision on Feb. 13, 1973 to control the use of the chlorine-laced PCB's and are now exchanging information about what progress they have made.

An organization lawyer explained that a council decision, under the organization's rules of organization, "is the binding effect of a treaty."

Organization officials here were surprised by the terminology of Russell E. Train, head of the Environmental Protection Agency, in referring to the council decision in one recent statement as a "recommendation."

The council also adopts recommendations, but these are not binding on the members.

"I don't understand," said one organization specialist who asked not to be cited by name, "how the United States could solemnly make an agreement and at the same time not be in the position to carry it out."

A toxic substances control act has been bottled up in the Congress for five years, having run into intense industry opposition. But officials of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development said that the administration does not propose legislation to deal specifically with PCB control, especially since there is only one major American manufacturer of the substance, the Monsanto Chemical Company of St. Louis.

## Le Bronx Est en Haut Et La Battery en Bas

Special to The New York Times

PARIS, Jan. 16—New York City is not only a nice place to visit, but might even be a good place to live.

That is the unmistakable impression given in the Michelin Guide to New York City. The guidebook, Michelin's Paris office said today, has been designated as the official visitors guide to the city for the bicentennial year.

The English-language booklet, Michelin said, is intended mostly for use by Americans, or other visitors who can read English. The centennial printing is the company's fourth edition of its guide to the city, which it began publishing in French and English in 1968.

In Paris, the New York City guide sells for the equivalent of about \$3. Colloquial, Sometimes Elegant

Michelin is the French tire company that also publishes detailed maps and guidebooks.

The guide's author or authors are anonymous, but the 145-page book is written in clear, colloquial, sometimes elegant, English. Some New Yorkers and bicentennial visitors, however, may find that Michelin has glossed the social problems readily apparent in some parts of the city. While the guide is not intended to brighten, it has a few lines of caution.

It advises that the best way to see the city is on foot, but adds, "walking by one's set of night is less safe in certain areas, especially for women alone; reasonable precautions should be taken."

Harlem "seems a world apart, although only another section of Manhattan," the guide says. "The most lively areas in Harlem are along 125th Street between Fifth Avenue and Broadway and along 116th Street between Park and Lexington Avenues. Travel through these areas during the day."

The booklet notes: "Blacks have had to make a difficult adjustment to the urban environment and the requirements of the industrial economy. The black community has richly contributed to the character of the city. It has produced distinguished writers, playwrights and performers and the influence of rhythm and blues and of jazz is deeply felt on the American scene."

Post-Midnight Warning

"In general," the guide warns, "it is wise to avoid the parks after midnight." But for daytime strolls the booklet provides excellent maps and descriptions of Central Park, and notes that Lillian Russell rode a gold-plated bicycle through the park in the 1890's.

The Times Square scene is described as follows: "Here, jostling good naturedly for the most part, are representatives of all races, countries, states, classes and social conditions; side by side are native New Yorkers and 'hicks,' civilians and servicemen, rich, poor, young and old, black and white, forgetting for a few moments perhaps that they are supposed to be 'the looney crowd,' so great is the indefinable magic—the electricity—of the big city which holds them all in its grip."

The guide has praise for the other boroughs; Brooklyn is "a special world" with "a long and rich past." Queens is cited as the largest borough, named after Catherine of Braganza, wife of Charles II of Britain, the site of worlds fairs and Kennedy Airport. The Bronx is accurately identified as the only borough on the main-

land of the United States and the exploits there of Babe Ruth and Lou Gehrig and Joe DiMaggio are noted.

Staten Island's "country air so close to Manhattan may surprise the visitor," the guide says and recommends a ride on the Staten Island ferry, noting that the ferry line was "the start of Commodore Vanderbilt's fortune."

Generally, the city is described as: "Constantly changing its skyline and even its population, full of contrasts and paradoxes, strong neighborhood loyalties and local patriotism, loneliness in spite of crowds, toughness and cynicism mingling with sentimentality and soft-heartedness, essentially American but shaped by immigrants from a hundred lands. These are some of the elements which make up the unique human adventure of New York, whose challenge to the creative imagination is as great as that of life itself."

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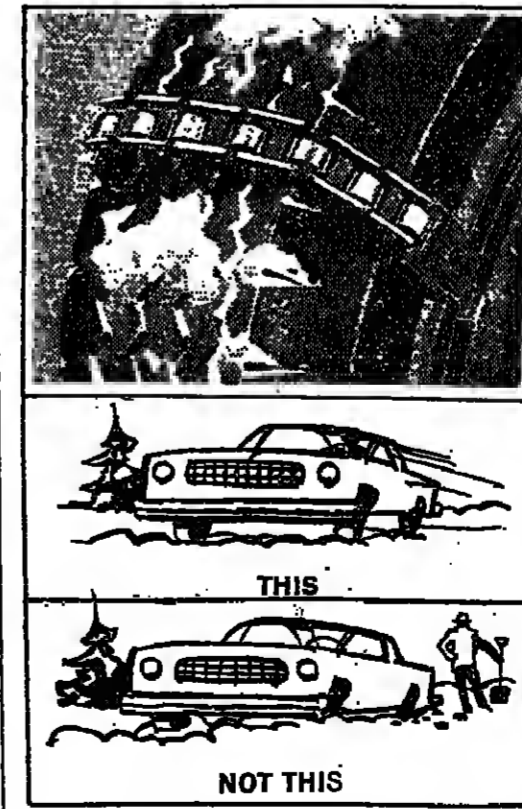
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**RICHIE**

# President to Propose Rise in the Social Security Tax

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

sectors of the population. An increase in the tax rate instead of in the wage base is considered regressive because the percentage of income taken by the tax, up to the maximum, is the same for all participants in the Social Security system regardless of income, and thus places a greater burden on those with lower incomes.

Widening the base increases the tax burden only for those at the upper end of the scale. Of course, an increase in the wage base also increases benefits for those at the upper end of the wage scale when they retire.

Mr. Ford had been indicating for some months that he would take action to adjust a long-term imbalance between Social Security outlays and receipts. In his State of the Union Message on Monday he is expected to warn that the Social Security System will be "bankrupt" within five to seven years unless remedial action is taken.

A White House aide reported today.

Democrats in Congress recognize that the gap between Social Security income and outlays must be closed, but they are likely to press for a further widening of the tax base as opposed to an increase in the rate. A compromise between the two approaches is possible, according to observers.

**Medical Care for Elderly**

The President also intends to ask that a ceiling be placed on the amount of money elderly Americans must pay for Medicare care under the Medicare program in any given year, the officials reported. They said Mr. Ford would propose a \$500 a year limit on hospital and nursing care and a \$250 a year maximum for doctors' fees.

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Now, Medicare patients pay the first \$104 of their hospital bills, with an additional \$10 for the first 60 days of hospitalization and \$28 a day of their hospital costs from 61 to 90 days.

However, elderly persons would be required to increase their contributions to Medicare under the President's proposal, the Administration official noted. They did not specify the size of the increase that would be required.

**Program for Jobs**

Last year Congress rejected a similar proposal by President Ford to put an upper limit on medical costs for Medicare beneficiaries along with an increase in the amount of money the recipients had to contribute. Last year's ceiling was proposed at a higher level.

But the Administration will again push for such a program, insisting it would end the nightmare of soaring medical costs for older Americans.

White House officials said that one of the President's most innovative proposals would be an accelerated depreciation of investments on plant, equipment and machinery by companies in areas of high unemployment.

The purpose of this program would be to speed up the crea-

tion of jobs and the reduction of unemployment by encouraging business and industry to accelerate their plan for expanding their current operations or building new facilities.

The program, under the President's proposal, would be limited to geographic areas of the country where unemployment is above a specified percentage of the work force. Companies making capital investments in those areas would be able to write off those investments at a faster rate than provided by current law.

Officials said that many industries, particularly construction, would be helped by the plan and would therefore provide jobs that might otherwise not be available for the next few years. They could give an estimate of how many jobs would be provided.

The officials also said that there would be no other major new programs to create jobs or stimulate the construction industry.

They said that a White House aide who reported last week that Mr. Ford would call for a public service employment program and a new housing program was incorrect. The aide, when asked about his report, conceded that he had been talking about funding of public employment and housing programs already in existence, not about new programs as he originally stated.

The plan for accelerated depreciation to stimulate job creation was described by experts as something new. The Federal Government, they said, has not before used business depreciation in selected geographic areas as a policy tool.

However, the proposal may be viewed with some skepticism by Democrats on Capitol Hill and others. One tax expert voiced the suspicion that the proposal might be intended less to create jobs than to further the avowed intention of the Administration to help the nation's business and industry accumulate capital for growth.

It was also pointed out that investment in new plant and equipment could also do away with existing jobs by creating more efficient, less labor-intensive production facilities.

In a speech today, the chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, Representative Al Ullman, expressed sympathy to the need of business and industry for help in capital creation through tax relief.

However, the Oregon Democrat said that new revenue sources must be found to offset losses in corporate taxes. The need for new revenues, he said, is "sharpened by the increasing cost of energy and inflation and unemployment to taxpayers. More and more people ask just how far the tax on personal income can be stretched. The payroll tax has been stretched to its limit."

In remarks prepared for a steel industry group in Pittsburgh, Mr. Ullman suggested that a nonregressive new tax source might be linked to "commercial transactions." He was not specific, but commercial taxes refer to such things as turnover taxes, or value added taxes.

In general, it was forecast, even by Administration officials, that the President's proposals in his Budget and State of the Union messages would not go sailing smoothly through Congress.

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## "VACATION SUGGESTIONS"

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## Force General Attacks Suspension

ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 16 (AP)—An Air Force general suspended yesterday for a flight of aircraft over a movie set, attacked the suspension in a "completely unjustified" statement.

Gen. Harry J. Huff said he was suspended for a flight of aircraft over a movie set, a reproduction of the Alamo was made in August 1975.

The general, who was in command of the 433d Tactical Airlift Wing at Kelly Air Force Base here, said he had been "temporarily relieved of his command pending the results of an investigation of flying regulations."

General Huff said that he was not "over-qualified" under this regulation. General Huff said, "Neither do I think that the movie facade of the Alamo reproduces a 'structure.'"

The 433d Tactical Airlift Wing is known as the Alamo Wing. The flyover was staged for a unit photograph.

General Huff was relieved of command by Maj. Gen. John W. Hoff, commander of the Central Air Force Reserve Region at Ellington A.F.B. in Houston, after the photo appeared in The Air Force Times.

General Huff, who has 15 days to reply to the charge, said that he had hired a lawyer to defend him.

## Nebraska Jurors Are Instructed Case Involving a Gag Order

PLATTE, Neb., Jan. 16 (AP)—A jury prepared today to decide the fate of Charles Simants, accused of murdering his wife, was instructed to ignore a gag order that forbids publication of the trial, which began with jury selection Jan. 5, of stories about the existence of a confession Simants, 20 years old, made to a state police investigator hours before he was arrested on Oct. 19, 1975.

Mr. Simants, portrayed by his public defender as a mentally incompetent psychotic who suffers from alcoholism and mental retardation, pleaded not guilty by reason of insanity to six counts of first-degree murder in the commission of, or attempted commission of, sexual assault.

The charges stemmed from the Oct. 18, 1975, shooting deaths of six members of the Kelly family, three of them children. Mr. Simants also was charged with raping Florence Kellie, 10, after he had killed her and with trying to rape her grandmother, Audrey Marie Kellie, 57, after she had been killed.

**DJ in Fire**

DALTON, Ga., Jan. 16 (AP)—A fire swept through a home here early today, killing a young mother, her two children and a child for whom she was baby-sitting. The police identified the dead as Mrs. Patricia Ann Blackwell, 19 years old; her two children, Angela, 4, and Bradley, 5 weeks; and William Clint Garcia, 2.

## PRESS CLUB BACKS TIMES ON GAG ORDER

The New York Press Club announced yesterday that it was supporting The New York Times' position that a gag order issued Thursday against a Times reporter was unconstitutional.

John Shanahan, chairman of the club's freedom-of-the-press committee, said that the club—whose members include reporters—would file a friend-of-the-court brief in support of the newspaper with the Appellate Division of State Supreme Court, Second Division.

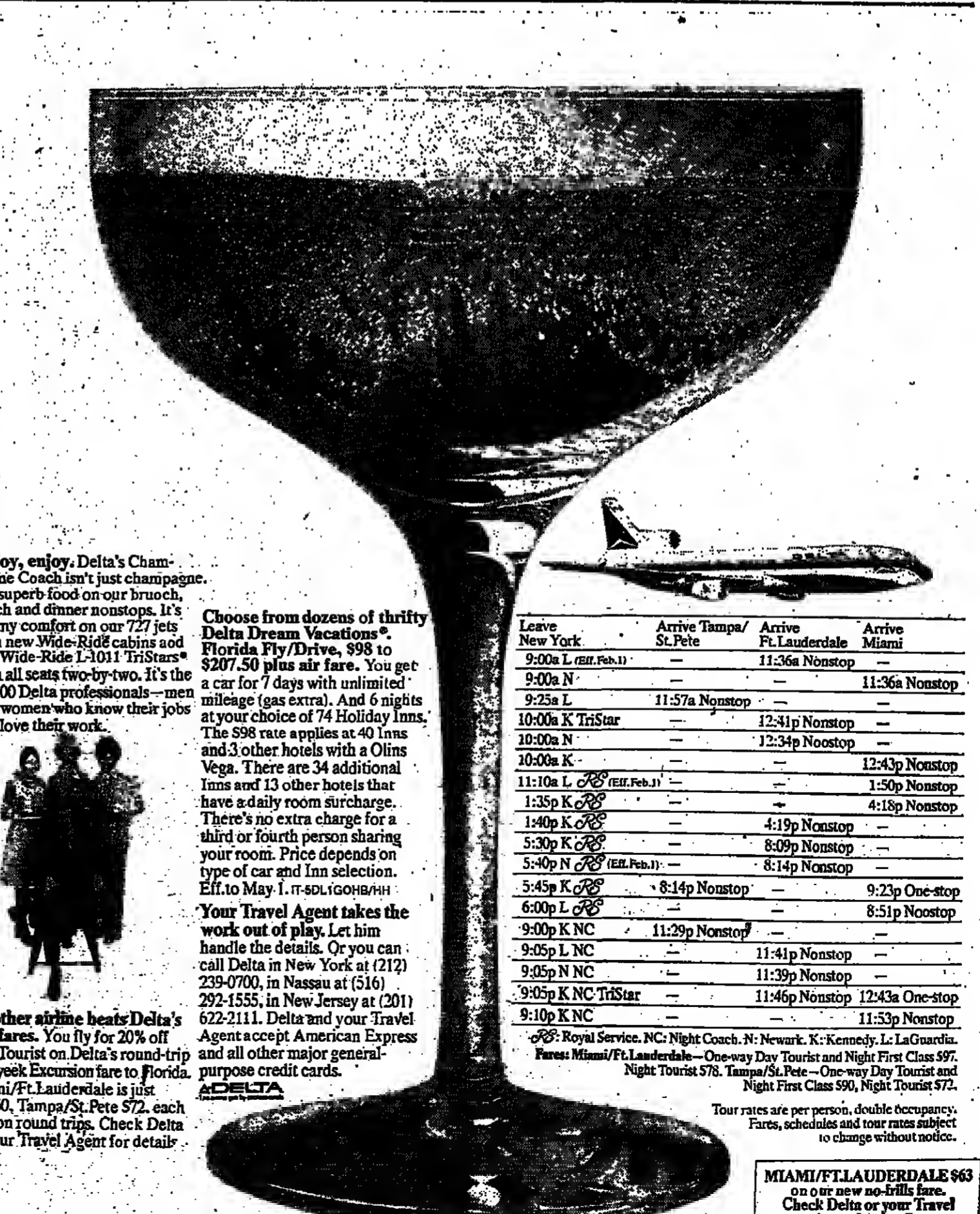
The Times is appealing the order in papers it will file Monday with the Appellate Division. The order was issued Thursday against Dena Kleiman, a reporter for the paper, by Justice John B. Starkey in State Supreme Court in Brooklyn. Justice Starkey is presiding over the murder trial of Robert C. (Sonny) Carson and five co-defendants. Miss Kleiman is reporting the trial for The Times.

Justice Starkey issued his order in an attempt to stop Miss Kleiman from reporting certain information about the backgrounds of the defendants. He said he would hold Miss Kleiman in contempt if the information was printed.

The Times has decided to publish the information on the ground that the Starkey order was unconstitutional and the information should be made public so that readers could fully understand the case. The trial will resume at 10:30 A.M. Monday.

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| 9:00a L (REL. Feb. 1)  | —                      | 11:36a Nonstop        | —               |
| 9:00a N                | —                      | —                     | 11:36a Nonstop  |
| 9:25a L                | 11:57a Nonstop         | —                     | —               |
| 10:00a K TriStar       | —                      | 12:41p Nonstop        | —               |
| 10:00a N               | —                      | 12:34p Noostop        | —               |
| 10:00a K               | —                      | —                     | 12:43p Nonstop  |
| 11:10a L (REL. Feb. 1) | —                      | —                     | 1:50p Nonstop   |
| 1:35p K (REL. Feb. 1)  | —                      | —                     | 4:18p Nonstop   |
| 1:40p K (REL. Feb. 1)  | —                      | —                     | 4:19p Nonstop   |
| 5:30p K (REL. Feb. 1)  | —                      | —                     | 8:09p Nonstop   |
| 5:40p N (REL. Feb. 1)  | —                      | —                     | 8:14p Nonstop   |
| 5:45p K (REL. Feb. 1)  | 8:14p Nonstop          | —                     | 9:23p One-stop  |
| 6:00p L (REL. Feb. 1)  | —                      | —                     | 8:51p Noostop   |
| 9:00p K NC             | 11:29p Nonstop         | —                     | —               |
| 9:05p L NC             | —                      | 11:41p Nonstop        | —               |
| 9:05p N NC             | —                      | 11:39p Nonstop        | —               |
| 9:05p K NC TriStar     | —                      | 11:46p Nonstop        | 12:43a One-stop |
| 9:10p K NC             | —                      | —                     | 11:53p Nonstop  |

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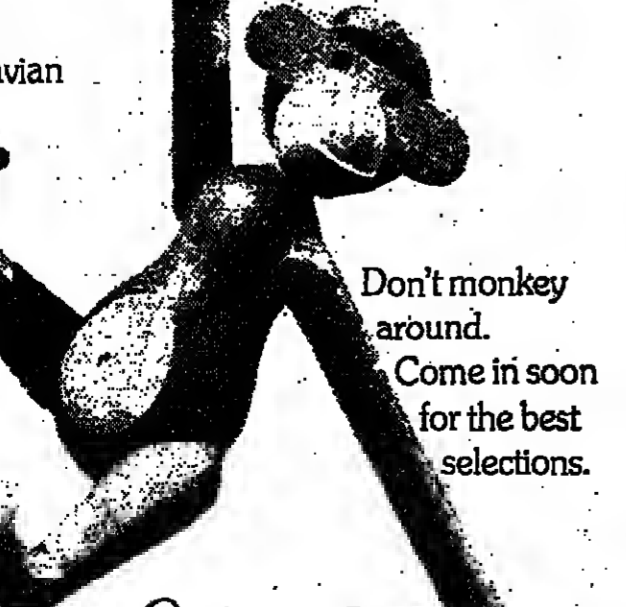
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# Heavy Rains Delay Play In Davis Cup

AUCKLAND, N.Z., Jan. 16 (UPI)—Heavy rains postponed today the start of the eastern zone Davis Cup semifinal between India and New Zealand until Sunday at the earliest.

Officials said the surfaces of the Stanley Street courts had not dried sufficiently to permit play. They plan to send up a helicopter tomorrow, using the downdraft of its rotor blades in an effort to dry out the court, which has suffered from a record January rainfall.

However, more rain is forecast for tomorrow and may further delay the start of the series. Australia, a 5-0 winner over Indonesia in the first semifinal at Hobart, last weekend, faces the winner of the New Zealand-India clash in the zone final at Brisbane starting Feb. 27.

**King's Cup to Britain**  
WASHINGTON, England, Jan. 16 (AP)—Buster Mottram, Britain's top-ranked player, swept aside Antonio Munoz of Spain, 6-0, 6-1, today and teamed with John Lloyd for a 6-2, 7-5 victory in doubles. The victories gave Britain a 2-1 match triumph over Spain in the opening round of the King's Cup tournament.

Lloyd earlier lost to Spain's 10th-ranked player, Angel Jimenez, 6-1, 6-4. (Reprinted from yesterday's late editions.) Smith, Riessen Gain INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 15 (AP)—Stao Smith defeated his doubles partner of 10 years, Boh Lutz, 6-4, 7-6, tonight and moved into the semifinals of the \$64,000 World Championship Tennis tournament.

Marty Riessen topped Allen Stone, 6-4, 6-3, in another singles match. Stone did not hold serve in the first set, and in the second he lost it in the first and ninth games.

**Nastase Triumphs**  
ATLANTA, Jan. 15 (AP)—Second-seeded Ili Nastase of Rumania coasted past Zeljko Franulovic of Yugoslavia, 6-3, 6-2, tonight in the opening round of the \$60,000 Phoenix Cup tournament.

Earlier, fourth-seeded Jan Kodes, just arrived from Czechoslovakia where his wife is expecting a child, defeated Karl Meier of West Germany, 7-5, 6-1, and Wojtek Fibak of Poland defeated Jiri Hrebec of Czechoslovakia, 6-4, 5-7, 6-3.

**Chris Evert Gains**  
HOUSTON, Jan. 15 (AP)—First-seeded Chris Evert of Fort Lauderdale, Fla., advanced to the quarterfinals of a \$75,000 Women's Virginia Slims tournament tonight with a 6-0, 6-4 victory over Kathy Kuykendall of Miami.

# Sports Today

**BASKETBALL**  
Adelphi at Hunter, 8 P.M.; Bloomfield at Durling, 8 P.M.; Penn at Niagara, 8 P.M.; Hartford at C.C.N.Y., 6 P.M.; Hartwick at Southern, 8 P.M.; Cornell at Champlain, 8 P.M.; WKCR, 8 P.M.; Detroit at Seton Hall, 8 P.M. (Radio) WSOU-FM, 8 P.M.; Iona at St. John's, 8 P.M.; P.P. King at NYack, 8 P.M.; King's (Pa.) Army, 8 P.M.; Manhattan at Siena, 8 P.M.; Monmouth vs Newark, Rutgers, 8 P.M.; Northeastern at Rider, 8 P.M.; C.W. Post at Hofstra, 8 P.M.; Quonipiac at Keon, 8 P.M.; Rensselaer at Concordia, 8 P.M.; Stony Brook at Sacred Heart, 8 P.M.; Shaw College at Old Westbury, 8 P.M.; Fairleigh Dickinson (Madison) 8 P.M.; Villanova at St. John's, 8:30 P.M.

Bucknell at Rutgers. (Television) Channel 5, 8 P.M.  
N.C.A.A. double-header. Pennsylvania at Oral Roberts and Vanderbilt at Kentucky (Television) Channel 4, 2 and 4 P.M., respectively.

Noire Dame vs Xavier, at Cincinnati. (Television) Channel 11, 1 P.M.  
Fordham at Lafayette, 3 P.M. (Radio) WFLV, 3 P.M.

**BOWLING**  
\$100,000 Invitation at Las Vegas, Nev. (Television) Channel 7, 3:30 P.M.)  
FIGURE SKATING at Broadmoor World Arena, Colorado Springs. (Television) Channel 7, 5 P.M., tape)

**GOLF**  
Phoenix Open. (Television) Channel 5, 5 P.M.)  
**HARNESS RACING**  
Roosevelt Raceway, Westbury, L.I., 8 P.M. (Television) Channel 5, 11:30 P.M.)  
Freehold (N.J.) Raceway, Noon.

**HOCKEY**  
Islanders vs. Atlanta Flames, at Nassau Coliseum, Unionsdale, L.I., 8 P.M. (Radio-WKCA, 8 P.M.)  
**NATIONAL BOAT SHOW**  
At New York Coliseum, Columbus Circle, 10 A.M.

**OUTDOOR SHOW**  
At Nassau Coliseum, Noon.  
**SKIING**  
New York jumping championships, at Bear Mountain (N.Y.) State Park, 2 P.M.  
**SQUASH RACQUET**  
United States Open championships, at University Club, 1 West 54th Street, 10 A.M.  
**THOROUGHBRED RACING**  
Aqueduct, Queens Race Track, 12:30 P.M. (Television) Channel 9, 6 P.M., tape)

**POLO**  
Yale vs. Harvard, at Yale Central, Central Avenue, New Haven, 2 P.M.

REMEMBER THE NEEDLE!

# People in Sports Nicklaus Is Honored As Golfer of the Year



United Press International Jack Nicklaus



Associated Press Patty Berg

Golf honored Jack Nicklaus, Patty Berg and Gary Player yesterday. Nicklaus was named the player of the year for 1975 by the Professional Golfers' Association and the Golf Writers Association.

Miss Berg, a veteran who plays occasionally on the women's tour these days, won the Ben Hogan Award, presented by the writers. Player received the writers' Richardson Award for consistent contributions to the sport.

Ed Morales, a 17-year-old San Diego high school football player, has sued his coach, St. Augustine High School, and its athletic director, William Griswold, in a \$750,000 damage suit. Morales contended that his coach, Ralph Godfrey, made him butt his head against stone wall during football practice. The suit asked for punitive damages and an unspecified amount for medical expenses.

Leonard Levin, the assistant public relations director of the New York State Racing and Wagering Board, and Sally Hauser, who works for the sales division of Lederle Laboratories, were married in Mineola, L.I., by Judge Paul Lawrence. It was the second marriage for both. The couple will make their home in Great Neck, L.I.

Mark Eysenart, the Utah State senior who won the National Collegiate and Amateur Athletic Union indoor and outdoor middle distance titles last year, will make his New York debut in the Millrose Games at Madison Square Garden on Jan. 30. Eysenart will compete in the 850-yard run in a strong field that will include Rick Wohlhuter. Eysenart broke Wohlhuter's two-year, 18-race winning streak last

year in an 800-meter event in Eugene, Ore.

Frank McGuire's underground subway between New York and South Carolina is as fast as ever. The one-time St. John's coach has coached Jim Graziano of Farmingdale (L.I.) High School, signing the two-time all-American to a basketball grant-in-aid scholarship.

"Obviously, we are really pleased to get a player of Jim Graziano's caliber," McGuire said of the 6-foot-9-inch, 230-pound prospect. Graziano will enter South Carolina in the fall. McGuire added, "He's the big man we've been searching for—very versatile, very talented." Graziano reportedly had been contacted by more than 300 colleges to sign a grant-in-aid paper.

Bob Roessler, the sports editor of the New Orleans Times-Picayune, has been elected president of the Professional Football Writers Association of America at the annual meeting in Miami. Roessler succeeds Larry Fox of the New York Daily News. John Steadman, sports editor of the Baltimore News-American, was elected vice president, and Dick Connor, assistant sports editor of the Denver Post, was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

Dave Anderson, a sports columnist for The New York Times, and Cameron Snyder of the Baltimore Morning Sun were named to at-large posts on the board of directors.

Ingemar Stenmark, the leader in skiing's World Cup competition, was named Sweden's athlete of the year in a poll of sports writers. Stenmark, 19, received 155 of the 268 votes cast. Bjorn Borg, the tennis star, was second with 63 votes. DEANE MCGOWEN.

# Killy Adds Spill to Run In Pocono Resort Debut

By MICHAEL STRAUSS Special to The New York Times

Olympics at Innsbruck, Austria, is less than three weeks away. Killy was asked what he thought of international ski racing as it is now being conducted. "I'm not happy with it," he said. "I believe the time really has come for 'open' competition, in which professionals can meet so-called amateurs just as in golf and tennis. As for the Olympics, as they are now being held, I would like to see more emphasis on sports than on making it an extravaganza." Asked whether he thought today's top performers in top international Alpine events (downhill and slalom) were as capable as when he was competing, Killy came up with a surprisingly frank answer. "I'm convinced there are two, Gustavo Thoeni of Italy and Ingemar Stenmark of Sweden, who are better than anyone we had when I was racing. Otherwise, the answer is 'No.' The Italian and Stenmark have given a new concept to slalom racing. Both change their weight in anticipation of the gates better than we did."

Killy, who has a tie-in with the Rolex watch concern and Le Trappeur ski boots of France, also holds the post of technical adviser for the K-2 Ski Company of Seattle. He recently came up with an interesting concept that may revolutionize recreational skiing.

U.S. Volleyball Victor ROME, Jan. 16 (AP)—The United States volleyball team defeated Turkey, 3-0, in a pre-Olympic tournament in Rome's Sports Palace today. The scores were 15-8, 15-8, 15-11.

High Tides Around New York  
Sandy Hook, Willits, Shinnecock, Fire Island, Montauk, New York, Long Beach, London.  
Roughly indicated by the following times:  
Jan. 17: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 18: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 19: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 20: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
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Jan. 22: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 23: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 24: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 25: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 26: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 27: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 28: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 29: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 30: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33  
Jan. 31: 7:36 8:05 8:54 11:26 11:33

# What's Sunday without the Sunday Times?

Unthinkable! See why this Sunday

**Super Sunday**  
Before you watch the game, get a solid preview in The Times Sports Section. You'll like the Views of Sport by Jimmy Breslin, Roger Kahn and cross-country star Marc Bloom, who says he hates the Super Bowl.

**Whittlin'**  
Was there ever a more relaxing hobby? It's fun, too, as thousands of new woodcarvers are discovering for themselves.

**Calculator Wizardry**  
Amaze your friends! If you have a pocket calculator, you can make it do some mysterious magic tricks. It's easy when you know how.

**Space Life**  
Thousands of people alive today might eventually live and work in space. What sort of life would it be?

**Country Inns**  
There's no shortage of inns in Connecticut. Finding an authentic one is as hard as finding handblown glass. It helps to know what to look for. And where to look.

**Philharmonic Sweepstake**  
At least seven conductors are good candidates for the job of music director of the New York Philharmonic. Find out who they are and sample their latest recordings.

**Religious Movies**  
There are films about religion, movies that use religion, pictures that exploit religion. But has Hollywood ever made a good religious film?

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Malbie G Leads Co

Pesky Foe

This Cow



Right Mind Choice In Aqueduct Mile

Right Mind returns from a one-month rest today to oppose five rivals in the \$54,700 Aqueduct Handicap at one mile.

Right Mind, a 5-year-old who started 32 times last year and reached four race victories, seven seconds and five thirds, was made the early 2-1 favorite.

Because he has not won a stakes race to date, Our Hero will be asked to pack only 115 pounds under the handicap conditions.

Hole in the Pants and Raise Hell and Hosiery, the outsider.

At Hialeah... Eustace heads a field of even 3-year-olds in the Hibiscus, the first stakes race of the winter season at Hialeah Race Course.

Eustace numbered a division of the Hopeful at Saratoga among four victories in seven starts last year and was fifth in the Arlington-Washington Futurity, two lengths behind Honest Pleasure.

Also entered in the \$25,000-added, six-furlong Hibiscus is Bold Laddie, twice a stakes winner last year but a poor performer in the Calder meeting that closed Wednesday.

At Santa Anita... California's top older mare, Tizna, and best filly, Raise Your Sides, finally are going to meet.

C. Herbert Kaufman's Dr. Emil, who won a division of the Lexington on the grass last season and took the discovery Handicap on the main track late in the year, was to be the highweight and probable favorite.

Maltbie's 130 Leads By Three



United Press International Jim Colbert, who posted 6-under-par 68 in second round of Phoenix Open.

Tokyo, Gay Style, Our First Delight and Mama Kall.

At Keystone... The stewards suspended Eugene Schwaiben, a trainer, for the rest of the meeting.

The stewards suspended Eugene Schwaiben, a trainer, for the rest of the meeting, which ends Feb. 1, and fined him \$250 for possession of "forbidden substances" found in his car.

Continued From Page 13... this, it will mean that we don't have the integrity to go through with our announced intention to institute economy.

But the Rev. Edmund P. Joyce, executive vice president of Notre Dame, made the final speech, asking the Division I members to reject the need proposal.

THURSDAY SCORES... Maltbie 130 leads by three. Other scores include: 1-10, 1-11, 1-12, 1-13, 1-14, 1-15, 1-16, 1-17, 1-18, 1-19, 1-20.

Big Colleges Vote Down Need Grant

Continued From Page 13... to receive more scholarship assistance.

Seven of the eight Ivy League institutions voted for the need proposal; Cornell, the eighth member, was absent.

Players Called Pros... Critics of big-power intercollegiate athletics have pointed to the full athletic scholarship as the thing that makes college athletes "professionals."

into financial trouble, they might swing it. They don't give up easy.

The last time the need issue was discussed by an N.C.A.A. convention, three years ago, it was soundly defeated.

Grant Limits Retained... In other action, attempts to increase the number of athletic scholarships permitted in various sports failed to pass.

Miss Dabrio First In Cross-Country... Doretta Dabrio of City College won the City University of New York's recent cross-country championship for women at Van Cortlandt Park.

swimming, 5 in tennis, wrestling.

Members hope to co the convention Tom They must consider increases in the lim traveling and home sq football and basketball must also decide what establish a major group of about 80 separate from the c 238 Division I insti and they may vote on er to conduct a major football championship off.

(Reprinted from yesterday's lat: Whalers Top Six HARTFORD, Jan. 15 —Tom Webster, a 19 scored in his 20th s game, with a goal and assists tonight and the New England Wha a 5-2 victory over th cinnati Stingers in t Hockey Association Webster now has 18 and 23 assists durin streak.

points, followed by City College with 51, Hunter with 59 and York with 60. Lehman runners placed fifth (Lulu Carney), sixth (Jewel Saindier), eighth (Mary Fake), 14th (Kris Becker) and 15th (Sarah Linnwin). Brooklyn College did not place because it entered only four runners. Five must compete to be counted in the team scoring.

Aqueduct Race Charts

Friday, Jan. 16, 13th day. Weather cloudy, track fast.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'THIRD-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'FOURTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIFTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SIXTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'SEVENTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'EIGHTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'NINTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'TENTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'ELEVENTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'TWELFTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'THIRTEENTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'FOURTEENTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

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Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'NINETEENTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'TWENTIETH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'TWENTY-FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'TWENTY-SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Roosevelt Resalts THURSDAY NIGHT

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'THIRD-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'FOURTH-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

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AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE Selling your car? To place your ad call OX 5-3311. Whatever you want in a car lease ALL-STATE has it...and for less. Call 212-937-7500.

Action Due Today on Civics' Fate. Lomenda and Francois Rochon, forwards, had been signed by the Indianapolis Racers. Gary McGregor, a center, has gone to the Cleveland Crusaders and Ralph Backstrom has moved to the New England Whalers.

Cars Wanted. WE BUY ANY MAKE, YEAR, AMERICAN OR FOREIGN CARS OVER BOOK PRICES PAID. Mercedes, Jaguars, Porsches, Volkswagens & Toyotas. Save hundreds of \$\$.

2000 CARS WANTED. NEED CARS FOR EXPORT 1963's to 1975's. Pay in Premium Prices. 435-3800. Brooklyn Auto Sales.

Station Wagons & Buses. BUICK 1975 STATION WAGON. CHEVY 1975 STATION WAGON. FORD 1975 STATION WAGON.

Top Cash. We Buy Everything. From Chevy to Rolls. Call 731-4300 or 583-1580.

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Haaren Coach On Probation

Olen Reeves, the basketball coach at Haaren High School in Manhattan, has been censured and placed on 2 1/2 years probation by the Public Schools Athletic League for taking his team off the court to protest referees' calls during a game with Hughes last month.

"It's a pretty stiff penalty," said Jack Kruegerman, the assistant director of the P.S.A.L. yesterday. "But now a coach will think twice before trying anything like this again."

Today's Entries at Aqueduct

Horses listed in order of post positions. Later declarations OTB listing.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Thursdays Fights

Los Angeles-Monroe Brooks. Jimenez, Mexico, 2 rounds, welterweights.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Thursdays Fights

Staten Island-New York. Ray Lampkin, 138 lbs. knocked out Alvaro Jimenez, Mexico, 2 rounds, welterweights.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

Thursdays Fights

Portland-Maryland. Larry Butler, 140 lbs. knocked out Joe Huston, 147 lbs., Lowell, Mass., 3 rounds.

Table with columns for race number, distance, time, and horse names. Includes entries like 'FIRST-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M' and 'SECOND-57,000, 4YO and up, 1M'.

SALES AND LEASES. 2 Ave. (57th) 248-6700. 11 Ave. (49th) 586-0780. 1965 Jerome 751-5700. ROLLS ROYCE. RALLYE MOTORS. CITROEN MASERATI 73. CORVETTE 73 SS4 Coupe. DATSUN NEW 75-76. SAAB. EXCALIBUR 74. MERCEDES BENZ 1975 450SE. MERCEDES BENZ 450SL 73. PEUGEOT 71 504. PORSCHÉ 1962 WHITE.







# Dance: A Pas de Trois

By CLIVE BARNES

The greatest Danish dancer ever played around with ballet on a Spanish omelette by the Danish composer, Hans Christy Andersen. The feature of the two ballerinas pretend mirror images of each other, each of them, Harald Lander has called his ballet "The Wind and it has retained a least in the Danish repertoire the revised version devised in the present day, eight years ago the ballet-master, Lander, revived it for the Milan Opera Ballet.

from the famous dance, the other element of great note in "A Pas de Trois" is a pas de deux recognized as one of the masterpieces of the Danish style. Last year, Ballet Theater's anniversary gala, Erik staged this pas de deux by Rudolf Nureyev, Gregory and himself. interest here, in a way, is the original pas de deux as for two women. Mr. Bruhn said it but with such that one would like to know the difference.

gala. Mr. Bruhn was injured and therefore dance his planned. However, when the made its first official appearance in the American theater repertoire at the Theater on Wednesday, all the variations place.

a slight piece, and I am sure that it is further its masculine position or its removal ballet itself. In the ballet it has a certain charm, but in context, it lacks in both musical

## 7 GOLDEN GLOBE AWARD NOMINATIONS

Including "BEST PICTURE," "BEST ACTOR" - AL PACINO  
"BEST DIRECTOR" - SIDNEY LUMET

## "ONE OF THE YEAR'S 10 BEST FILMS!"

—National Board of Review  
—Peter Falkner, Motion Picture Magazine  
—Bob Schmeidler, WASH Radio  
—James Schmeidler, Family Circle  
—Walter Sweeney, WOR Radio  
—Herman Schmeidler, After Dark  
—William Taylor, Newsweek Newsprint  
—William Wolf, Cue Magazine

## AL PACINO in DOG DAY AFTERNOON

4th SMASH WEEK at a FLAGSHIP theatre near you!

**AMERICAN 2**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 1**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 3**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 4**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 5**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 6**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 7**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

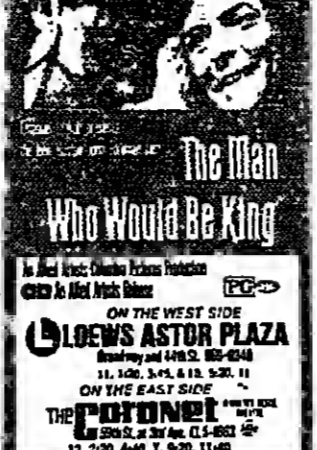
**AMERICAN 8**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 9**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 10**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

## A HAPPY PIECE OF HOKUM

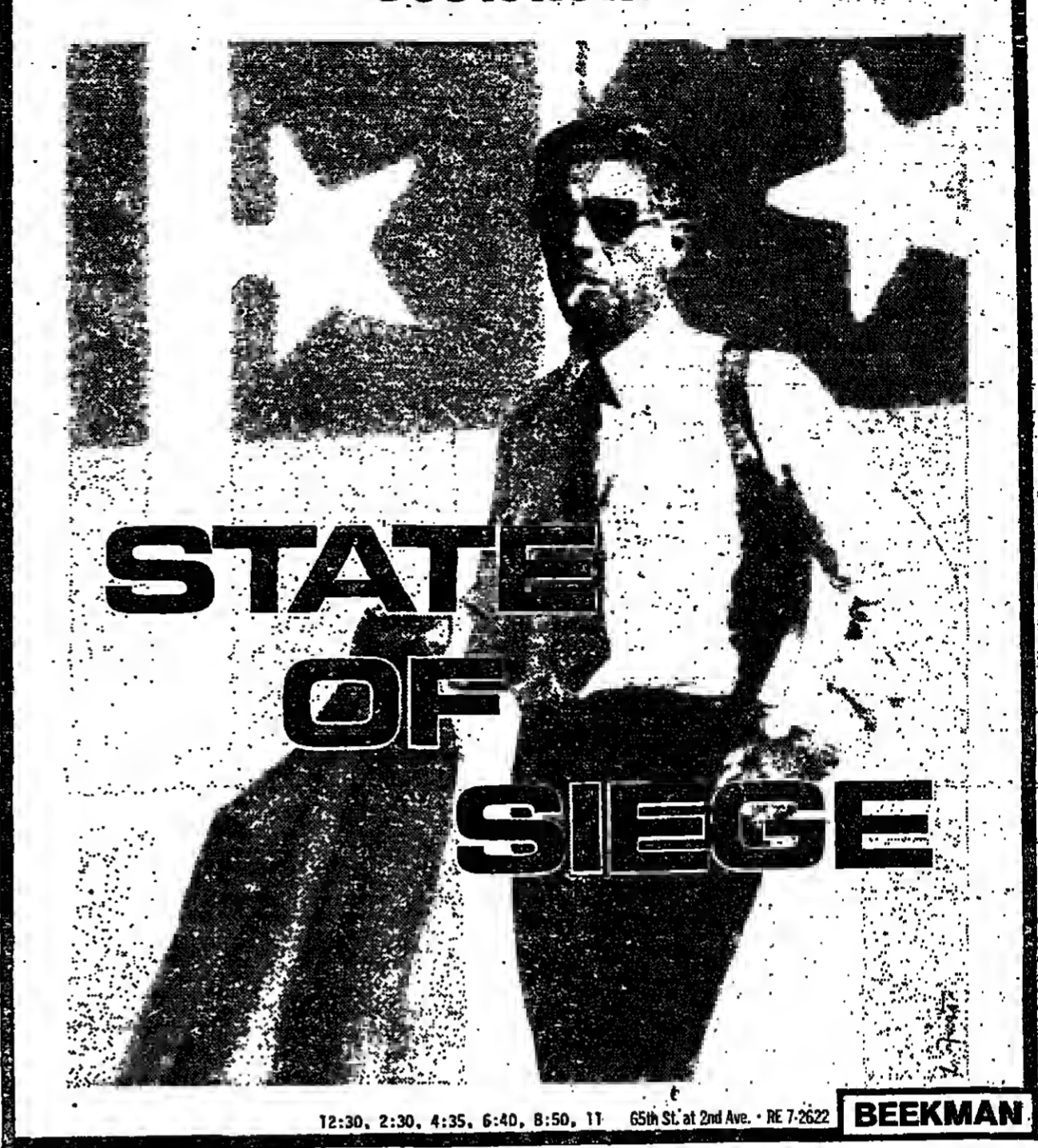
DERRING-DO AND ENTERTAINMENT



## THE MAN WHO WOULD BE KING

ON THE WEST SIDE  
**LOEWS ASTOR PLAZA**  
11, 1:30, 4:45, 8, 10:30, 11  
ON THE EAST SIDE  
**THE PLAYERS**  
12, 2:30, 4:45, 7, 9:30, 11:45

# In 1973, the CIA called it propagand.



12:30, 2:30, 4:35, 6:40, 8:50, 11 65th St. at 2nd Ave. RE 7-2622 **BEEKMAN**

## GOING OUT Guide

**FOR TWO** — Tom lyricist, and Harvey composer, creators long-running "The Dick" and other musicals, will be featured tomorrow at 3 P.M. in a program of the "Musicians Series" at the State Theater, 115 West 82nd Street. He will be introduced by Curt Leviant, professor of Hebrew literature and chairman of the Hebrew department of Rutgers University. Admission is \$5, and \$2.50 for students and senior citizens.

**SOUNDING OFF** — The Roseland Coffeehouse in the University Church, at 4 West 76th Street (off Central Park West), is a regular Saturday-Sunday evening haven for folk and folk-rock music concerts, with the entertainment primarily by aspiring composers and singers. Tomorrow is a gala concert planned for tonight, from 8 to 12 o'clock, with proceeds going to the establishment of an entertainment center of nine performers—Andy Polon, Larry Lewis, John Guth, Lury Holstet, White & Ramos, Jim Zimmerman, Peter Assail and Adrienne Belinger. Tickets are \$2.50 in advance (886-8001) and \$3 at the door.

**DIFFERENT SOUND** — The uptown Bloomingdale House of Music, with its regular Sunday afternoon classical concerts at 4 P.M., along with sherry and biscuits and a post-performance reception, today is featuring a recital by Jeffrey Israel, guitarist, and Daniel Apostolidou, on the recorder, in works ranging from Handel to Villa-Lobos. Admission is by contribution. The address is 323 West 108th Street. More information: 663-9021.

**KEYS** — In his first tour of the United States, the Russian pianist Lazar Berman makes his New York debut with the Brooklyn Academy of Music, 30 Lafayette, Lukas Foss is conducting a program of Tchaikovsky and Stravinsky. Tickets are \$3.50 to \$6.50. Reservations: 636-4100. Arthur Mackenzie's piano recital tomorrow at 3 P.M. at Carnegie Hall will salute the Bicentennial with works of a rarely heard American composer, Benjamin Franklin no less, and Louis Moreau Gottschalk. Ticket are \$2 to \$8.

For Sports Today, see Page 12  
**HOWARD THOMPSON**

## Family Matinee



## "JERRICO THE WONDER GLOW"

**MATINEES ONLY! TODAY & TOMORROW**

**AMERICAN 2**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 1**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 3**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 4**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

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**AMERICAN 9**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

**AMERICAN 10**  
12th St. at 7th Ave. 12, 3:30, 7, 10:30

## THE STORY OF O

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## SEDUCTION OF MIMI

12, 4, 6, 8

## LOVE & ANARCHY

2:25, 6:05, 9:40

## 3 DAYS OF THE CONDOR

3:30, 5:35, 7:45, 10

## THE STORY OF O

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## THE FINE ARTS

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## MUSIC HALL

"THIS MOVIE IS SUPER ENTERTAINMENT!"



## "THE NATIVITY"

12:30, 2:30, 4:35, 6:40, 8:50, 11

## You demanded it! 2nd BIG week!

"A MARVELOUS MOVIE FOR CITY KIDS." Kevin Sanders/WABC-TV

## GRIZZLY ADAMS

LIMITED ENGAGEMENT NOW AT A THEATRE NEAR YOU

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|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| <b>MANHATTAN</b><br>BEVAN WEST<br>34th St. at 5th Ave.<br>JULY 12 | <b>BROOKLYN</b><br>PALACE<br>12th St. at 3rd Ave.<br>JULY 12 | <b>BRONX</b><br>REVERLY<br>179th St. at Broadway<br>JULY 12 | <b>QUEENS</b><br>COLLEGE<br>63rd St. at Broadway<br>JULY 12 | <b>ROCKAWAY</b><br>EAST ROCKAWAY<br>107th St. at Broadway<br>JULY 12 | <b>WESTCHESTER</b><br>YONKERS<br>230th St. at Broadway<br>JULY 12 | <b>WILSON</b><br>WILSON<br>100th St. at Broadway<br>JULY 12 | <b>WYCKOFF</b><br>WYCKOFF<br>100th St. at Broadway<br>JULY 12 |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|

## "BEST FOREIGN FILM"

ISABELLE ADJANI

## THE STORY OF ADELE H.

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## THE STORY OF ADELE H.

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## THE STORY OF ADELE H.

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12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## LINA WERTMULLER'S ALL SCREWED UP

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

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12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## LINA WERTMULLER'S ALL SCREWED UP

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## "BEST PICTURE" — "BEST DIRECTOR"

"Pure cinema. Its aching beauty will wipe you out."

## BARRY LYNDON

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## BARRY LYNDON

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## BARRY LYNDON

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

## Entertainment Events Today

**Music**  
ROBERTSON OPERA, Lincoln Center, 12:30  
PHILHARMONIC, Lincoln Center, 8:00  
NEW YORK CITY BALLET, Lincoln Center, 8:00

**Dance**  
AMERICAN BALLET THEATRE, Dyer Theater, 8:00  
NEW YORK CITY BALLET, Lincoln Center, 8:00

## THE STORY OF ADELE H.

12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

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12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10





### Mayor of San Juan Is Honored By a Puerto Rican Forum Here

By DAVID VIDAL

It so happens that at the time of the urban crisis a Puerto Rican was right up there," said Hiram Cintron of the National Puerto Rican Forum Inc., adding, "and he was vocal in supporting Federal aid for New York City in the fiscal crisis."

Mr. Cintron was speaking about Mayor Carlos Romero Barcelo of San Juan, P.R., who last year became the first Puerto Rican to hold the post of president of the National League of Cities of the United States Conference of Mayors.

Mayor Romero served a one-year term, which ended in December. As president of the organization, which represents 15,000 American municipalities of every size and political persuasion, Mayor Romero was the chief spokesman for the nation's cities.

Forum Honors Mayor  
Yesterday, Mayor Romero was in New York to be honored because of that by the Forum, one of the oldest and most influential self-help groups within the Puerto Rican community.

The occasion, which included a banquet at the Americana together with some of the most prominent and active members of the Puerto Rican community here, but also served to underscore the deep stake that Puerto Ricans have in the future of the city—be they in San Juan, New York or in the 30 other communities across the nation where they number at least 5,000.

These communities include cities as varied as Boston, Milwaukee and Honolulu. "We all have a stake," Mayor Romero said yesterday, speaking not only of Puerto Ricans but also of all other citizens.

Problems Called Similar  
The Mayor, who is a 43-year-old lawyer with degrees from Yale and the University of Puerto Rico, said that San Juan and New York in some ways are similar.

"The problem is very similar. The tax base of corporations and businesses and the people with the largest homes tend to leave the city and settle in the outskirts," he said.

Two loans to Bernard Bergman that had been called "questionable" by a Congressional subcommittee were described yesterday as current and "in accordance with safe and sound lending practices" by Federal banking officials.

They were testifying before the Subcommittee on Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs of the House Committee on Government Operations.

The loans to the nursing-home operator totaled more than \$4 million and were made by the Washington Federal Savings and Loan Association of Manhattan. Washington Federal was the subject of the hearing, held in the Federal Customs Court. The loans were for construction of two nursing homes, one in the Bronx and one in Staten Island, which never opened its doors.

Officials of the Federal Home Loan Bank, which supervises saving and loan associations, said the loans were not and never had been in default.

The subcommittee chairman, Representative Benjamin S. Rosenthal, Democrat of Queens, chided the Home Loan Bank officials for what he described as lax supervision of another Washington Federal loan—to the developers of the Village Mall Townhouse in Bayside, in his congressional district.

Because the developers had failed to get a sewer easement, Mr. Rosenthal said, the project was halted and more than 100 people who had made deposits on apartments lost \$600,000.

Puerto Rico's capital had a population of 820,000 to the 1970 Census and projects a \$100 million budget for the current fiscal year. New York has a population of eight million and a budget of about \$12 billion. Still San Juan ranks among the 50 biggest cities in the country. Founded in 1521, the city lays claim to be the oldest city in the United States.

More than half its 1970 population held white-collar jobs according to the census, but 40.5 percent also lived below the poverty level.

Fire, police, education, and transportation services are all provided by the central commonwealth government.

"But this doesn't make it any easier for the Mayor," Mr. Romero says. "The Mayor is at a loss to do things which he wants to do; New York has a lot more autonomy over it."

Some Political Rivalry  
Compounding this problem, the Mayor says, is the political rivalry between himself, a just-declared candidate for Governor on the statehood ticket, and the incumbent Governor, Rafael Hernandez Colao of the pro-Commonwealth Popular Democratic Party.

"We did have some trouble with persons thinking this was all political," said the forum's director, Mr. Cintron, referring to the banquet being given for Mayor Romero in an election year.

"But it is just that he has been an active participant in the urban crisis. It was originally planned for December," Mr. Cintron said. "It was originally planned for December."

Mr. Cintron said that the forum, founded in 1957 by concerned members of the community, is a nonprofit organization with a budget of \$1.6 million this is made up from donations, and Federal and Private grants for a wide variety of self-help, leadership, and training programs for Puerto Ricans. The forum has been instrumental in the founding of several groups, such as the Puerto Rican Research and Resources Center, whose offshoot, Universidad Boricua, is the first Puerto Rican university on the mainland.

Mr. Foidin's spokesman issued a delicately worded statement that first described the Anderson report as "an impressive and generally well-documented product," but then took direct issue.

The controller said the information supplied by his office on the city's cash needs and sources for the rest of the fiscal year, which ends in June, "remains correct." This showed the city with a slight positive cash balance of \$11 million until next June 30, rather than a \$408 million shortfall.

In their report, the Anderson accountants said their findings were based on information furnished "by various city officials" with no audit made of the information.

In the body of the report, the concern appeared to cast doubt on what it said were the assertions of "city staff personnel" expecting the \$408 million to be on hand by way of "earlier receipt" of funds for certain Federal and state aid as well as the deferral of the budget effect of certain cost disallowances until later years. This was not otherwise explained, nor were the "city staff personnel" identified.

The Comptroller's Office released the data it supplied to the Anderson accountants on two sheets that made no doubtful reference to the expected revenue supply available for repaying the Federal loans. The Comptroller's projections were that the expected \$890 million in short-term Federal loans in this fiscal year will have been repaid on time by June 30.

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### CITY CITES ERROR IN FISCAL CRITIQUE

Differs With Data of Study on Plan by \$400 Million

By FRANCIS X. CLINES

City officials yesterday asked a private accounting concern hired by the United States Treasury Department to correct what they say is a \$400 million error in the company's critique of the city's fiscal health.

Officials of the City Comptroller's office felt sure enough of their position to request formally a "clarification" from Arthur Andersen & Company, the accounting concern, regarding a major contention of its critique, that the city's financial plan will have a shortfall of \$408 million this year despite the emergency measures taken thus far.

Reginald L. Jones, a partner of the Andersen concern who met yesterday with Comptroller Harrison J. Goldin, said that "we think our report stands on its own." He said the basis for the company's findings were "city staff figures," but he declined to comment on such questions as whether there might be a clarification or further discussions with city and Treasury officials.

The issue is a delicate one, since the city does not want to be viewed in the position of snapping back at the hand that is feeding it—the Treasury Department apparatus that is administering the \$2.3 billion Federal loan program authorized by Congress.

But the matter was serious enough to be pressed, according to city financial officials, who were dismayed to see the Anderson report spark a reevaluation of criticism of the city's fiscal condition at a time when City Hall was striving to project a reformed posture.

The Andersen concern was hired by Treasury Secretary William E. Simon to advise the Federal agency on its financial and accounting matters related to the administration of the emergency loan program for the city. On Tuesday, the Treasury Department released the company's criticism of the city's three-year emergency plan, but also announced that the loan program was being continued.

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### Art: Architectural Drawings at the Met Form the Most Elegant Show in Town

By JOHN RUSSELL

There isn't a more elegant show in town than "Architectural and Ornament Drawings" at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Its elegance owes much to the fine judgment of the late John McKendry, who made it his business during his years at the Met to strengthen the museum's holdings of stage designs, imaginary architectures and freehand inventions of every kind. Such things rhymed with his own allusive and fanciful nature. He loved them, and as usual happens they came to him as if by some mysterious process of mutual attraction.

Where ornament drawings were concerned he continued the policy formulated by A. Hyatt Mayor in 1946. Mr. Mayor goes on record in the catalogue as believing that "such drawings often achieve the perfection that is sometimes attainable in the decorative arts, but never in the more complex overtones of the expressive arts." In this belief he piled up an impressive collection. It is not, as he himself says, one to leave us emotionally drained, but it takes us into the artistic milieu of 18th-century Italy

in ways that are often rewarding. Not all of us, for instance, know the name of Carlo Bianconi. But Bianconi is one of Mr. Mayor's protégés, and he turns out to have been a vigorous penman who was right in the center of things in Bologna, leaving his mark as an officer of the local academy, as an authority on the city's artistic heritage, as an archeologist and as the son of the man who entertained Winckelmann on Wöckelmarm's first visit to Italy and therefore helped to effect a significant swing in European taste. These are small things, and they are not uninteresting things, and they are typical of the more ornamental section of this show (which will be on view at the Met through March 14).

The show also reminds us of the exceptional utility of the decorative arts that could be reached when one man sat in every seat at once and knew just what he was doing. An example is the case of G. B. Foggini (1652-1725), who had absolute authority over court architecture, court sculpture, court furniture and court jewelry during the last 50 years of Medici rule in Florence. Ideas just poured out of Foggini—some of his drawings at the Met cram as many as eight projects on a single sheet—and if some of them look rather facile, who can wonder at it?

The flow of feeling is altogether richer and stronger when we turn from these wistful notions to drawings for theaters and stage sets and imaginary cities to which a whole world is forced into being. One of the supreme casualties of the European theater was the opera house in Nancy, which was designed by Francesco Galli Bibiena for Leopold, Duke of Lorraine, in 1708-9. Like that other most grievous casualty, Bibiena's Teatro Filarmico in Verona, this theater would have been one of the great

attractions of European travel: as astonishing in its field as the Residenztheater in Munich or the opera house that was designed by Bibiena's nephew in Bayreuth long before Richard Wagner had been heard of. There is therefore a particular poignancy about the wonderfully exact and loving designs for the theater in Nancy that are part of the show at the Met. That this theater was torn apart piece by piece and finally destroyed in 1818 was a great loss for France.

Those particular drawings are as precise as anything in this season's Beaux-Arts exhibition at the Museum of Modern Art. We can lift the velvet curtain, feel our way through the shadows, test the rise of the staircases. A great professional was on the top of his form in these drawings, and it is because of the primeval feelings of the Europe of the day that Nancy was passed from power to power until the theater just fell apart from misuse.

Readers who know the city of Turin and its surrounding countryside will have recognized in Filippo Juvarra (1678-1736) a man who could make magic with pen, ink and paper and see to it that that magic turned into reality. The hunting lodge of Stupiglio near Turin is so consummate an achievement that we find it hard to believe that Juvarra had no formal training in architecture. Whatever touched him touches us, and one of John McKendry's most signal achievements was the purchase in 1969 of an album of drawings by Juvarra that had been quite unknown until three years before.

Only one page from this album can be shown at a time, but the Met has whipped up a series of photographs that give an idea of the wit, the cleverly and the versatile ambition that were the mark of Juvarra in his 20's. He could design anything: a villa, a coat of arms, a clock, an urn, a sarcophagus. Of course he borrowed; but what he borrowed he made his own, with a quick light

touch that conveys the exhilaration of youth and the conviction that he could do just about whatever he wanted to do.

The whole show stands for that kind of self-assurance. When Leonardo Marini designed a calling we feel that his hand was guided by an angel from heaven who didn't have too much up top but certainly knew how to draw. Even Canaletto—a stiff-jointed fellow, if ever there was one—drew near to rococo in the architectural fantasy that was one of Mr. Mayor's earliest purchases.

An exception to all this is the grand and severe design by Carlo Fontana for the facade of SS. Faustino and Giovita in Rome; this plain-spoken sheet forms an ideal point of departure for the feast of wit and fancy that follows.

Among other exhibitions: Edward Avedisian (Robert Elkon Gallery, 1063 Madison Avenue at 81st Street) (this is his 13th show at Mr. Elkon's); the mac to run out of Not only do his pal (unframed, on canvas hangs on the wall like ened cowhide) have a forced fluency, but b moved into sculpture forms look like iron b usually are in Styrofoam. In formal terms the tures do not hang as very well, but Mr. Avedisian keeps the conversation with paint so a brushed and spatters; we never stop to ask tions. The subject mat his paintings has und metropolitan connot; and we are at liberty them in terms of town; subway maps, urbanist tifs of all kinds, but again the seductive makes us sign up fo ride and not feel sold at the end of it. Th Feb. 4.

Design for a palace facade by Giuseppe Jordani included in the exhibition called "Architectural and Ornament Drawings," at the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

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### U.S. Banking Aides Approve of 2 Loans Made to Bergman

Two loans to Bernard Bergman that had been called "questionable" by a Congressional subcommittee were described yesterday as current and "in accordance with safe and sound lending practices" by Federal banking officials.

They were testifying before the Subcommittee on Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs of the House Committee on Government Operations.

The loans to the nursing-home operator totaled more than \$4 million and were made by the Washington Federal Savings and Loan Association of Manhattan. Washington Federal was the subject of the hearing, held in the Federal Customs Court. The loans were for construction of two nursing homes, one in the Bronx and one in Staten Island, which never opened its doors.

Officials of the Federal Home Loan Bank, which supervises saving and loan associations, said the loans were not and never had been in default.

The subcommittee chairman, Representative Benjamin S. Rosenthal, Democrat of Queens, chided the Home Loan Bank officials for what he described as lax supervision of another Washington Federal loan—to the developers of the Village Mall Townhouse in Bayside, in his congressional district.

Because the developers had failed to get a sewer easement, Mr. Rosenthal said, the project was halted and more than 100 people who had made deposits on apartments lost \$600,000.

Mr. Rosenthal also criticized the Home Loan Bank board for what he said was permitting savings and loan associations to make preferential loans to their directors.

Three directors of Washington Federal, he said, received loans at preferential rates, including Elite Abel, dean of the Columbia University Graduate School of Journalism. Mr. Rosenthal said Mr. Abel had obtained a \$60,000 mortgage at an undisclosed but lower-than-normal interest rate.

Mr. Abel was reported to be out of the country and could not be reached for comment yesterday.

Frank Lietz, president of Washington Federal, said all employees, officers and directors got a quarter-of-a-point reduction in interest for mortgages on homes in which they planned to live. This practice, he said, is permitted under Federal banking regulations.

Estate Value at \$1,970,000  
CINCINNATI, Jan. 16 (AP)—The widow of a former Defense Secretary, Mrs. Mary Camilla McElroy, left an estate of \$1.97 million when she died last Aug. 14, court records show. Her husband was president of the Procter & Gamble Company here and Secretary of Defense under President Eisenhower. She left the bulk of her estate to her three children.

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## GUY DILL

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APPLICAZIONE

APPLICAZIONE

# Diverse Pictorial Eloquence of Motherwell

**HILTON KRAMER**  
 Forty-odd years ago, Robert Motherwell was one of the youngest members of the developing New York School—a painter, writer, and theorist who was instrumental in the very beginning of the abstract expressionist movement, in formulating the ideas and attitudes that governed its artistic practice. Today, at 60, he remains one of our most creative figures.

As an editor, he is responsible for the valuable, multi-volume "Documents of 20th Century Art" series published by the Da Capo Press, a series which eventually included his own selected works, as well as a revised edition of his classic anthology, "The Dada Painters and Writers." This series, which has been brought up to date by the addition of Robert Rauschenberg and Jasper Johns, is a secure, if not a definitive, place in the art history of our time.



Robert Motherwell's "The Spanish Death" acrylic on canvas, at the Knoedler Contemporary Art Gallery.

As a painter, it is as a painter that Mr. Motherwell's primary claim to attention, and he now makes that claim with such energy and imagination as ever. His frequent return to the subject of the Spanish Civil War, indeed, to the height of his power, is his latest show—only to be seen (through Art 19 East 70th Street) as one of his best. It is always worked in a pictorial mode, but some of them express in which great eloquence of feeling is combined with cultivated intelligence. A present exhibition, from five years ago, is a single example—of paintings based on a remarkable series of poems he produced as a commentary on the Spanish Civil War called "Ala" by the Spanish artist Rafael Alberti. The work is an immense scale, measuring 108 by 108 inches, and is a work of a squarish, open "T" in black at the top of the picture and a white and black, almost abstract, painting that represents a minimalist meditation on pictorial process, with a sense of sensuality more conscious intelligence is one of the most important pictures in this series.

SP: expressionist in its of feeling is another represented in this the monumental "Ele" the Spanish Republic, has been a major component of Motherwell's work—the late 1940's.

Appropriately somber and austere in their black forms, these paintings strike the deepest tragic note to be found in Mr. Motherwell's work. To the three new paintings on this theme, all produced last year, the artist has now added an eloquent variation in the form of a bold black and white picture called "The Spanish Death." Of the 17 pictures in the exhibition, more than half are collages combined with painting. It is in the collage medium that Mr. Motherwell has always been most elegant. For it, he has reserved his most extravagant flights of color, and here again he easily seduces the eye with the splendor of his invention. Among the new collage paintings, "Red R with Orange Stripes" is as fine as anything he has ever done in the medium—a work that stands beside the masterpieces of the genre.

Here, then is not only a strong and moving exhibition, but impressive testimony to the creative continuity of a great career. Elsewhere in our culture, perhaps, F. Scott Fitzgerald's famous dictum about there being no second act in American life may sometimes hold true, but it certainly does not apply to Mr. Motherwell, who stands today—and not least of all on the basis of his new work—as one of the most accomplished of living artists.

Other exhibitions this week include the following: Guy Dill (Page, 32 East 57th Street); in his second one-

man show in eNew York, this young California sculptor demonstrates once again that he is one of the most interesting artists of his generation. Two very large free-standing constructions continue in the mode of his first exhibition, and one of these—an untitled work of glass, metal and painted wood—is an especially impressive addition to the sculpture of geometrical constructivism. It would be surprising if this work did not very soon pass into a museum collection.

Most of the new work, however, consists of wall reliefs in a related geometrical style. In these, the rectangular forms of metal, glass and wood are placed on the wall in a more explicitly pictorial manner; at times, indeed, they seem to constitute the abstract equivalent of a still-life. Color plays a very discreet role, in these wall pieces, further emphasizing their pictorial quality.

If not for the horizontal bar, or rather that "fasten" each work visually to the wall it occupies, at the same time that it articulates its three-dimensional character, the sculptural faculty would scarcely enter into our experience of these constructions. But they, too, add something sleek to the constructivist tradition.

Alfred Jensen (Page, 32 East 57th Street); Mr. Jensen's paintings, while very handsome to look at, have always been something of a mystery. Apparently based

on meditations about metrical systems, they appeal to the eye on the basis of colorful gridlike patterns that resemble boards for games we have never heard of, and therefore do not understand.

Into these grids are introduced numbers, which are likewise handsome as visual forms but totally obscure in meaning. Does it matter that the conceptual scaffolding of the painting is nowhere made clear to the uninitiated viewer? Does the initiated viewer find something "deeper" in all this visual dazzle? Clearly, Mr. Jensen is the kind of abstract painter who feels a great need to have a definite, if hidden, subject for his work, but the work itself only succeeds in keeping that subject securely beyond our reach.

VanDeren Coke (Schoelkopf, 825 Madison Avenue at 69th Street): In this exhibition of photographs, consisting for the most part of unique prints, we are in a realm of poetic association and darkroom artifice. We meet the ghosts of many old photographs in the concrete particulars of Mr. Coke's own ones, for he adapts these old images to his own uses, making a new negative from an existing positive, and then subjecting the image to a "flashing" process similar to solarization.

The result is often a sleekly nostalgic, if somewhat eerie, combination of surrealism and old-photo-album art. We are certainly persuaded that the darkroom is a natural medium for the creation of surrealist incongruities.

There are many arresting images to be seen in this show—and one of the strongest is Mr. Coke's "Ambrotype of My Great-Grandfather" (1973), a gravure rather than a unique print—but one is nonetheless bothered by the thought that the basic objective here is lacking in a fresh idea. Are we ever destined to see the entire history of surrealist art recreated in the darkroom?

Orange Juice Standards WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The Agriculture Department says it is relaxing its orange juice standards effective Feb. 17 to permit use of a United States Grade A label on some juice that is too pale to qualify for an "A" rating at present. Thomas E. Crider, an official in the department's Agricultural Marketing Service, said, "The fact is, we have scientific data to show that there is no difference in nutritional value except in Vitamin C—which is greater in the paler juice."

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Books of The Times

Ode to the Chicago That Was

By PAUL GOLDBERGER

LOST CHICAGO. By David Lowe. 241 pp., illustrated. Houghton Mifflin. \$30.

Even the most chauvinistic New Yorkers are accustomed to conceding Chicago a firm, if grudging, respect so far as architecture is concerned. The Second City long ago earned the right to be considered America's first city of architecture, and from here, as our own legacy of buildings disappeared at a pace that seemed forever to be accelerating, Chicago with its plethora of buildings by Sullivan, Wright, Burnham and Root and Holabird and Roche seemed like the place that set the standard for treating architecture right.

Alas, it is not precisely so, and while it is of little comfort to the New Yorker to realize the Chicagoans have been as wanton in the destruction of their city as New Yorkers have been in the destruction of theirs, such is the case. David Lowe documents the Chicago that has disappeared in "Lost Chicago," an elaborate and handsome volume that is as much an ode to the city as it is a work about landmarks and their role in the urban fabric. But it serves well to remind us that the nation's architectural capital has been the scene of some of the most thoughtless and unnecessary acts of demolition committed anywhere in recent years.

Mr. Lowe has departed somewhat from the format of Nathan Silver's 1967 volume, "Lost New York," which was the general model for "Lost Chicago." Mr. Silver's book was essentially an essay on the role of architecture in a city, with New York's lost landmarks as a case history, whereas what Mr. Lowe has done is attempt to explain the city itself. It is a somewhat more ambitious assignment, and he does not entirely pull it off. But the result is, nonetheless, intelligent and immensely pleasurable to read.

Warm but Not Sappy

Mr. Lowe, now an editor here, is a third-generation Chicagoan, and his love for his native city is evident on every page of his book. His prose is rich and almost overflows into sentimentality, but he stops short every time and manages the difficult task of being warm without being sappy, loving without being infatuated. The text's chapters chronologically relate the history of the city, from its origins as a trading post to its growth as a national center of commerce to its more recent history, which Mr. Lowe chooses to see as a decline.

Mr. Lowe views Chicago as the ultimate American city and rightly observes that it, more than New York, was the great metropolis for Americans of the heartland. New York was a bit too foreign, a bit too sophisticated; Chicago was what their own cities would have had they grown as big. In an excellent chapter on the role of the railroads had in making Chicago, Mr. Lowe observes that "It was not of New York that the inhabitants of Peoria and Mattoon and Kokomo and Goshen and Cedar Rapids and Blooming Prairie thought when the cars went by at night, lit up, affording tantalizing glimpses of flashing silver and cut flowers and sparkling glasses of ice water. For nearly a century the trains would be a brilliant advertisement for Chicago, would draw to it like a moving magnet the young men and women of the towns and hamlets."

In between the chronological history chapters are portfolios of photographs of Chicago structures that have disappeared. There is some material that will be a surprise to readers not well acquainted with Chicago's history, such as the section on the Greek Revival buildings that filled the city before the great fire of 1871 and much that is familiar but of no less interest, such as sections on the great office buildings, houses and theaters of the city.

Chicago, like New York and most other American cities, has lost numerous examples of decent, if not distinguished, 19th-century and 20th-century structures. Often this has been inevitable, and often the old buildings went to make way for something equally good in their place. For this reason much of what Mr. Lowe includes, while there are a few real pains to be felt here as well, such as Henry Ives Cobb's great Federal Building of the 1890's, an elaborate classical jumble with a truly noble 300-foot-high rotunda, demolished in 1965-66, and Louis Sullivan's Stock Exchange of 1894, a masterpiece of the Chicago School and thus a vital building in terms of the history of American skyscraper architecture, demolished in 1972. (The loss of the Stock Exchange is particularly regrettable since it was a case of real-estate greed, pure and simple. It happened too late for inclusion in Mr. Lowe's book, but not long ago the skyscraper that was built on the site of the "economically unviable" Stock Exchange went bankrupt.)

Romantic Visions

Mr. Lowe devotes a chapter to the Chicago School, and here, unfortunately, he gets somewhat carried away by his romantic visions. He sees the modern architects of Chicago—Louis Sullivan, Dankmar Adler, John Wellborn Root and others—as the carriers of that new, pioneering, profoundly American spirit that was Chicago. There is much truth to that view; the problem is in how the author tries to explain away the failure of the Chicago School to dominate American architecture.

Chicago modernism was eclipsed by the wave of interest in the Beaux Arts and in historicism in general that followed the spectacularly successful World's Columbian Exposition of 1893 in Chicago, the famous "white city" of classically inspired architecture. To Mr. Lowe the Beaux Arts architects are the villains, crushing the Chicago spirit and, as Sullivan wrote, setting back American architecture 50 years. The author notes that most of the architects of the Exposition were Easterners, aided and abetted by Chicago's architectural entrepreneur Daniel Burnham, a figure who was nowhere nearly so simple as Mr. Lowe makes him out to have been. At one point Mr. Lowe comes right out and tells us that Chicago was destroyed by New York, the nation's esthetic arbiter: "Its architecture had already been dealt a fatal blow by the Atlantic coast's Beaux Artistes."

The author never seems to consider that Chicago was as much a victim of its own success as anything else. In its heyday it was young, not too large, and still, for all of its big-time qualities, essentially a prairie city that could indeed yield creative mavericks like Sullivan and Wright. The newer Chicago, the corporate Chicago, came not from New York but from the city's own success—as it grew, it inevitably lost much of that frontier spirit that had made it tough, and it came to generate from within some of the effete characteristics of older, bigger places like New York. Mr. Lowe's belief that Chicago is lost leads him to ignore the importance of Chicago's recent architectural history, made vital by such figures as Mies van der Rohe, Bertrand Goldberg and the firm of Skidmore, Owings and Merrill. For ironically, in spite of the foolish destruction of so much of what made it great, Chicago remains a deeply exciting, moving city.

It is understandable that a book that exists to talk about the past should ignore the present—but the limitation is sad as well, for this book comes so close to working as a real history. It is just one that stops abruptly, at just the point where Mr. Lowe's romantic vision pales.

Joanne Chesimard Is Acquitted In Robbery of a Bank in Queens

Joanne D. Chesimard, who has been called the "soul" of the Black Liberation Army, was acquitted yesterday of participating in a \$7,700 armed robbery of a Queens branch of the Bankers Trust Company on Aug. 23, 1971.

It was the third acquittal for the 27-year-old Miss Chesimard. She won her first one on charges of taking part in a bank robbery in the Bronx in 1972. Then, late last year, she was acquitted in State Supreme Court in Brooklyn on a kidnapping charge.

But Miss Chesimard did not go free yesterday when the Federal jury of seven women and five men acquitted her after seven hours of deliberation. She was taken to Rikers Island, from which she is expected to be transferred next week to Middlesex County, N.J., to face a murder charge. She is accused in the killing of a New Jersey state trooper during a shootout on the New Jersey Turnpike on May 2, 1972.

Miss Chesimard also faces a murder charge in Brooklyn. According to a spokesman for District Attorney Eugene Gold, she was one of a group of persons that held up a social club at 1510 Broadway, Brooklyn, on Jan. 2, 1977. A man named Richard Nelson was killed during the holdup.

Supporters who jammed the courtroom in Federal Court in Brooklyn yesterday broke into cheers and applause when the verdict was announced. Miss Chesimard clutched the arm of her lawyer, Stanley Cohen, then turned to the crowd and called out, "I love you all."

Shortly after deliberations began at 6 P.M. Thursday, the jury asked to see all the photographic exhibits taken from pictures made by surveillance cameras during the robbery at the Bankers Trust branch at 77-01 31st Avenue in Jackson Heights on Aug. 23, 1971.

Four of the six persons who allegedly participated in the holdup were shown on the photographs. The prosecutor, Paul

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Senate Unit Sets Hearings On Intelligence Legislation

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Senator Abraham A. Ribicoff, Democrat of Connecticut, announced today that the Senate Government Operations Committee would begin hearings next Wednesday on legislation to reform and control the United States intelligence community.

Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, and two other members of the special panel, Senator John G. Tower, Republican of Texas, and Howard H. Baker Jr., republican of Tennessee.

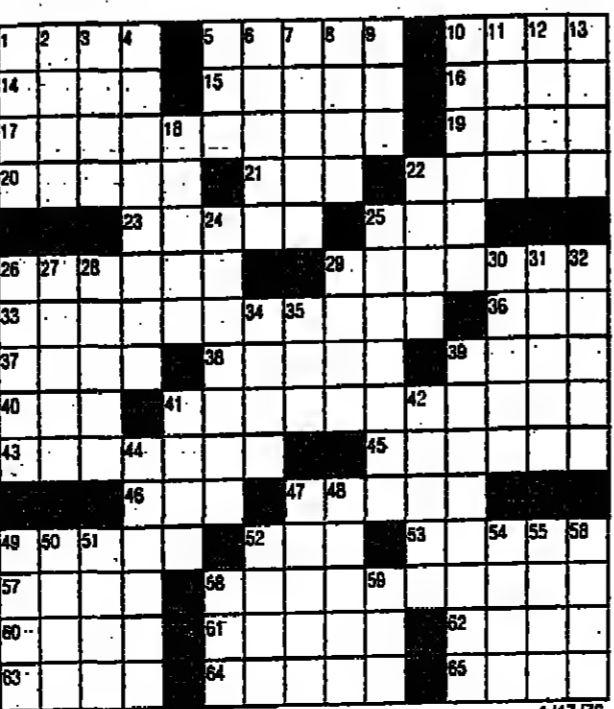
The Church committee, which has been exchanging ideas with the White House on reform legislation, is still drafting its legislative proposals. Committee sources said they expected a recommendation to create a new mechanism for overseeing the Central Intelligence Agency and other intelligence units of the Federal Government.

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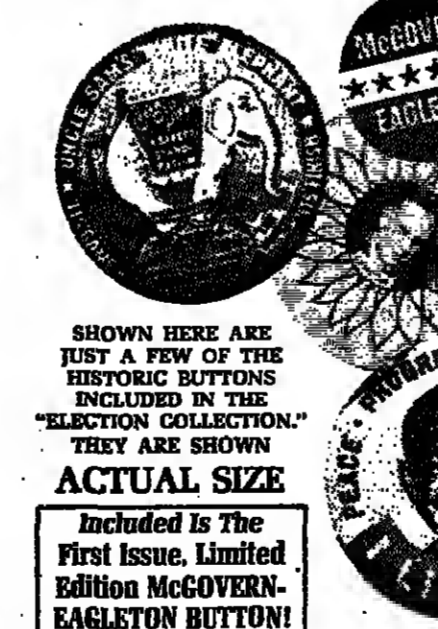
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- ACROSS
1 Large umbrella
5 Do the Gretna
10 Exchange
14 Way off
15 Carpenter's joint
16 Window feature
17 Cruellers
19 Maintain
20 Caesar's ditch
21 Determined
22 Gangs
23 Restless
25 Write hastily, with "down"
26 Moroccan port
28 Police officer of India
33 Do a Shakespearean bit
36 Call—day
37 Caen's neighbor
38 Internal sense-datum
39 From—Abbrev.
40 Greek vowel
41 Retail container
42 Played a huge
43 Bestows praise
46 Settled
47 Large book
49 Mecca's region
52 Tome: Abbrev.
53 Olive browns
57 Caesar's wife
58 Large salamander
60 Emma's prop
61 Nostalgic film or record
62 O.T. book
63 Vows—Abbrev.
64 —up (fills the tank)
65 Desires
DOWN
1 Fish-landing hook
2 Hairodo
3 "—ouil"
4 Fortified settlement
5 Common abbrev.
6 Hold back
7 In tune
8 Man of letters
9 Naval officer: Abbrev.
10 Helot's land
11 Whitecap
12 Once more
13 Staff: Abbrev.
18 Bayonet plant
22 Appear
24 Lawn game
25 Shameless woman
26 Plus item
27 Reached
28 —a-Dale
29 Leave in the lurch
30 Likewise
31 Eniwetok, e.g.
32 Levels
34 Type-metal space
35 Nasser's creation
39 Legal expert
41 Interrogate
42 Chemical compound
44 Dazzling reflections
47 Collapses
48 Kukla's friend
49 Cronyn
50 Thruway sign
51 One-iner
52 Southern constellation
54 Roofing tool
55 City on the Aare
56 Casa ladies: Abbrev.
58 Barnyard animal
59 College degrees



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## Mission to Moscow

The decision to have Secretary Kissinger visit Moscow next week to seek a breakthrough in the deadlocked strategic arms limitations talks (SALT II), despite the fast-deteriorating Angola situation, is soundly based. While strains on any front must unavoidably hinder negotiations on other issues, the mutual Soviet-American interest in dampening down the nuclear arms race separates it from all other aspects of their limited adversary relationship.

"We have never considered the limitation of strategic arms as a favor we grant to the Soviet Union, to be turned on and off according to the eb and flow of our relations," Mr. Kissinger said Wednesday. This was an admonition to such Administration critics as Ronald Reagan; but the more important question is how far the Ford Administration—and the Brezhnev Administration in Moscow—are prepared to challenge their military advisers in curbing the buildup of new nuclear weapons.

The irony in the SALT II deadlock is that it concerns two weapons of secondary importance and yet threatens the vital limitations on the primary weapons of destruction that were agreed in principle at Vladivostok in November 1974.

The Vladivostok accord would limit the strategic ballistic missiles that could destroy both countries in 40 minutes. The Soviet Backfire bomber and American cruise missile that have taken center stage in the recent SALT controversy are slow, subsonic delivery systems that, under any realistic agreement, would only add marginally to the overkill both sides already possess.

Most important, both Backfire and the cruise missile are second-strike rather than "first-strike" weapons, since they would take hours to arrive on target, giving far too much warning to be used in a pre-emptive blow. The Vladivostok agreement places ceilings that are much too high on potential first-strike weapons—limiting MIRV multiple warhead missiles to 1,320 and other strategic missiles and bombers to an additional 1,080—but the hope is that these ceilings subsequently can be reduced.

A reduction of the MIRVed missiles, to 900 or less, with half of them deployed at sea would head off for a very long time the possibility of either side acquiring a credible first-strike capability against the land-based forces of the other. It would also head off the critical danger of "crisis instability," the danger that either side would be tempted to shoot first in a crisis for fear of the theoretical advantage the other might gain if it sought to destroy the bulk of the adversary's land-based forces with a small portion of its own multiple warhead missiles.

The effort to consolidate the Vladivostok agreement and to proceed to such reductions must not be permitted to break down in the dispute over the Backfire bomber and the cruise missile. There are many ways to limit both these new weapons to a level that would not substantially affect the stability of the nuclear balance. The best way would be to ban them both.

Short of that, limits on numbers and range can be imposed that would head off a major addition to strategic capability. This, undoubtedly, is the route the Brezhnev-Kissinger talks will take, since neither Government evidently is prepared to challenge its military completely.

An imperfect agreement, however, will be better than none, if it includes—or even keeps the way open for—the vital reduction in ceilings on first-strike weapons to which both sides are committed in principle by the Vladivostok accords.

## Free Speech . . .

In a democratic society, one of the principal purposes of government is to provide a framework of elementary fairness within which each citizen can make use of his rights and liberties and not pre-empt or unduly infringe upon those of other citizens. The exercise of this governmental power inevitably requires the careful drawing of distinctions and the taking of some risks.

The Supreme Court has unanimously decided that the Legislature of this state overstepped the bounds of its authority when it authorized a fair campaign practices code that forbids a candidate to level racial attacks on another candidate or to misrepresent deliberately the qualifications of a political opponent. A lower court ruling was permitted to stand that held these prohibitions to be too deep an intrusion into the sanctuary of free speech, an area specially protected by the First Amendment.

It would be erroneous to read into the Court's action any necessary implications for its forthcoming decision on the constitutionality of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1974 that set up a system of public financing for Presidential candidates and established limits on spending by candidates and on contributions by private citizens. Opponents of this fundamental reform contend that these limits on spending and on contributions are, in effect, limits on free speech and therefore are also unconstitutional violations of the First Amendment.

## ... Money Talks

But is money the equivalent of speech? This seems a careless equation. There are many political uses of money that are already outlawed. The buying and selling of votes has long been illegal. It is clearly an illegal "corrupt practice" to give or receive money in exchange for an ambassadorship or any other Federal office.

The old limit of \$5,000 on contributions to a Federal campaign—a limit that had existed for decades—was never successfully challenged in the courts, perhaps

because contributions to multiply dummy committees made evasion easy. The constitutional issue was raised only when it appeared that the new law would have to be taken seriously.

When one man can contribute \$2 million to a Presidential campaign, he is obviously buying political influence and access of a kind that is not available to his fellow citizen who can only contribute \$10. In trying to restrain this unwanted intrusion of private financial power into the political arena where every citizen should be equal, Congress drew the lines at \$1,000 for a contribution to a particular campaign and \$25,000 as the over-all limit on contributions to various Federal campaigns by one person. It is difficult to see how such reasonable limits curb any wealthy person's right of free speech. It is his checkbook and not his tongue that has been restrained.

## Putting Families First

Despite a rising divorce rate and other evidence of trouble, the family remains society's most basic and most cherished institution. One recent survey showed that among people 30 and over, 87 percent still choose "a happy family life" as their most important goal.

Yet other social institutions sometimes frame their own policies as if family relationships counted for very little. It is therefore refreshing when a Presidential candidate—Sargent Shriver—makes the strengthening of families a major theme of his campaign.

In a wide-ranging policy paper released this week, Mr. Shriver offered many suggestions, both large and small, for ways in which government can help strengthen families. He would extend the child-care tax-deduction to those who care for their own children. The child-care deduction, he points out, is now available only when both parents work outside the home and when the children are placed in a day care center or are cared for by a person unrelated to the family. Why, Mr. Shriver rightly asks, should tax rules "penalize those who try to keep parenting within the family?"

Social Security likewise discriminates against the parent—usually but not necessarily the mother—who chooses to be a full-time homemaker and care for small children. The parent who decides to work in this way not only receives no wages but also fails to accumulate Social Security benefits. Mr. Shriver proposes that women who choose to stay with their own children could accumulate credits toward later Social Security benefits for their baby-raising and homemaking years.

Mr. Shriver also urges the Federal Government to set an example for private industry by experimenting with part-time jobs and flexible working hours, thereby allowing parents who work greater leeway in coping with their family responsibilities.

## The Wrong Platform

After sentencing Sara Jane Moore to life imprisonment for the attempted murder of President Ford, Federal District Judge Samuel Conti told the convicted woman: "You wouldn't be standing before me if we had an effective capital punishment law. The one thing people care about is their skin."

We believe the judge was wrong on two counts. His hypothesis, presented as a factual statement, that the death penalty would deter persons of Miss Moore's bent from resorting to acts of violence cannot be substantiated by either history or psychology. It is as misleading as the judge's broad accusation that "the permissive society" is the basic cause of such assassination attempts. Judge Conti did little to enhance respect for the bench by using the courtroom as a platform from which to advocate his personal views about the death penalty.

A more pertinent lesson from Miss Moore's despicable act can be drawn from the fact that a person of her instability could have been employed by officers of the law. Miss Moore had a long record as informer for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and other police agencies. The very day before she fired a shot at the President, she had tried to introduce a Treasury agent to the gun dealer from whom she had bought the weapon used in the assassination attempt.

Experience shows that police spies are frequently involved in extreme crimes against society. Recent examples, in addition to Miss Moore, include Lee Harvey Oswald, who was charged with the assassination of President Kennedy; Jack Ruby, who murdered Oswald; and Donald DeFreeze, who masterminded the lethal forays of the so-called Symbionese Liberation Army before he died in a shootout with the police.

We are not prepared to cloak the unprovable in the same mantle of certainty with which Judge Conti presents his theories. But it seems reasonable to believe that the nation's safety has far less to gain from capital punishment than from a law-enforcement apparatus that understands the danger of inflaming the sick fantasies of ideological drifters by encouraging them to become double-agents for and against the law.

## Independent Judge

Governor Carey has acted with commendable speed in designating a new judge to preside over cases brought by Special Prosecutor Nadjari in the state's investigation into corruption in the New York City criminal justice system.

Supreme Court Justice Leonard H. Sandler seems likely to bring to his demanding new assignment the qualities of independence that distinguished his predecessor, the late John M. Murtagh. His absence of ties to the Democratic Party machines in Manhattan and the Bronx strengthens the hope that he will act with total impartiality in proceedings vital to the restoration of public confidence in the state's judicial and political processes.

# Letters to the Editor

## Youth Crime: Back to 'Painful Punishment' Nadjari's 'Offense'

To the Editor:  
The Jan. 9 letters columns contained a moving plea from a mother whose 15-year-old daughter was killed when her bicycle was stolen in Central Park by a 15-year-old with a golf club. The young killer was sentenced to 18 months in an unlocked rehabilitation center. The mother asked, "Can't we devise more effective deterrents?" The answer, is, "Of course!" The issue is, "Will we carry them out?"

Over the past twenty to thirty years, we have lessened the penalties imposed on young delinquents and seen a steady across-the-board rise in living standards. Despite these ameliorative factors, youth crime has steadily increased.

We might develop some historical perspective on this problem and recognize that rehabilitation and economic prosperity are only modest preventative of crime. For most of human history—as David Rothman demonstrated in "The Discovery of the Asylum"—the principal technique of crime prevention was simple and direct: deterrence, a socially sanctioned retaliation. The criminal was discovered, tried and convicted. Then there was a brief, painful physical or economic punishment—a fine, a public lashing or time in the stocks—after which he was released to return to society.

The prison was "invented," partly by eighteenth-century American reformers, to help remake criminals into better men through "scientific" institutional controls. But as we have seen, the very expensive process of imprisonment also brings together a group of men who simply learn how to be better—and worse—criminals. That is one reason we have such severe recidivism.

It would save society a great deal



of money, and it might well deter and reconstruct more young criminals, if we judiciously revived corporal punishment as a partial answer. If we are afraid to incarcerate a murderer or a bike thief, perhaps we could find the determination to put him in the public stocks for ten days or subject him to a number of lashes.

In other words, society should make it clear that someone who is convicted of a crime—even if he has a "concerned family"—will suffer a significant, publicly sanctioned, brief and painful punishment. Of course, some may say, "You are proposing to brutalize the young." But as the crime rates show, the current process, which downplays corporal punishment more than ever before in our history, only encourages the young to brutalize each other. Maybe our legal systems and punishments should become more unequivocally pro-victim.

EDWARD WYNNE  
Assoc. Professor, College of Education,  
University of Illinois at Chicago Circle  
Chicago, Jan. 10, 1976

## A Case for the SST

To the Editor:  
The highly emotional language used by the anti-Concorde lobby is misleading so many people that it really should be put in more realistic terms, and stated more fairly.

The oft-quoted 100 percent increase in noise is a very biased way of saying it has a three-decibel increase. Three decibels has always been agreed in audio circles as the minimum change that can be perceived (of any sound), when an instantaneous change is made. If there is a break between the two sound levels it is unusual for anybody to be able to identify whether the louder one or quieter one is on.

This was confirmed recently in Concorde's case when it was at London airport. When the publicized 11 A.M. take-off was unknowingly changed, all the complaining letters still spoke of the "ear-shattering" 11 A.M. take-off. The actual take-off went unnoticed.

DEREK HOWELL  
New York, Jan. 13, 1976

## To Study in Poland

To the Editor:  
Those who go abroad with the weighty baggage of ignorance regarding their own society and ideological preconceptions of foreign societies are likely to return with their baggage never unpacked. To judge by his Jan. 6 Op-Ed article, this was the case with Noel Perrin.

Professor Perrin seems not to have understood that the bonus points added to the scores of Polish university applicants from disadvantaged groups are not the same as subtractions from the scores of more privileged aspirants. Surely such an "affirmative action" program should not have come as a shock to an American professor. Moreover, as a well-informed citizen, Professor Perrin is undoubtedly aware that civil service examinations in this country accord preferences to veterans and the disabled.

While different in the extent of its application, the principle in the Polish and American cases is identical: The promotion of social equality may require a degree of legal inequality. Professor Perrin, however, seems to have been far too preoccupied with the "small cold eyes" of a Communist bureaucrat to distinguish the substance of democracy from its procedures.

(Asst. Prof.) JAY L. KAPLAN  
Political Science, State University  
Geneseo, N.Y., Jan. 7, 1976

## Metric Vanguard

To the Editor:  
We of the left-handed persuasion may now add to the list of everyday accommodations to the right. Recently I replaced a Pyrex two-cup measuring pitcher. As has been my practice these many years, I held same in my right hand, poured with my left and held the pitcher at eye level. Then

did my wondering eyes perceive that I had poured something less than 1/2 liter or 225 milliliters. There on the opposite side, however, for all the right to read, were my old friends the cup and the ounce.

When all our recipes and cookbooks are revised and printed in metric, I shall no doubt be the first on my street to have mastered the conversion. In the meantime, I am considering some form of rehabilitation.

KAY HASTINGS  
Smithtown, L.I., Jan. 8, 1976

## Impedient Interest Rates

To the Editor:  
Something should be done about the fact that high interest rates discourage equity investments as the average return on a good common stock, real estate or a good business investment does not exceed 9 to 10 percent a year. For the last several years investors have been able to obtain 9 or 10 percent on "safe" bonds, mortgages and even reasonably safe tax-exempt state and municipal bonds.

Accordingly, investment is discouraged and the capitalistic system is slowed down. Germany and Switzerland have both lowered their basic interest rates substantially below our 9 or 10 percent rate, primarily to encourage investment and at the same time to slow down the accumulation of wealth, which we have offset by excessive inflation.

The Federal Reserve should bring down interest rates (it can more or less manipulate rates any way it wishes). In effect this would lessen inflation and at the same time stimulate business, both of which tend to improve our economy.

WALTER L. ROTHSCHILD  
New York, Jan. 7, 1976

## Consumer Aid, Administration Style

To the Editor:  
The need for a Federal agency for consumer advocacy becomes even more imperative with the recent appointment of Joan Braden to a newly created \$37,800-a-year job as "coordinator of consumer affairs" for the State Department. The appointee was described by The Times as "a friend of Vice President Rockefeller and Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger."

The Braden appointment and the way it was made smacks of a cynical manipulation of the demand for an agency to serve as consumer advocate in Government. In the last session of Congress, the persistent outcry for such an agency finally culminated in passage by both houses of Congress of legislation creating the Agency for Consumer Advocacy. The President's announcement that he would veto the legislation was followed by a directive that each executive department and agency prepare "consumer representa-

## Nadjari's 'Offense'

To the Editor:  
It should be evident to familiar with the requirement Fourteenth Amendment with to fair trial and due process in justice that Governor Carey "supersede" his pending case against Prosecutor Nadjari, less of the merit of the complaint, Mr. Nadjari has, by duct reported in The Times for convicted himself of the of subversion of constitutional

If Mr. Cunningham is truly Mr. Nadjari's charges, his go has been besmirched beyond tion by reckless statements if made with knowledge that he be publicized, if Mr. Cunningham on even one count—Nadjari has the evidence—the tor has jeopardized the stat beyond repair by deliberate, fully generated invidious publicity. If Mr. Cunningham's go established by evidence now prosecutor's hands, the latter ing the Fifth Amendment (i plicable to state action by it teenth) by a grand-jury subpoenaing to extort such evidence.

The Federal principle that a tor may strike hard blows, but ones, has long since been a law of the states, made so by generation of the Fourteenth, ment since the 1920's.

On the basis of Mr. Nadjari conduct in using his right to to a motion to quash as a p try his case and convict his de in the newspapers, those det and attached to the principle. Constitution should ask formi Lefkowitz to take action aga Nadjari now.

HOWARD N  
New York, Jan.

## How to Pick a Judge

To the Editor:  
If one thing is clear from Jari-Carey-Cunningham: con over allegations of the "s judicial offices, it is that our method of selecting judges is need of reform.

The nature of the elective turns most judicial nominati appointments by political par ers. The electorate is invariably with either a ballot too coin allow intelligent voting or t absence of choice as a result endorsement deals, allowing t political parties to divide th among themselves.

Regardless of the outcome "Nadjari affair," our repre in Albany should finally addr fundamental issue by establi system for the selection of purely on the basis of merit.

GARY H. S  
Executive Director, Citizen  
New York, Jan.

## Bicyclists vs. Pedestrians

To the Editor:  
Though, as described in Leeds letter of Dec. 26, bicycli be at a disadvantage vis-à-vis ular traffic because of light the solution of treating bicyc quasi-pedestrians is a cure wor the disease.

As one who has almost be over twice by bicyclists while walking, lawfully crossing a o street, I have no sympathy w cists who want to ride the oth If that were ever to be per cyclists would wind up having licensed and insured so that the indemnify those they injured lions with pedestrians.

ELEN M.  
New York, Jan. 1

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tion plans." These "plans" w provide procedures by which c ers could "participate and be tively represented in the Govern decision-making process."

The State Department's high- addition to the Federal budget ments its "plan." It can be cri for several reasons:

1. The appointment was mac fore the first (let alone the l numerous regional meetings call the Administration, and widely lized by it, to obtain public con and suggestions on the so-called sumer representation plans, incl the State Department plan.

2. The appointee is without dentials in the consumer area, b known experience in consumer either paid or volunteer, and has onstrated no prior compitmer the consumer interest.

3. The appointment was made out any consultation with cons groups or the public, or any opp nity for prior comment.

If the present course is foll the Administration's ponderous t to substitute those "plans" for much-needed Agency for Cons Advocacy may well turn out to be more than gifts of jobs to those friendships in high places. This "implementation" tells us what t plans mean to the Administration what they portend for the consu The Braden appointment reaff the importance of maintaining fight for the consumer legis passed by Congress. We now hav foretaste of the kind of participa the Administration has in store for consumer if the Agency for Consu Advocacy hill does not become law

RHONA H. KARPAT  
Exec. Director, Consumers UO  
Mt. Vernon, N.Y., Jan. 6, 1



Editor

# Nadjar's Eurofun With the C.I.A.

By Russell Baker

To the Editor: It should be familiar with the Fourteenth Amendment to fair trial and justice that "supersedes" the against Prosecution less of the merit. Mr. Nadjar's conduct reported in your convicted himself subversion himself.

If Mr. Nadjar's names, home addresses and Mr. Nadjar's numbers of resident C.I.A. has been in France and England raises made with knowledge apart from Washington's be publicized. It is an invitation to mischief on even.

Mr. Nadjar has the First who believes in the First beyond repair by press's right to publish such fully generated and consequences be damned. If Mr. Nadjar starts publishing these lists, established by elementary fairness demands prosecutor's names and give us addresses the Fifth Amendment of all those others in business of work whom the public ing to exert a hoard in the night.

The Federal government may strike E.G.B. people? Why law of the state secret services? Sound journalism since the principle insists upon it.

On the basis of the French newspaper, Liberation, to a motion to run a similar list of Soviet agents in Paris. If it knew who in the newspaper, it would expose them, and attached to it in any case everyone's Constitution should be attached to the LeKowicz to the embassy is suspect.

How to Pick: To the Editor: If one thing is worth publishing such data, in the sport of baiting the spy.

WYRNE: The name of the man who seems to have only small value. A Frenchman can now, etc. The return, a C.I.A. man at his home at with a hand tell him his French is bare allow to know how many Frenchmen have assumed of that better to do at that time of

Regard of the out and replace them with "Nadjar" under deeper cover, which in Army service but not a calamity.

is swarming with people addresses and phone numbers. Most of these people live just as deep as the average agent in Paris, hiding behind phone numbers.

As for the K.G.B. man at home on Saturday has an equal obligation to a readers how to get hold of State and the president of the State and the president of the State utility. These people are to be public servants. A

of privacy can hardly draw in their favor simply because it is not to be Soviet spies. I would want to call let spy, or go knocking at his

is acceptable under the endment which is not widely in Europe, unfortunately, is to be any disclosure of information, there must be closure, or the journalistic ob-

of public men is to be put in the press, it can be justified making it as easy to invade acy of important public men to large in on some lower Russian spy in his off hours.

French and British press serve to and to serve the public, let love ahead from encouraging mission of spies against mental secret agents and start the British and French some

ing the C.I.A. lists, they have no urgent public need in, but merely forced the C.I.A. moving its people around which will cost American tax-sweet piece of money. They themselves in a meaningless satisfying gesture, and we pay it might be worth it if they up their courage to do their men a service with some truly

# 'Sick Members of Society' and Housing Failures

By Eugene J. Morris

Articles about "slum lords" and housing scandals sharply emphasize the propensity of the news media to trot out the usual whipping boys and abuse them mercilessly while refusing to allude to the underlying causes of housing program failures.

The media never mention the true victims—the people for whom housing programs are fashioned who are historically and overwhelmingly responsible for their failure. They are the underclass of society, emphatically referred to as "multi-problem individuals" or "families."

They are not of any one race, religion or ethnic background but draw their numbers from all groups. Irrespective of who they are or where they come from, they are the ones responsible for crime, vandalism, juvenile delinquency, etc.—they, in large measure, account for the destructive elements in our society.

Articles speak of the Federal Housing and Urban Development Section 235 housing-financing mechanism and the failure to realize the high hopes held for it when it was first enacted in 1966 as part of Lyndon B. Johnson's Great Society program.

The program permits the Federal Government to insure mortgage loans on one-family homes, and subsidize the interest rate down to one percent. It enables low-income families, usually "second dwellers," to buy their own homes for a "small down" payment (around \$200) and low carrying charges commensurate with welfare allowances or low earnings.

Hundreds of thousands of these homes were rehabilitated and sold to poor families throughout the country—the program had relatively little impact in New York City where its companion 236 program, aimed at multifamily housing, was more widely used.

We were at least to have a program that would provide a real incentive for the poor to upgrade their living conditions and, through pride of ownership, maintain them properly.

PARIS—The current Angolan crisis is symptomatic of a deteriorating over-all relationship among the great international powers. For a time during the latter days of the Nixon Administration, this was often referred to as a pentagonal relationship but it has since become clear that this description is at best vastly premature.



A. Paul Weber

gradually making inroads into the slums. Well, it just didn't work out that way.

In most cases, the houses quickly fell into disrepair or were deliberately vandalized and payments were not met, resulting in foreclosure and even-

tual take-over by the Federal Government under its mortgage insurance commitment.

The concept, originally praised as a new departure in social engineering of housing for the poor that would expose red-lining by banks—refusal to

make mortgage loans in certain areas—as a beneficial practice, resulted in a debacle. The Government lost billions of dollars and now owns vast numbers of empty, dilapidated and vandalized buildings or vacant lots where the buildings were torn down as public

hazards or were just burned down. In evaluating the disaster news-media reports stress the inefficiency of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and its failure to properly supervise crooked real estate operators who rehabilitated and sold the houses and the greed of lending institutions who financed the houses, without a word about the people who bought them, as if the buyers were paragons of virtue, innocent victims of profit-seeking entrepreneurs.

But even if it had been run with maximum efficiency, with no dishonesty or excess profit-taking at all, the program would, nevertheless, have collapsed because of the people who bought and lived in the housing.

Of course, a large number of the houses are well-maintained with payments kept up to date, but the program has established that the hard-core, multi-problem family cannot be helped by such outside assistance. Their problems go much deeper than that.

To be sure, programs like this are worthwhile. They contribute to upgrading families capable of it and have a beneficial impact over the long pull. But realism about the magnitude of the problems does not support excessive expectations.

Under these circumstances when lending institutions redline an area containing an excessive number of multi-problem families, they are justified in doing so to avoid risking their "stockholders' and depositors' money. Only government can assume this risk since it is a public problem and unfeasible for private enterprise.

Some day, maybe only in the distant future, our knowledge of the chemistry of the human brain, glands, nervous system, etc., will enable us to treat these sick members of society, but we certainly do not know enough yet. At least, one thing is certain: We cannot deal with these deep-seated human problems by enacting superficial programs like Section 235 and putting the blame on scapegoats.

Eugene J. Morris is a New York lawyer.

# Brezhnev's 'Cruise' to China

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS

By C. L. Sulzberger

Russia and the West in another generation. Addressing himself to the United States, Mr. Brezhnev said the first step must be fuller and speedier arms limitation. He urged an accord terminating the stalled SALT II talks by the end of October, 1975, and proposed this should be followed by a general disarmament conference.

The Soviet boss insisted it was urgently necessary to reduce military expenditures and that an agreement must be worked out "sooner." If not, he warned, Moscow had only one obvious alternative: restoring the old alliance with China after Mao.

Almost three months have elapsed beyond the original deadline. Mr. Brezhnev wished to meet but there is little sign of anything approaching an easing of tension. Soviet aggression in Africa is aimed against Chinese influence just as much as against the West's. Nevertheless, it is certainly diminishing United States prestige among those third-world nations which admire strength.

Yet, Moscow itself is hooked by its own efforts to move more speedily on another SALT agreement because of its profound fears of the latest U.S. military trump, the low-flying but almost invulnerable, relatively cheap and amazingly accurate "cruise" missile. There is nothing like this in the Soviet ordnance stockpile nor is there likely to be for years.

The question inferentially posed is whether Washington would severely restrict the "cruise" for the sake of an accord that might otherwise be disadvantageous, and thereby avoid the suggested menace of a new Soviet pact with post-Mao China. This question did not seem moot until last month. However, when Peking released a Soviet helicopter crew held more than two years and accepted Moscow's version of how they strayed into China (thus eating its own pre-

vious words) a new factor was introduced.

Today, therefore, a new diplomatic situation exists. Moscow isn't scared of China now, but Peking remains terrified of Russia and continually urges the West to stay strong. Yet Moscow does admit it is deeply worried about China 25 years hence and suggests an arms accord now to head off an ultimate Chinese threat.

The Kremlin nevertheless seems unwilling to pay the price of accepting unrestricted "cruise" missiles in the U.S. strategic stockpile. If we won't scrap "cruise," it implies, Moscow may have to scrap détente.

Is this bluff? Even if it is a serious Soviet intention, would Peking accept such a deal? And on what, if any, terms? Would the West be more weakened by yielding to Mr. Brezhnev's demands on the "cruise" or by gambling that he can't get a deal with Peking, even if he seeks one? This is the paramount question in today's diplomatic poker game and the crux of the discussions Mr. Kissinger will have next week in Moscow.

# Wherein It Is Argued That Regulators Are Threatening and Inhibiting Science

By Etcyl H. Blair

positive and Combustible Act, an Environmental Pesticide Act, a Water Pollution Control Act, a Consumer Product Safety Act, and an Occupational Safety and Health Act.

And with these came a spate of regulations. For a time, regulators served their purpose. They alerted us to the inherent dangers when we ignore environmental considerations. They directed business, industry and the public toward goals and standards that would preserve the complex relationship in nature.

But perhaps these regulators have over-reacted, or worse, have evolved into bureaucratic clogs that impede the much-needed flow of innovation and progress. Scientists no longer can proceed with a "damn the torpedoes" approach to technology. A decision about the value of an innovation is a decision about the kind of life people want for themselves and about what risks they are willing to take to achieve that life. To have credibility and validity such

decisions must be made under the harsh public spotlight.

Yet during the last five years the monumental decisions about the environment were not made after lengthy rational discussions. Regulators, accountable to no one, adopted a sudden crisis mentality. As a result, a series of questionable restrictions have had unfavorable impacts on American workers, in terms of lost job opportunities, on consumers, in terms of higher costs and fewer choices, and on scientists, in terms of lost incentive and lost confidence.

Additionally, this wave of regulation now threatens to impair the spirit and ability of American scientists trying to provide us with the means of coping with a planet increasingly depleted of resources. Indeed, the majority of scientists feel inhibited because they have been removed from an advisory role and relegated to the role of data-gatherers. The chemical industry, for further example, today faces further regula-

tion in the form of restrictions on the marketing of new products that might potentially be toxic. If the proposed Toxic Substances Control Act passes both houses of Congress, there is no doubt this would severely damage and possibly cripple America's chemical industry.

In its language, an administrator would be given near-dictatorial authority over the introduction of new chemical products—that is, he or she could decide arbitrarily to ban a product or close a plant without any scientific determination that an actual hazard existed. In brief, guilt is presumed and the defendant sentenced before any trial takes place.

And again, such regulation removes the chemist-scientist from the decision-making process concerning the social benefits and costs of any chemical. He becomes a mere paper shuffler. We in the chemical industry share public concern for the long-term effects of our products because we, as individuals, would be subject to the development of any hazard. Seventeen chemical companies have formed the

Chemical Industry Institute of Toxicology to further study commodity chemicals, the basic building blocks of our industry. This organization will emphasize the development of new methods of safety evaluation and make these studies available to all.

Recognizing that the scientist has a role not only in developing and perfecting technological innovations, but also in deciding their place in our lives, is the first step toward restoring science to a place of leadership in our society.

Regulators must refrain from compulsively writing rules and regulations, and from enforcing them whether they are workable or unworkable, necessary or unnecessary. Only then will scientists be able to face the problems of finding alternate energy sources, providing more food from less land and allowing our civilization to grow without upsetting the fragile balance of nature.

Etcyl H. Blair is director of health and environmental research of Dow Chemical USA.

# Miss Hearst Loses Fight To Avoid Psychiatric Talk

By WALLACE TURNER  
Special to The New York Times

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16—Miss Hearst will not deny taking part in the robbery of a Federal judge today in an attempt to bar a Boston psychiatrist from examining her further in preparation for her testimony as a Government witness in her trial for bank robbery, which begins Jan. 28.

The 21-year-old woman and Albert Johnson, one of her lawyers, had testified under oath that they disrupted and terminated her interview with Dr. Harry Kozol on Jan. 7 because Miss Hearst was upset by the doctor's questions and by her belief that he did not believe her answers.

If this was so, the defense did not show it, Federal District Judge Oliver J. Carter said in an order issued today. The order almost a full court day of testimony in which Miss Hearst's account was contradicted by everyone but Mr. Johnson.

At most, the record establishes that at the particular time of her interview with Dr. Kozol, the defendant was not in the proper frame of mind to submit herself to further psychiatric questioning and that the wisest course of action for all concerned would have been to postpone the interview to another day, the judge said.

F. Lee Bailey, Miss Hearst's chief defense counsel, had argued that Dr. Kozol should be barred from resuming the examination. A letter was produced from Miss Hearst's private psychiatrist that said Dr. Kozol's examination had been injurious to her physical and mental health.

Not Found Unprofessional  
Judge Carter said the Government has a right to its own experts, just as the defense does. He said it had not been shown that "Dr. Kozol was oppressive or otherwise unprofessional in his treatment of the defendant."

It is ordered that the defendant be permitted to submit to interviews with Dr. Kozol, the judge said.

Judge Carter warned that if Miss Hearst does not cooperate with psychiatrists for the government, he would not hesitate "to levy appropriate sanctions," including "the exclusion of testimony of any expert witness offered by the defendant in the issue of her mental state."

This could radically change the trial that has been described by Mr. Dailey. The Boston lawyer has said that in an interview that he could conceive of himself doing what Dr. Kozol apparently had done—conduct what psychiatrists call a stress interview.

The psychiatrist, who asked that his name not be used, said that he suspected Dr. Kozol had used the technique to gain as much information as possible in a limited time.

In carrying out a stress interview, a psychiatrist does not use physical force or appear aggressive or ungentlemanly. Instead, the psychiatrist probes gently into an area that can arouse the patient's anxieties. The psychiatrist, taking his cue from what the patient has said, asks the individual to tell more. The psychiatrist does not switch subjects when he detects a sensitive area.

Technique Can Be Disturbing  
The technique can be extremely disturbing to a patient, creating so much anxiety that the patient's emotions can be veered in many directions, one of which is against the questioning psychiatrist.

Other psychiatrists said the technique might be particularly disturbing to Miss Hearst if her family, lawyers and others had provided strong supportive relationships during their visits with her in the San Mateo County jail, where she has been kept since her arrest last Sept. 18.

Her reaction might be acute, the psychiatrists said, if someone with authority, but who was less supportive of her by the very nature of his involvement in the case, suddenly raised questions that made her think he disbelieved her.

About 60 doctors spend full-time and scores others part-time in forensic psychiatry, the field that Dr. Kozol helped establish, according to the psychiatrists interviewed.

The forensic psychiatrist who practices in court finds himself in a different position from most other doctors, who practice in clinics or hospitals. In going to court, the forensic psychiatrist cannot deliver a statement without realizing that he is in an adversary position by nature of the court system.

"Someone Will Scream"  
"Dr. Kozol thrives on it," Dr. Williams said. He added, "No matter what a forensic psychiatrist does, someone will scream. It's Mr. Bailey's job [as Miss Hearst's lawyer] to yell and to do whatever he can to reduce the effectiveness of the witness [like Dr. Kozol]," Dr. Williams said.

REMEMBER THE NEEDLE!



Patricia Hearst leaving San Mateo jail on Thursday for court appearance.

# Williams, Black Activist, Freed in Abduction Because of Ill With

MONROE, N.C., Jan. 16 (AP)—The kidnapping charges from which Robert Williams, a black activist, fled the country 14 years ago were dropped today because the prosecution said its principal witness was too ill to testify.

District Attorney Carroll Lowder said doctors had told him that Mrs. Bruce Stegall, 64 years old, "is physically unable to testify in court and further there is no promise that her condition will improve."

Mr. Williams, 49, a founder of the Revolutionary Action Movement and former head of the separatist Republic of New Africa, fled the country before he could be arrested. He lived in Cuba and China before returning to the United States in 1969.

that he saved the Stegalls' lives and had nothing to do with their abduction.

Mrs. Williams, reached at her home in Baldwin, Mich., said, "Oh, my goodness, that's wonderful news!" She added that the family family would probably remain in Baldwin because "I don't exactly like the idea of going back to North Carolina."

Mr. Williams, 49, a founder of the Revolutionary Action Movement and former head of the separatist Republic of New Africa, fled the country before he could be arrested. He lived in Cuba and China before returning to the United States in 1969.

but the following year their convictions were overturned by the North Carolina Supreme Court because blacks were barred from the grand jury. They were reinstated, but have not been brought to trial.

Mr. Williams' attorney, William M. Kunstler, said in New York that he would ask the Union County authorities to drop charges against the four others.

Mr. Kunstler would not disclose the whereabouts of the four—Harold Reap, John Lowry, Mae Mallory and Richard Crowder. Mr. Lowry is white, the others are black.

The Stegalls said they were driving through the black neighborhood when a gang of several hundred blacks dragged them from their car and took them to Mr. Williams' house. Officials said that he "had threatened to kill the Stegalls' blacks."

## RIGHTS CURB IN INDIA CHALLENGED IN TRIAL

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (AP)—A lawyer representing Indian political prisoners asked the Supreme Court today to reject a Government claim that in a national emergency it has the right to curtail all personal liberties.

Arguing for his clients' right to file habeas corpus petitions, the attorney, Shanti Bhushan, said that even in a national emergency a citizen had the right to protect himself against unlawful arrest by asking the

if blacks arrested the noon were not released. Mr. Williams said charges had been dropped because of his leadership and that the Stegalls' family had threatened to kill the blacks.

court to review the for his detention. Mr. Bhushan represented hundreds of the (some political prisoners in jails, made his plea opened his response weeks of Government statements that it has the bar habeas corpus petitions. The Government's appearing lower court that prisoners still have the right to challenge the was based on the case Attorney General Nirmal, "in times of emergency interests of the state, placed above those of individual even in re fundamental rights."

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| 35                         | 45,000                             | 144,773                                | 189,773       | 70,254                 |
| 40                         | 37,500                             | 84,174                                 | 121,674       | 45,043                 |
| 50                         | 22,500                             | 22,157                                 | 44,657        | 16,532                 |
| 60                         | 7,500                              | 2,052                                  | 9,552         | 3,536                  |

Table amounts are based on maximum \$1,500 annual contributions and on a constant interest rate of 7.75% compounded daily for an annual return of 8.17%. Available on our \$100 Year Savings Certificates with a normal minimum deposit of \$1,000 and a federal tax bracket of 37%. The funds must be left on deposit for that time to obtain this rate. Available future rates may be more or less than present rates, depending on economic conditions and government regulations. Premium withdrawals on Savings Certificate funds can be made only with the consent of the Bank. FDIC regulations provide that the rate of interest on the amount withdrawn be reduced to the passbook rate at the time of withdrawal from the date of deposit and 30 days interest be forfeited. Interest alone may be withdrawn without FDIC penalty. There is, however, a tax liability and penalty imposed by the IRS if withdrawals are made from the plan before age 59½. You must, however, start withdrawing the money from the account by age 70½ and no further contributions can be made thereafter. NOTE: These amounts do not include your Social Security benefits.

# East River money.

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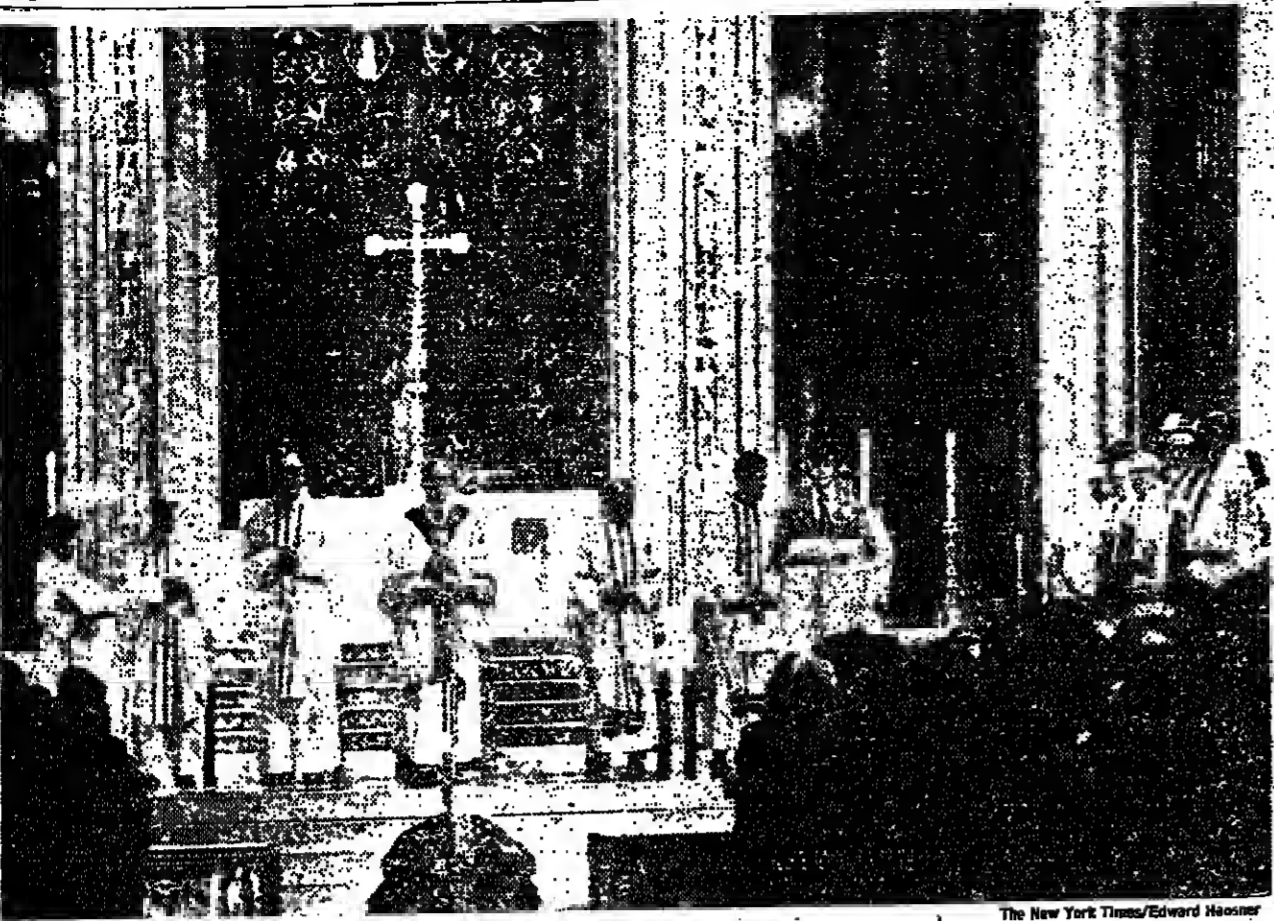
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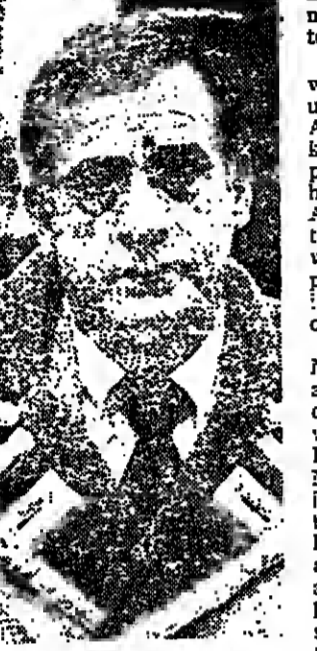




Thomas Murtagh, son of Justice John M. Murtagh, begins religious reading at funeral for his father at St. Patrick's

# 1,000 Attend Justice Murtagh Mass at St. Patrick's

By DEIRDRE CARMODY  
A funeral mass was offered yesterday at Saint Patrick's Cathedral for Justice John M. Murtagh, who died of a heart attack in his chambers Tuesday as he was preparing to rule on a major controversy about whether the special state prosecutor, Maurice H. Nadjari, had the authority to investigate Patrick J. Cunningham, state Democratic chairman.



Maurice H. Nadjari, state prosecutor, arrives at the cathedral for services.

More than 1,000 mourners filled the central portion of the church, including Mayor Beame, Lieut. Gov. Mary Anne Knappack and virtually all the leading members of the city's judiciary. Most of them sat together, a solid block of dark suits, in the front of the church. Organ music filled the great cathedral as four priests celebrated a mass of the resurrection, with Terence Cardinal Cooke presiding and 15 other priests in attendance.

Figures in Controversy  
Among those attending the funeral were some of the people who have figured in the controversy that erupted after Governor Carey attempted last month to dismiss Mr. Nadjari as special state prosecutor. Justice Murtagh, probably the best-known trial judge in the city, was the special judge who handled Mr. Nadjari's anti-corruption cases.

Justice Murtagh's widow, Mary, his two sons, Thomas and John Jr., and his two daughters, Joan and Maeva, were participants in the mass. First Thomas, who was dressed in a gray jacket and gray patterned skirt, walked up to the lectern in front of the main altar, faced the congregation and gave readings from the liturgy. His voices were strong and unwavering, their composure was complete.

where Justice Murtagh was an adviser, and which his sons attended. Most of the classmates of John Murtagh Jr., a sophomore at the school, were at the funeral.

"He loved the law, which makes man's life rational," Father O'Brien said in his homily. "And he deeply enjoyed teaching it to others."

During the offertory part of the mass, the other children and Justice Murtagh's brothers, James and Frank, walked up to the altar and presented the priest with the chalices, the hosts, the wine and the water that were to be used during the consecration.

## DICK HANNAH DIES PUBLICITY MAN, 60

### Served Howard Hughes and Set Up Talk on Irving Hoax

By WILLIAM M. FREEDMAN  
Dick Hannah, the publicity man who represented Howard Hughes, the billionaire recluse, for nearly two decades, died Thursday evening at his home in Los Angeles. Mr. Hannah, who had been recovering from open-heart surgery, was 60 years old.

He was a vice president of Carl Byoir & Associates Inc., the New York-based international public-relations concern. He joined his Los Angeles office in 1932 and was assigned to the Hughes account four years later.

Mr. Hannah had met Mr. Hughes several times, although not in recent years. He often talked with him on the telephone. He was one of the very few Byoir executives who had met the elusive Mr. Hughes.

Four years ago, when Clifford Irving said he had written an autobiography of Mr. Hughes based on taped interviews with the industrialist, Mr. Hannah arranged a telephone talk with Mr. Hughes on one end and seven newspapermen on the other. It was in this conversation that Mr. Hughes denounced the book as a fraud.

## M. LADDON DIES AIRCRAFT DESIGNER

### SAN DIEGO, Jan. 16 (AP)—

M. (Mac) Laddon, who designed the first all-metal airplane in the United States in 1923 and helped design World War II bombers, died Thursday. He was 81 years old.

Mr. Laddon, one of the first engineers of the Consolidated Aircraft Corporation at Buffalo, served as a director of Consolidated and its successor concerns, including General Dynamics-Convair, for 43 years.

After duty with the French Air Mission in World War I as an aeronautical engineer, he designed the GAX prototype twin-engine Army attack plane and later a single-engine Army fighter.

Mr. Laddon was also involved in the design and construction of the XP71 flying boat, the P2Y1 flying boat series and the later PB7 series as well as the B-24 four-engine bomber in World War II and the B-32.

## FLORENCE MAYO LACEY

Florence Mayo Lacey, a teacher in the public-school system here for 43 years, died Wednesday at Brookdale Hospital Medical Center in Brooklyn. She was 72 years old and lived at 393 Macon Street in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Lacey, who retired in 1971, had been a classroom and music teacher at Public Schools 141 and 250 in the Williamsburg section. She was a graduate of the old Maxwell Training School for Teachers.

Mrs. Lacey was the widow of John Milton Lacey, a sister, Helen Butts, and four grandchildren.

## PAUL HUNSICKER, 59, EXPERT ON FITNESS

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Jan. 15 (AP)—Dr. Paul A. Hunsicker, who organized the United States youth fitness program, died Thursday, apparently of a heart attack, as he completed a so-called shoveling job. He was 59 years old.

Among Dr. Hunsicker's consulting work was service for Presidents Dwight D. Eisenhower, John F. Kennedy and Lyndon B. Johnson. He made his first reports on youth fitness in 1958 and followed up in 1965 and 1973. He served on the Presidential Council for Youth Fitness.

In 1957, Dr. Hunsicker, a member of the physical-education faculty at the University of Michigan, deplored the lack of physical training in elementary schools and called for a challenging program that would run from kindergarten through high school.

## Albino Manca, Sculptor, 78; Did Eagle at Battery Park

Albino Manca, sculptor, whose work includes the giant bronze driving eagle in the World War II memorial in Battery Park, died Thursday at his home, 131 West 11th Street. He was 78 years old.

Mr. Manca's eagle was unveiled by President Kennedy on May 23, 1963. A recent work was his bas-relief of Robert Moses on a marble monument dedicated in Robert Moses Plaza at Fodham University's Lincoln Center campus in 1970.

The artist, who was born in Sardinia, Italy, studied and later taught at the Royal Academy of Fine Arts in Rome and came to the United States in 1938. He cast bronze opera busts of Metropolitan Opera stars, including Rosa Ponselle, Ezio Pinza and Maria Jeritz.

## Franziska Braun Is Dead at 90; Adolf Hitler's Mother-in-Law

BONN, Jan. 16—A death notice in a small Bavarian paper today announced that Adolf Hitler's mother-in-law, Franziska Braun, died Tuesday in the St. Adelheid old-age home at Ruhpolding in the Bavarian Alps. She was 90 years old.

Mrs. Braun's daughter Eva was Hitler's companion. She was married to him and then said to have committed suicide with him in his Berlin bunker on April 30, 1945, as his "Thousand-Year Reich" collapsed.

In his will, Hitler asked his executor, Martin Bormann, to make sure that his mother-in-law received "personal souvenirs" and enough to assure her "a small, bourgeois existence" apart from similar bequests to his own family and his closest staff, he ordered everything turned over to the (Nazi) party. If it should no longer exist, to the state, and if the state is also destroyed, then there is no need for me to make any further decision."

Mrs. Braun's two other daughters survive her, the notice said.

Cleared of Charge  
Mrs. Braun was cleared by a Bavarian deazification court of a charge that she had had

## City U. Union Scores A Court's Approval Of a Furlough Plan

By JUDITH CUMMINGS  
The faculty union of the City University reported a "deluge" of phone calls yesterday from members supporting "militant action" against the State Supreme Court ruling Thursday that upheld the power of the Board of Higher Education to impose a payless furlough on university employees.

The four-week furlough had been ordered by the board for the spring semester to accomplish a \$32 million—budget reduction—of a \$55 million total—demanded by the city administration and the Emergency Financial Control Board.

Belle Zeller, the president of the Professional Staff Congress, said an appeal was being prepared by union lawyers.

"This decision was allowed to stand, it would lock out employees under contract and would render the Taylor Law meaningless," Dr. Zeller said. "We have been deluged today with calls from C.U.N.Y. staff for support for whatever militant action the union recommends," she added. An "action program" will be taken up at a delegates' assembly meeting next week, she said.

The issue of exacting the \$35 million reduction in the coming semester appears to remain at a standoff, for the time being, between the board and the city's financial planners.

## Mayor Objects

Kenneth S. Axelos, the Deputy Mayor for Finance, said the Mayor objected to the furlough because it was a "one shot" device, and one that put the major burden of the saving on the instructional and support staff.

## TADAO KARIYA

TOKYO, Jan. 15 (UPI)—Tadao Kariya, the Japanese Construction Minister, died of a heart ailment here Thursday. He was 63 years old.

## REV. DR. AUGUST BLUNCK

The Rev. Dr. August C. Blunck, senior pastor of the Metropolitan New York Synod of the Lutheran Church in America, died Monday at United Hospital in Port Chester, N.Y. He was 90 years old and lived in Rye, N.Y.



AGATHA CHRISTIE IS BURIED in a hillside cemetery overlooking the English village of Cholsey, where the renowned writer of mysteries lived for 40 years. In the procession are her husband, Sir Max Mallowan, the archaeologist, and Mrs. Rosalind Hicks, her daughter. Atop the coffin is a cross of roses and carnations.

## Deaths

ALBRIGHT—John F. of East William, N.Y., died on Tuesday, January 14, 1958, at the age of 78. He was a member of the St. John's Episcopal Church, New York City. Burial at St. John's Episcopal Church, New York City, on Monday, January 19, 1958, at 2 P.M. Interment at St. John's Episcopal Church, New York City.

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Advertisement for Frank E. Campbell "The Funeral Chapel, Inc." located at 1076 Madison Ave. (at 81st Street), N.Y., N.Y. BU 8-3500. The ad includes a large graphic of a coffin and text describing funeral services.

# Spending Offered to Parents of Willowbrook Children

State intends to pay a \$291 monthly allowance to parents of retarded children. He said it had been tried experimentally with institutionalized adults—those over 21 years old throughout the state since last July, but that "not a great number" of them had gone home.

He attributed this to the age of the parents of the adults, and the lengthy institutionalization most of them had undergone.

Although adults will continue to be eligible to return home under the newly adopted policy, Mr. Coughlin expects that greater gains will be made in placing children, for whom few or no facilities now exist.

Day-care services for these individuals would be provided through the city's private agencies for the retarded, and in some cases through the Special Services department of the Board of Education.

Mr. Coughlin said he planned to expedite placements with these agencies by offering advance financing for the care, providing quarterly payments for the first year.

This program is designed to allow the agencies to expand their programs without upsetting their current budget plans. It will be administered by the city's Department of Mental Retardation Services, but financed entirely with state funds.



NEVER TOO LATE: Joseph Schoenberger, 102 years old, being congratulated by Lieut. Gov. Mary Anne Krupac after he received certificate from New York City Community College for completing courses on "Psychology of the Aging" and "The American Presidents," which he took at the Jewish Home and Hospital for the Aged. Fifty residents of the home who attended the nine-week courses received diplomas. Their average age was 88.

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# Agencies Help Dead Woman's Sister

By JOHN F. BURNS

Two elderly sisters terrorized by a gang of youths in the South Bronx earlier this week were eligible for nearly \$150 a month more than the combined income of \$186 that they were receiving from Social Security, city officials said yesterday.

One of the sisters died following the assault.

The women's apparent unawareness of a special Social Security supplement for the needy may have played a part in keeping them in the unheated ramshackle apartment where they were attacked, according to Frederick M. Yaeger, Bronx director of the city's Office for the Aged.

With the additional money, the sisters, Mary and Ellen Breslin, might have been able to move out of their \$85-a-month apartment in the high-rise section of Hunts Point into a neighborhood where they would have had the prospect of "entirely new life" instead of just surviving, Mr. Yaeger said.

touch with them for several years, called the police to offer their assistance.

Published accounts of the surviving sister's plight also prompted Myriam Greenberg of the privately owned Fort Tryon Nursing Home, at 801 West 190th Street, to offer a place in the home when one becomes available.

Miss Breslin, who was said by the police to have about \$10 saved, could not afford the nursing home on her own. But it would be financially feasible after she begins receiving the supplementary income benefit, which carries with it eligibility for Medicaid.

Applying for the supplement will not bring back payment of the money that the sisters forfeited by their failure to seek the extra assistance, which would have amounted to about \$33,000 in the last two years. But it will increase the monthly payment for the surviving sister to \$238, from the \$96 that she has been getting.

Mr. Yaeger's assistant, Lilyan Simels, said it was common for elderly people in areas like the South Bronx not to apply for the supplement, despite attempts to publicize it. "A lot of people recall from it because they think it's charity, like going on welfare," she said.

So far the police have no suspects in the attack. Homicide detectives working on the case have been joined by members of the senior citizens' robbery unit, a special police agency in the Bronx, which reported 17 killings of elderly people in the borough in robberies last year.

"They're easy prey," said Sgt. James Boles, head of the unit, who appeared before a hearing of the House of Representatives Committee on Aging earlier this week to demand tougher penalties for crimes against the elderly.

Sergeant Boles said at the hearing that juveniles who commit a quarter of the attacks on the elderly in the South Bronx, often were not sent to institutions until they have committed similar offenses three or four times.

# Metropolitan Briefs

## Teachers Lose Pay as Strike Penalty

Fifty-two thousand of the city's public school teachers who took part in last September's five-day school strike received reduced pay checks yesterday as the Board of Education began imposing the penalties mandated by the state's Taylor Law. Under the state law barring strikes by public employees, the teachers will lose five days' pay as a penalty in addition to the five days' pay they have already lost for not working during the strike. Teachers are paid twice a month, and the penalty is being deducted from the paychecks distributed yesterday and those that will be given out on Jan. 30.

## Pilgrim Psychiatric Center Accredited

The Pilgrim Psychiatric Center in West Brentwood, L.L. has been re-accredited by the Chicago-based Joint Committee on the Accreditation of Hospitals. The committee had revoked the state hospital's professional accreditation last April, because it found the quality of patient care inadequate. In the last few months Pilgrim has undertaken an improvement program in which the hospital has been reorganized into 15 separate units. The program also calls for the hiring of 300 additional employees.

## Jersey Abortion Curb Is Stayed

A temporary Federal court order restraining the state from enforcing the new law banning Medicaid payments for abortion except to save the mother's life was obtained by the New Jersey chapter of the American Civil Liberties Union. Judge George E. Barlow in Federal District Court in Trenton signed the order in response to an A.C.L.U. suit challenging the constitutionality of the statute, which was signed into law by Governor Byrne last month. The A.C.L.U. action was filed on behalf of five pregnant women, five physicians and a Planned Parenthood Association abortion clinic in Jersey City. A hearing on the merits of the suit has been set for Feb. 2.

## Ban on Coin Dealer Continued

Justice Samuel A. Spiegler of State Supreme Court refused to set aside a preliminary injunction he issued on July 10, 1974, barring a California dealer in silver coins from doing business in New York. His original ruling prohibited Monex International Ltd. of Long Beach, from contracting to buy silver coins through its broker, the Pacific Coast Coin Exchange, at 230 Park Avenue. It followed charges by Attorney General Louis J. Lefkowitz that the dealers took investors' money but failed to buy the coins.

## City Inspector Is Guilty of Extortion

Leonard G. Glanman, 51, a construction inspector in the city's Department of Buildings, was convicted in State Supreme Court on a plea of guilty to extorting \$400 from two physicians for alleged Building Code violations. Justice Burton B. Roberts set March 15 for sentencing Mr. Glanman in one of 41 Building Department employees in Manhattan who have been indicted for extortion or receiving bribes since last June in a major construction scandal. Three others have been convicted and 37 are awaiting trial.

## City Contributes Typhoid Tests

Tests on employees of Patricia Murphy's Candlelight Restaurant at 12 East 49th Street were continued in an effort to find a possible carrier who may have infected at least four patrons with typhoid fever. The restaurant was closed by the city's Health Department on what a spokesman called "very strong evidence" that the restaurant was the source of the disease. Results of the tests are not expected before Monday.

## Yonkers Dismisses 73 Employees

Seventy-three municipal employees were dismissed as Yonkers, responding to fiscal restraints imposed by its Emergency Financial Control Board, moved toward balancing its budget. City Manager J. Emmet Casey said seniority was the prevailing factor in selecting those to be laid off. An additional 48 city employees are expected to be let go next week and 263 teachers are scheduled to be dismissed Feb. 1.

# Rheingold Workers Accept a \$1 Million Settlement

By DAMON STETSON

Production workers who are losing their jobs at Rheingold's Brooklyn brewery voted yesterday to accept \$1 million in settlement of their unexpired contract with the company, which is shifting its brewing operations to Orange, N. J.

A spokesman for Rheingold said the company would continue to distribute beer brewed in Orange from its 122-year-old plant in the Bushwick section of Brooklyn.

Seek Jobs in Jersey

But 300 production employees, many of them with 25 to 30 years of service, are losing their jobs. About 650 of the 950 employees on the Brooklyn payroll will be retained. The Rheingold spokesman said, to handle maintenance, warehouse duties and distribution.

"We're not really happy [with the settlement]," said John Hoch, president of Teamsters Local 3, which represents the production workers, "but under the circumstances we could not expect to do better. We have a contract with the company and we thought they should live up to it." The contract was to have expired June 1.

Some of the workers being laid off in Brooklyn have applied for jobs in Rheingold's New Jersey plant. Mr. Hoch said, but he did not anticipate many opportunities for the Brooklyn men in Orange. A company spokesman said there was no information available on possible new employment in Orange at this time.

While the laid-off workers exuded gloom and uncertainty about their futures, the news that Rheingold was going to shift its Brooklyn brewing operations to Orange was greeted with enthusiasm in New Jersey. George E. Engler Sr., president of the Orange Chamber of Commerce, said businessmen and city officials there were "very happy" at the Rheingold decision.

"We have had a substantial facility here," Mr. Engler said of the Rheingold plant, "but we were afraid of losing it. Now we not only retain the plant but it could be expanded."

He noted that Orange had lost a big plant of the Monroe Calculator Company and said Rheingold was now the city's biggest taxpayer.

"Psychologically, it's excellent news that Rheingold's going to stay," he said. "Mayor [Carmine E.] Capone deserves credit for offering help and cooperation. And I understand Governor Byrne gave some assurances on help in obtaining adequate financing. Yes, the city fathers and everyone in the business community are very happy."

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# Job-Incentive Plan

## City Offer to Cut Realty Taxes and Rents At Least Gives Illusion of Business Space

By MICHAEL KAPLAN

Mayor Beame's offer last week to negotiate lower real estate taxes and lower rents on city-owned land with businesses willing to create jobs in New York is another example of government officials doing what they can about difficult problems rather than doing what is needed. The proposal would give limited tax relief to a relatively small number of companies that might qualify for the incentives, and under conditions that many businessmen might not like, among them profit sharing with the city. Whether such aid would compensate these businesses for the additional taxes the city and state laid on their backs last year is open to question.

But taking money out of the pockets of all businesses through higher taxes and then putting a little back into the pockets of a few through incentives is hardly the kind of broad-gauged weapon that is going to turn around the trend that has, over the last six years, taken half a million jobs out of the city's economy.

Yet this is the trend the Mayor and his Economic Development Administrator, Alfred E. Eisenpreis, have been trying—without success—to reverse. Why, then, are such programs proposed? Because they give the illusion that government is doing something constructive about a highly visible problem, and because they don't cost anything, at least immediately.

Reason for Incentive

Are such incentives cost free? Yes, in a sense they are. If city-owned land is standing idle, then any rent the city takes in on the land, even if it is less than the market rent, is new income that would be getting without the low-rent incentive.

The city would be ahead even if, as is possible under the Beame-Eisenpreis program, it bought land and rented it to a new company at less than the cost of its capital because the new business would be adding more to the city's revenues through its own taxes and the taxes of the new workers it hired.

But the city would get the full benefits of this mechanism only if the newly hired workers were and remained city residents. There are no provisions in the program for insuring this.

If a company invested money in improving a property, it would not cost the city anything if it deteriorated or abandoned or scaled down the real estate tax it could claim on the improvement. The city still would get the tax it had levied on the property before it was improved, and it would benefit from the new business taxes the company would pay and from the income and sales taxes the new workers would pay.

But how tempting would the lower tax and lower rent incentives be? They would lessen only one of the costs of doing business—the cost for space. Yet because of the long-term decline of the city's economy, space costs have dropped dramatically in the last few years. Millions of square feet of office and factory space, much of it new, sits vacant and is being offered at very low rents, but this has not tempted many companies to expand or to settle here.

The reason is that other costs like energy and labor have remained high, and because there is a real danger that state and city taxes may rise again. On Wednesday, the Citizens Budget Commission warned that debt service on the city's short and long term borrowings in the 1966-67 fiscal year could force the real estate tax now pegged at \$3.19 up to over \$3.70 for each \$100 of assessed value.

This is why businessmen and economists who have been assessing the incentives since they were announced last Saturday think they may not attract much new investment to the city.

What would make a difference—not just to the limited number of businesses that may take the incentives, but to all businesses here—would be a narrowing of the fiscal differential between this state and other states. Yet this is something government apparently cannot do.

## A Fittle Hope

Hope for reducing taxes in New York in the immediate future hardly exists. Indeed, the fiscal problems of the city and the state, the expectation is that it will take heroic efforts just to keep taxes from rising above their current high levels.

Another kind of incentive, however, might be more useful. This would be a easing of the credit against corporate taxes the state now grants when companies make job-creating investments, and liberalizing of the limited conditions under which such credits are granted. This would encourage investments by all companies, not just by the marginal companies that would be eligible under the new city program, and which could not operate profitably without incentives.

Does this mean that the city incentives have no value at all? No, they have at least a symbolic value as a signal to the business community that the political community recognizes that something must be done to lessen the cost of doing business here.

They also have the value of lessening the competitive edge of other cities and states, which have been offering such incentives in a variety of forms for many years.

But, like the communities that got into the incentive-offering mode earlier, New York probably will find that cheap office or factory space will not be enough to attract the large sums in new venture capital Mr. Beame and Mr. Eisenpreis want to see invested here.

# Witnesses at Matricide Hearing Alter Testimony on Phone Calls

By MICHAEL KNIGHT

Special to The New York Times

LITCHFIELD, Conn., Jan. 16

Two witnesses today at the hearings on a request by Peter Reilly for a new trial in the killing of his mother gave testimony that placed the time of a key telephone call up to 10 minutes later than had been believed.

Counsel for the 20-year-old Mr. Reilly contended that the additional times proved that he could not have slashed, stabbed and stomped his mother to death as described to the jury that convicted him on manslaughter charges almost two years ago.

Marion Madow, a friend and neighbor of Mr. Reilly and at whose home he has lived since being released on \$50,000 bail in February 1974, repeated the testimony she gave at the trial—that she received a call from Mr. Reilly about his mother's death while watching a television movie called "Kelly's Heroes."

Focus on Time

Originally, Mrs. Madow had testified the call had come at 10:10 P.M. or 10:20 P.M. on Sept. 28, 1973, many minutes after he first policeman arrived at the tiny house Mr. Reilly shared with his mother, 51-year-old Barbara Gibbons.

Mrs. Madow later changed that testimony to some time between 9:40 and 9:50 P.M. after learning that "Kelly's Heroes" had been broadcast by WFSB-TV in Hartford starting at 9:30.

Today she testified that the call came during a scene in which the last man to board an Army tank before it crossed a bridge had climbed aboard.

Earlier Michael Marden, director of public time fiction on the CBS television network, testified that his network had transmitted such a scene from New York to all its affiliated stations at 10 seconds after 9:50 P.M.

Under questioning by John F. Bianchi, the State's Attorney who had prosecuted the original trial, Mr. Marden said that the local station might conceivably have omitted or delayed that sequence, but could not possibly have shown it any earlier.

One of Mr. Reilly's lawyers, T. S. Gibroy Daly, is asking for a new trial, contending that new evidence has come to light that will exonerate the youth. He is also contending that another person had both the motive and the opportunity to commit the crime.

Mr. Reilly's case has attracted much attention, including that of Arthur Miller, the playwright, who brought Mr. Daly into the case but who as yet has not attended the hearings.

Another witness today also amended previous testimony to place events on the night of the murder later than had previously been indicated. Joanne Bornemann, daughter-in-law of Dr. Charles Bornemann, had told police investigators that Mr. Reilly called asking for medical help for his mother sometime between 9 and 10 P.M. that day.



The New York Times Peter Reilly

# Inmate Here Freed (It Was His Own Idea)

A prisoner on trial on charges of attempted murder of armed robbery walked out of the Queens House of Correction for Men yesterday morning in place of another man who had completed a 15-day sentence for petty larceny but was, he said, asleep at release time.

It was the second such erroneous release in the last 10 months at the jail, at 126-02 82d Avenue in Kew Gardens, and it prompted a variety of caustic official comments.

"A farce," said Peter Tufi, chairman of the watchdog board of Correction.

"Ignorance, carelessness," said a detective at the 107th precinct station after a day-long investigation of the incident.

"It would appear to me there was slippage," said the warden Commissioner, Benjamin J. Malcolm, who ordered a full investigation by his department's inspector general.

The fugitive, 24-year-old Charles Williams, had been sentenced to 25 years imprisonment in Michigan earlier in his year for bank robbery, and was on trial here in connection with a supermarket holdup last summer. He was taken out of the lockup yesterday at 9:35 A.M. in place of Kevin Lakin, 23, of 152-25 134th Avenue, Jamaica.

Authorities said Mr. Williams had been in possession of Mr. Lakin's inmate-identity card, and used it to get out standardized release checks both in his cellblock and at an office where departing prisoners have their fingerprints, signatures and appearance compared with data in Correction Department files.

Departing inmates also are usually asked a series of identifying questions, such as date of birth or name of mother. It was unclear whether such questions were asked of Mr. Williams yesterday. Commissioner Malcolm said.

A Queens detective who investigated the incident said: "Their fingerprints didn't look alike. Their faces didn't look alike. Their signatures didn't look alike. It was just ignorance, carelessness on the part of the correction department."

Mr. Lakin said that he had no idea how Mr. Williams got his identity card, and that he had been asleep during the release procedures, according to officials. After questioning, Mr. Lakin was released last night.

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# Handcraft Swapping at Drive-Ins: A Bit of California Dreamin'

By JOHN LEONARD

Special to The New York Times

LOS ANGELES—What do drive-in theaters do during the daytime? At night, of course, seen from the police helicopter that patrols for skulkers, their bright, yellow, square screens seem to be trying to talk to one another, or to Aemaphor Mars, as though they were extraterrestrial dominoes, marooned in gravity, wondering why so many internal combustion engines had come to worship them. But what do they think about—these empty parking lots, these boneyards of prefab dreams—when the sun shines?

Commerce, it appears. The latest way that Californians have discovered to use up their golden hours is by going to what is called a "Swap Meet." (To be sure, there are swap meets in New Jersey, on Long Island, even in Georgia. Nobody, however, is interested in how people use up their lives in New Jersey, Long Island or Georgia.)

A swap meet is a variation on the flea market, or a kind of metastasized garage sale. Two or three times a week, usually on weekends, the parking lots of drive-in theaters are turned over to the smallest of small-businessmen, freelance peddlers, vagrant artists, trinket salesmen, crafts people. For a nominal fee, ranging from \$5 to \$10 a day, anyone who wants to can rent a patch of asphalt, build a booth or pitch a tent, and hawk his wares.

### Predictable California Clientele

The emphasis is on the handmade items. They are as various (beads, blankets, belts, blouses, toys, cozies, flower pots, wine racks, sculptured driftwood, decorated tiles, gimcracks that seem to have been wrenched from some libidinal distress) as their salesmen (gaunt, giggly, spaced-out, weather-beaten, messianic, hobbyistic). The clientele is standard California Motley, refugees from catastrophes of family life or the imagination, nomads hopping out of sports cars or station wagons, with or without sunglasses, wearing platform heels or Earth Shoes, polyester hipsters or Albanian fatigue jackets, looking as if at any moment their licenses might be revoked.

What can't be sold is often swapped—a painting for a pendant, macramé for metalwork. Bartering isn't just allowed, it's encouraged. A barter economy is said to be a primitive economy, perhaps because it consults only the desires of the principals, eliminates middlemen, and militates against the accumulation of capital. The swap-meet mentality is to full flight from that world of commissions, interest rates, invisible credit, installment buying, mass manufacture, loophole warranties. It's cash on the line, or an exchange of artifacts. No orders are accepted. What you see is what you get, if you want it.

Innocent enough. And yet if one were to peer through a magnifying lens at an aerial photograph of a Southern California Saturday morning, two observations could be made.

First, a peculiar inversion seems to have occurred. In the medieval European city, before the coming of the guilds, artisans gathered outside the gates with their tools and talent. The city since then has exploded, on the one hand, into exurbs, and to have condensed, on the other, into little gatedoms, drive-in thea-



At swap meet in California, freelance peddlers, vagrant artists, trinket salesmen and crafts people meet.

ters, cul-de-sacs of craft, to which the ex-urbanites hie themselves for a bracelet or a basket.

Second, and closer to home, isn't this what we did to our Indians? Take away the arable land, the hunting and fishing, and you set up a proletariat for the production of "native" souvenirs: you establish reservations for the sale of shawls, pipes, feathers, rings, spears and totem poles. A legislated quaintness prevails. In industrialized cultures, most of us are tourists. Our passion is to secure tokens of honest work, folk art, the real thing, crude but true, strange yet domestic, somehow cute, always elsewhere.

Handcraft is safe nostalgia. As our swinging historians and critics have asserted, we're a nation haunted by Indian dreams, from Chingachook to J. C. Flippen to the flower child to the Symbionese Liberation Army. How nice that most of those ambiguous dreams can be sublimated into prayer mats and scrimshaw, into glad rags and knickknacks.

The self-sustaining craftsman was one of several Indian dreams of the 60's, when a lot of people decided that the land in Woody Guthrie's sense was not their land. Wearing headbands and beads, braids and moccasins, a few disappeared into drugs, a few into amplified music, a few into violence, and many into crafts.

### Phenomenon of the 60's

The street bazaar—leather, oils, clay, stone, thread, bronze—was a 60's phenomenon, a permanent county fair inside megacities, a bunch of problematical medocists obstructing pedestrian traffic on Telegraph Avenue in Berkeley, or Santa Cruz, or Tucson. It assumed itself to be native, dispossessed, and the rest of us to be tourists, occupying forces.

At the same time, many who were not so young; who had, in fact, careers in banking, law, education, science and finance; who had split their lives into work and hobby, work being the making of money and security; bobby

being the making of satisfaction and beauty; who were troubled by the gap between what they wanted to be and what they were obliged to do—decided to see if they could promote their hobbies into livelihoods, thousands of them on the West Coast alone.

If, on the streets, profiteers muscled in with crates of junk from Tijuana and Taiwan, using their elbows to stake out an intersection, in the shops men and women of a different breed gambled that, somewhere in the interstices of the adman consumer grid, in the flab of affluence, they could support their families with their eyes, hands, stamina and lovingness, their seven-day weeks at the potter's or the driver's wheel.

One finds these men and women at the handful of big arts and crafts shows every year, like Westgate and Tahoe; at the 70 or 80 little shows throughout the West, like Eureka; at the street festivals, like Polk and Chestnut in San Francisco. They man their booths from 8 in the morning to 10:30 at night,

living on chicken sandwiches and thermos coffee.

If they are very poor, they sleep in vans or trailers; if they are moderate they check in at a Motel 6, a Western, at which, for \$7 a night, you get a bit in a clean room without a TV set or an amenity. When the show closes, they drive back across the nearest available main range to the shop where they their next batch of objects.

They are easy enough to distinguish: the youngsters who want to score for \$100 on a weekend of third-rate brooding, thence to retire for pot and food. Their splendid singularity, an obsessive distinguishes them. Even when they're good—when, for instance, they are not have prospected those rocks, sawed, polished and set them into pendant buckles, wind-chimes—they won't at multiple order from Macy's because stitutes a mortgage on their future. It be a bigger business than they were late is one of the categories they've del to abolish. They respect their own result, not the clock.

One also finds a few of them at swap. It is a desperate expedient, as going in theater always has been. They're because they've been squeezed out of formia's shopping malls, California have "shopping centers," which in the happily accommodated itinerant crafts. Such people, like wooden Indians, trade. When, however, the trade stop the crafts and never got into the "center" started charging fees for exacting bribes for prize locations, and up exclusionary rulebooks: Hair today tomorrow.

### Each a Disneyland Versailles

That was difficult enough. The "centers" transposed themselves into a mall is supposed to be a large are with trees and shrubbery, used as a path or promenade. California disdains malls are domes, bomb shelters, trekkie truly enclosed and secret from the sui is a Disneyified Versailles, a controlled meat, with a programmed emotional for every subdivision of sales, a d Muzak track. Banks, for example, are to look like soda fountains. In such a commercial labyrinth, engineered down to cubic inch of human mood, banks, anarchy and crafts people are unseemly.

And so to drive-ins. It is a caution: mown down the flower children, hay the weed children, choke themselves country isn't likely to tolerate a man's stance beauty-makers camping out in armchairs. Already the Chamber of Commerce has moved in on the festivals in most cities. Already one needs a promoter to good slot at an important show. Already are bureaucrats trying to organize the nomenon, afflict it with committee charge it dues. Already catalogues are published with advice on how to: can your booth, advertise your merchandise, date the whims of the motley, ride the train. The only good Indian is a white Indian.

## 150 Years of Art Honors the Cat In All Its Glory

By LISA HAMMEL

Since every third New Yorker seems to be a cat freak, the current show at the Museum of American Folk Art ought to have great pulling power.

Staring out at you from 122 paintings, drawings, quilts, sculpture and what-have-you, is the cat: subject of superstition, symbol of mystery, beloved pet, gracer of the hearth, hunter extraordinary aloof, contented, curious, complacent, the cat in all its hauteur, in the full feather of its remote elegance, in astonished kitten confusion, as barely consenting companion, as cuddly comfort: the infinite variety of the cat.

The show, spanning more than 150 years of American folk art, includes a multitude of media, and thus is a kind of summary of the folk mode. There is, for example, a cat boot-scraper, cat weather-vanes, a carousel cat, a fence-post ornament, stuffed cat toys, a walking stick, a house pediment and a grave-

stoe. In addition, of course, to the drawings and paintings. Since these creatures are being depicted by unschooled artisans, not all of them look exactly like cats. There appear to be, among the felines, some walruses, bull dogs, retrievers, ducks, mice, surprised or irritated rabbits and one inverted dromedary.

But when the artist is able to seize the image and transport it to canvas or wood or fabric or metal, it is with a depth of penetration often not found among more sophisticated limners. The folk artist at his best, working with more enthusiasm than draftsmanship, seems able to penetrate beyond form to that subtle, flickering, capricious, ever-changing, enchanting spirit that is the heart of the cat.

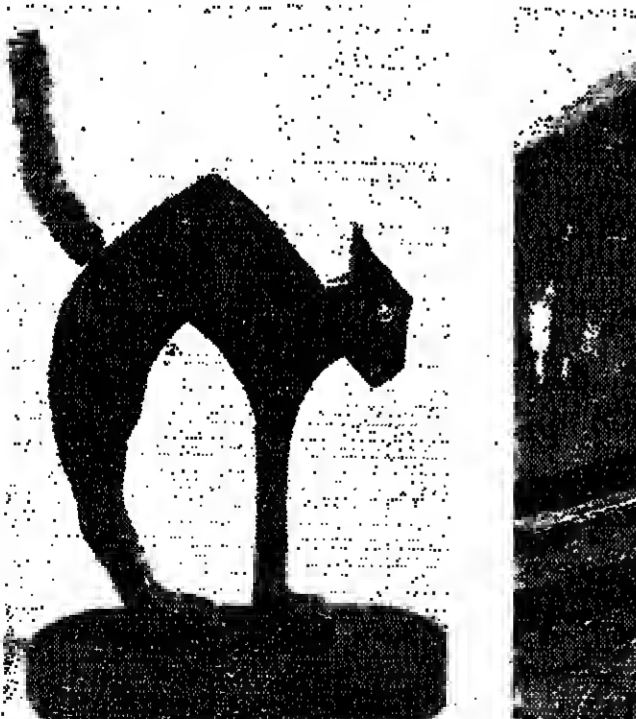
Cat lovers and their friends— and even aeturophobes— are welcome at the museum, 49 West 53d Street, Tuesday through Sunday until March 26, when the show ends.

And if you want to carry some of the show away with



The cat as mouser decorates hit of scrimshaw, a whale's tooth.

you, there is a catalogue for sale, "American Catalogue: The Cat in American Folk Art," by the museum's director, Bruce Johnson. The paperback book, published by Avoo for \$4.95, contains pictures of all the works in the show, along with a number of folk tales about cats. It is also available in bookstores.



One can almost hear the hissing of arched-back cat, left, a carved wooden figure with a bristle brush for a tail, done by an unknown artist. At right, complacent cat sits atop an elaborately carved wooden pediment, full of owls and angels, which adorned a house in York, Pa. It dates from around 1830.

## Her Successful Business Was Too Success

By VIRGINIA LEE WARREN

By the time the last of her four children had been in school a few months, Jill Krueger thought she had had enough of staying at home doing needlepoint and making bead flowers. She thought she would get into some kind of business, probably something to do with food since she was an accomplished cook. Her husband agreed to her plan to spend one day a week on a business of her own.

But in no time at all Mrs. Krueger was working long hours and seven days a week. It had started casually. She and a neighbor, Susan Axelrod, made a few quiches in the neighbor's kitchen and froze them, hoping to sell them in their own Five Towns area of Long Island's South Shore.

Instead, the partners were soon supplying 100 Manhattan restaurants with cheesecakes, brownies, coffee cakes, bread-and-butter puddings and a half dozen kinds of pies as well as a variety of quiches. They incorporated, and opened a store, Love & Quiches Ltd.

Mrs. Krueger loved the over-enthusiasm and challenge. But suddenly, two years after she had started her business, she walked away from success; she had decided it was taking over her life. That was last April and since then she has been staying at home.

Now Mrs. Krueger is about to go into business again, but on a scale so small that she won't have to leave her own kitchen. In the meantime she is in demand as a speaker for women's groups. Women, many of whom would like to do something on their own, are undoubtedly impressed, as Mrs. Krueger tells her story, by the thought of the excitement and of mooney rollick in. But there is a certain fascination also in Mrs. Krueger's account of how naive she and her partner had been.

"I didn't know I was supposed to keep duplicates of bills," she said the other day in the quiet of her living room. "Our accounts never balanced. Also, even after we'd got up to more than 200 quiches a week we were still buying our ingredients in a supermarket instead of wholesale. We used to load up three shopping carts with 5-pound bags of sugar—this always fascinated the other customers—and we stored the bags all over Sue's

house." Mrs. Krueger tells her tale a bit wryly sometimes, but more often with a sense of wonder that, in spite of it, everything had turned out so well.

After the two women had settled on recipes for the quiches—they tested them on their friends, usually at Sunday brunch—they realized that the pie pans from the supermarket weren't strong enough; each quiche weighed two pounds. A baker told them where he got his pans but when they went to buy some they were told the minimum order was \$,000. They finally found some pans in odd lots.

They found that the plastic bags to hold the frozen quiches presented the same problem. A cousin of Mrs. Axelrod's finally let them have 500 bags—pink ones. Labels? The smallest order the printer would take was for 20,000.

"When my husband heard that," Mrs. Krueger said, "he offered to have them mimeographed at his office."

Sales to Restaurants After four months of trial runs the partners sold their first large order—100 quiches in five varieties—to a supermarket. Soon after that a friend suggested selling to restaurants and arranged some interviews. Upshot: they started selling to six restaurants.

The restaurants buying from them increased, and wanted pecan pies as well as quiches. After pecan pies came chocolate nut, chocolate cheese, mocha cheese, plain cheese and apple cheese, each with a different variety of crust.

"We bought a secondhand commercial mixer that could make dough for 24 pies at one time," said Mrs. Krueger, "but we were still rolling the crusts by hand."

They decided they had to have another freezer. "We got one that would hold 150 pies," said Mrs. Krueger. "But then with the extra freezer space we made still more pies. We found we couldn't keep up with the rolling of the crusts—we already had Sue's maid help with it—and so we bought a pie press: it would stamp the dough into the right shape for the pans."

Next they found they needed a freezer truck to deliver the growing number of pies. By then it became plain to the partners that they had to get out of the Axelrod kitchen and garage.



Mrs. Krueger's husband objected. He had been a guinea pig for her pecan pies, he had mimeographed the label, but he tried to talk her out of going into the store.

Go into a store they did. "We installed commercial ovens which would let us bake 160 pies at once," Mrs. Krueger said. It was here that they became Love & Quiches Ltd.

No sooner had they gotten settled in their store than orders mounted to at least 600 pies a week. This called for a walk-in freezer. It also called for Mrs. Krueger to work every day in the store.

The hiring of extra help at the store led to payroll worries. "I gave up and got an accountant and lawyer," she said.

Then Mrs. Krueger decided to give it all up. Her father was in the hospital and she couldn't go to see him as often as she wanted to. Two of her sons became ill. "That did it," she said. "I told my husband, 'You're right, it's too much, I've had it.' She sold her share of the business to Mrs. Axelrod.

Jill Krueger still making just a quiches to sell soon had such a business that it was taking over her life. Now she plans an easier schedule of cooking lessons at her home.

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# Cheap TV Time in Iowa Aids Drives by 3 Democrats

By JOSEPH LELYVELD  
Special to The New York Times

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 16 — To the bemusement of a generally indifferent and inattentive viewing public, three of the six Presidential candidates in next week's Democratic caucus here have turned to television and radio to reach the small number of voters who will determine the contest's outcome.

No more than 45,000 active Democrats are expected to show up for the caucus meetings Monday night. That is barely 10 percent of all registered Democrats in Iowa, and less than 3 percent of the number of adult TV viewers in the Des Moines, Cedar Rapids and Sioux City television markets.

By conventional calculations, using the mass media to hit 30 tiny target is analogous to hunting quail with a howitzer. "Plainly and clearly, it's crazy," commented Dick Sykes, the coordinator of the Birch Bayh campaign here, who has been relying on traditional direct mail and phone canvassing techniques to promote the Indiana senator.

The Bayh campaign, which has yet to do any filming of TV commercials for its candidate, won't spend one dollar on television and radio in Iowa. Mr. Sykes said he had never inquired into the cost of TV time here, figuring that whatever it cost it was a waste of money.

Relative Cheapness  
The campaign managers who did inquire were struck by the relative cheapness of TV time in Iowa. The first television "buy" was made by Jim Carter, the former Georgia Governor, who eschewed brief spot commercials and put all his TV money instead into four separate five-minute commercials.

The Carter campaign discovered that five minutes in the middle of the early-morning "Today" show in Des Moines cost only \$75. In New York, by contrast, a bare 30 seconds on the show costs \$400. Every morning this week there have been five minutes of Jimmy Carter in the middle of the "Today" show's first hour here.

Elsewhere in the state, the Carter commercials were placed as close as possible to the evening news shows, on the theory that the typical caucus voter was, by definition, more than commonly interested in public affairs.

Retrying even further on the active interest of the voters, the Carter campaign put an advertisement in the Des Moines Register and other newspapers announcing the schedule of the commercials. "Spend a Few Minutes With Jimmy Carter," it invited. The ad was reinforced with a mailing of the schedule to 12,000 former caucus voters.

Carter Commercials  
This schedule described the commercials as "documentaries on Jimmy." They show him in campaign appearances here and elsewhere in the country, or on his peanut farm in Plains, Ga., where he leans on a fence next to a shack in which he once lived and reminisces about his boyhood.

Starting today, the Carter campaign is blanketing the state with 60-second radio commercials. By Monday, its total television and radio spending in Iowa will come to just under \$11,000, a little less than one-third of its reported spending here.

That means that former Senator Fred R. Harris of Oklahoma will probably emerge as the top media spender in Iowa, with a total investment in the airways of \$13,400. The original Harris plan was to concentrate on country music radio stations and farm broadcasts, but a look at the television rates led to purchases of TV spots as well.

Frank Greer, who holds the title of "media coordinator" in the Harris campaign, said that he would have liked to put on five-minute commercials but did not have enough of his film edited in time for Iowa.

Harris Campaign  
To get the same effect the Harris campaign relied on two special 15-minute radio broadcasts. The schedules for these were mailed out to potential caucus voters, who were invited to tune in. They were supplemented by radio and TV spots purchased, as in the Carter campaign, as close to news programs as possible.

There are similarities not only in the media strategies of the Carter and Harris campaigns here but also in the design of their advertising. Like the Georgian, the Oklahoman is shown returning to his roots. At the start of one of his commercials, he is sitting, wearing a business suit, in an abandoned shack on a farm once share-cropped by his father in Walters, Okla.

The closest thing to an intensive TV campaign that Iowa has seen was staged for six days, ending Wednesday by Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona. His ads—all 30-second spots, in which he is shown without any visual trappings or background—were hastily produced after the Udall campaign discovered that Mr. Carter was planning to use television.

Mr. Udall, who made no use of radio, spent \$10,500 on television, more than either of his rivals. Random interviews with past caucus voters in a middle class neighborhood here indicated that the Udall ads, because of their frequency, had been more widely seen than those for the other candidates.

But, because of their brevity, they also seemed to have made less of an impression. In none of the four different spots was the candidate able to say more than four sentences; in all of them, he seemed slightly ill at ease and rushed.

Although TV advertising has not been overwhelming in Iowa, it has certainly been more prominent than news coverage of the caucus campaign on television. Strikingly, in the campaign's final week, it has been getting more coverage on network television and from the national press than it is receiving locally.



Senator Robert C. Byrd of West Virginia relaxes after addressing a business convention in Boca Raton, Fla. The Democrat, although entered in the Florida Presidential primary, delivered a nonpolitical speech.

## Harris Wants Higher Tax Imposed on Capital Gains

By CHARLES MOHR  
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 — Fred R. Harris, a Democratic Presidential aspirant, said today that he advocated a change in Federal tax laws that would tax most capital gains at the same rate as other income and the elimination of some tax benefits of value primarily to oil companies and multinational corporations.

The former Oklahoma Senator, who calls himself a "new populist," outlined his views at a breakfast meeting with 20 Washington political journalists.

At the meeting, he amplified the attacks on "the super-rich" that have characterized his campaign for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

However, in response to questions later today, a spokesman said that Mr. Harris was not suggesting the elimination of tax provisions that are beneficial primarily to middle-income voters, such as the tax deduction for interest payments on mortgages.

Mr. Harris said that he advocated an additional total tax cut of \$10 billion involving most taxpayers, partly because that would stimulate economic growth and employment, and a tightening of tax advantages now enjoyed primarily by those making \$50,000 a year or more.

Tax Studies Cited  
He said that some studies had indicated that the elimination of the preferential tax rate on capital gains, which is half that on ordinary income, would add \$13 billion or more to Federal tax revenues.

Treasury Secretary William E. Simon has suggested that tax legislation should be made more favorable for investors by reducing taxes on some capital gains, and the Ford Administration may suggest legislation on this later this year.

Mr. Harris also called for an end to the tax allowance for oil depletion and intangible drilling costs for oil companies and for the elimination of tax provisions on deferred income and export operations that benefit multinational corporations and their subsidiaries.

Mr. Harris said that before he left the Senate in 1972, he advocated legislation that would in effect have reduced the depletion allowance benefit for oil companies, but he conceded in response to a question that he had never as a Senator worked directly against the depletion allowance.

Mr. Harris also reiterated a pledge to "make known the names of the person or persons who are considering as a Vice Presidential running mate before the election."

He said it was the Federal Government's responsibility to uphold the constitutional rights of every citizen if these rights were denied by the state.

In an interview, however, he said that if elected President, he would not order troops into a city like Boston to implement a court desegregation order that involved "forced busing."

"No, I would not," he said in response to a question. "I think the judge's orders [in Boston] were wrong."

He made a distinction between court-ordered busing in Little Rock, Ark., in the 1950's and the situation in Boston, saying that in the latter case, the Federal Government had helped children attend the schools of their choice, whereas in Boston, he said, the courts were forcing children into schools they did not want to attend.

Seated in the rear of a campaign bus that carried the candidate along back roads through the snowy countryside, Mr. Harris also acknowledged that he had not formulated a plan to meet the challenge of a crisis in Social Security, although he has repeatedly remarked in the villages of New Hampshire this week that, as President, he would reform the \$2.25 trillion imbalance that he said exists in the system.

Questions about Social Security from elderly voters warmly bundled against the cold, regularly came up in the question-and-answer sessions Mr. Harris conducts as part of his campaign.

In his standard reply, he makes a point of stressing that his reform would not involve a reduction in payments to the elderly, an assertion that up to now has satisfied his listeners.

In the interview today, the candidate, wearing a California-styled checked sport coat, said

## G.O.P. Chiefs Meet in Chicago; Discuss Unity for '76 Campaign

By WARREN WEAVER Jr.  
Special to The New York Times

CHICAGO, Jan. 16 — Republican leaders made a show of unity today as they met to coordinate their Congressional campaign with their party's national presidential plans.

With the division between President Ford and Ronald Reagan and their followers, deepening, Republican state chairmen from more than 40 states were assured by party leaders that competition was not necessarily fatal to long-range Republican prospects.

"I don't see it as being a divisive, blood-letting thing at all," Mary Louise Smith, the national chairman, said of the actions by the former California Governor of denying renomination to the Republican President.

Mr. Ford sent a telegram to the meeting calling for "a united Republican Party" that maximizes areas of agreement and minimizes internal conflict.

Mrs. Smith told a news conference at the Marriott Hotel here that the Republican National Committee was "responsible for doing the organizing things that have to be done no matter who wins the nomination. She demonstrated her understanding by inviting spokesmen for both candidates to talk to the chairmen.

Divisive Actions Barred  
John P. Sears, executive vice chairman of Citizens for Reagan, said that the former Governor had committed himself against any divisive activity that might be destructive to the party. He said that the primary competition could make the winner a stronger nominee and reinvigorate the party.

Howard H. Callaway, Mr. Ford's campaign manager, said that after his candidate's nomination—"We have no concern about that"—his campaign would be "a model of close cooperation" with the Republican National Committee, state chairmen and state and local candidates.

Mr. Callaway appeared to be saying that the President would not exact any political reparations from party leaders and candidates who supported Mr. Reagan in the primaries, if he found his erstwhile position to do so after the conversion.

The Republican chairmen Staff experts from the national committee told the chairmen that they expected to have a national phone program "ready to go" by convention time, to provide state and local party committees with all the information they needed to turn out the Republican vote.

The committee has put together a household list of 53 million telephone numbers, identified by name, address and census tract, but not by political precinct or district. This is said to be the largest bloc of such valuable information ever assembled in this country.

U.S. SEEKS TO CURB 'GAS' EVAPORATION  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP) — The Environmental Protection Agency announced today proposed new standards to limit evaporation of gasoline from cars and light trucks.

## Reagan Suggests Poor Can Leave States Cool to Aid

Reagan, who is vying for the Presidency in New Hampshire, suggested at a gathering in Dublin that Republicans had broken through in dislodging the barriers of racial integration in the South.

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"We feel it's a little ridiculous for the national press to put so much emphasis on it." The Des Moines Register has given the campaign regular coverage but is devoting less space to it now than either The Washington Post or The New York Times. The newspaper is performing a service for its readers by keeping the caucuses in a reasonable perspective, its editors feel.



A perennial favorite, these machine-washable, 100% cotton seersucker blanket covers are trimmed and finished with matching, machine-washable satin bands. Choose from pink, maize, blue, bone or white. Specially priced for January!

Home of MOSSE Linens  
New York • 717 Madison Avenue • 10021 • (212) TE 8-0650  
Palm Beach • 347 Worth Avenue • 33480 • (305) 653-4414

WINE MERCHANT WM. SOKOLIN on F. SCHOONMAKER  
Frank Schoonmaker passed away last Sunday. He represented excellence. I did not know him well, though I was influenced by his thoughts, mementos, and rhythms... He affected my being.

D. SOKOLIN CO.  
178 Madison Ave. (33-34 St.), NYC  
IMMEDIATE ORDER AND INQUIRY  
LE 2-5893, MU 4-3828  
Open daily to 6:30, Sat. to 6 P.M. Free parking and delivery available. ALL ITEMS SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE. SALE ENDS WITHOUT NOTICE. List on request.

"A long wrap skirt with pockets that work. In denim. In Maine?"  
Ever since we ran our first ad on this new denim skirt, we've had calls from all over. Women in other states, telling us they've been looking everywhere for skirts like these. They even seem a bit surprised finding this one in Maine.  
Well, we have them. And all in wonderfully wearable and washable denim. In a design that'll remain strikingly contemporary.  
The length, the fit, the tailoring are right. The A-line wrap, ample. The post-chop patch pockets are well-scaled, well-detailed.  
Comes in two lengths: just below the knee (\$22), full length (\$28). In small, medium, large, extra-large. (Specify waist size.)  
Please add \$1 for shipping. Illustrated brochure available on request. Better yet, come visit. We're no ordinary store for women's clothing. (And Maine's beautiful.)  
Style & Splomb  
211 MAIN STREET, BIDDEFORD, MAINE 04005

New York's New Playboy Club Needs Bunnies  
The money's good, the work exciting, the opportunities for travel, excellent. It's a sophisticated world—and it's yours if you qualify to be a Playboy Bunny.  
The New York Playboy Club will open soon. And it will need attractive, young, personable women (married or single) to be Bunnies.  
Interested? Then bring your swimsuit or leotard and a pair of three-inch heels to the St. Moritz, 50 Central Park South between 1 and 9 P.M. January 14, 15, 16 or 17.  
The New York Playboy Club  
An Equal Opportunity Employer

Living on chicken sandwiches...  
If they are very...  
They are easy...  
The youngsters who...  
They are easy...  
The youngsters who...  
They are easy...  
The youngsters who...

Too Succ...  
FUR FANTASY  
OPEN SUNDAY 11:00  
NEW YORK FACTORY  
1000 5th Ave. N.Y.C.  
1-800-451-1111

REMEMBER THE NEEDIEST!

Over-the-Counter Quotations

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions effected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Table of Over-the-Counter Quotations for Friday, January 16, 1976. Columns include company names, bid/ask prices, and volume. Includes sections for Foreign Securities, Banks and S&I, and Insurance.

AUTHORITY BONDS

United States Government and Agency Bonds

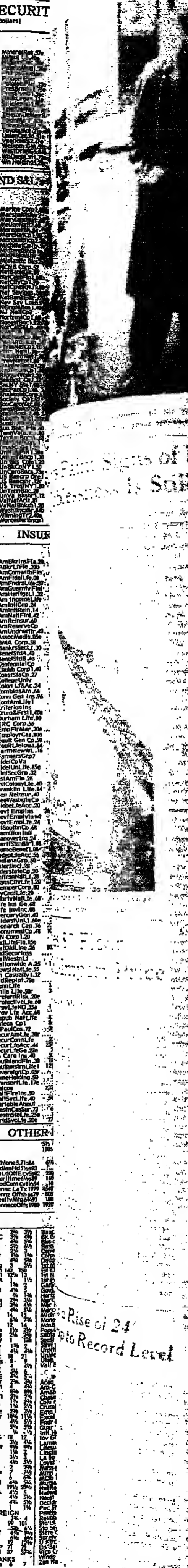
Table of Authority Bonds and United States Government and Agency Bonds. Columns include bond descriptions, yields, and prices.

MUTUAL FUNDS

Table of Mutual Funds. Columns include fund names, share prices, and performance metrics.

Supplementary O-T-C

Table of Supplementary O-T-C (Over-the-Counter) securities. Columns include company names, bid/ask prices, and volume.



Vertical text on the right side of the image, including 'INSUR' and 'OTHER'.

Vertical text at the bottom right, including 'Supplementary O-T-C' and 'A SEV LN 6 7'.





Stock Market Indicators

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1976

Table containing various market indicators including N.Y.S.E. Closing Index, S&P Averages, NASDAQ Index, Amex Closing Index, Dow Jones Stock Averages, N.Y.S.E. Most Active, N.Y.S.E. Market Diary, Dollar Leaders, and Amex Most Active.

Market Place

Margin Interest Charges Declining

By VARTANIG G. VARTAN

Tumbling interest rates brought more smiles to already happy faces on Wall Street yesterday. Just as the bell rang to begin trading at the New York Stock Exchange, the First National City Bank announced a cut in its prime rate to 6 1/2 percent from 7 percent.

Meanwhile, without any formal announcement, another rate of great importance to sophisticated investors who buy stocks on margin also came down. This is the interest rate charged on debit balances—the amount of money owed by a margin-account customer to his broker.

Customer accounts showing a debit balance of \$35,000 or more are charged the minimum rate. The rates are scaled upward depending upon the size of the account. Clients with a debit balance of \$10,000 or less are charged interest at the maximum of 7 1/2 percent.

Lower interest rates for debit balances could stimulate more margin-account buying, another salesman said. "But that's a lag factor rather than a lead factor."

Meanwhile, the New York Stock Exchange has reported that margin debt rose slightly in December—a month when stock prices eased bit—to reach a total of \$5.39 billion. The December increase, marking the fourth consecutive month of rising margin debt, was \$20 million.

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc. lowered its interest charges on margin accounts by a half point. At the world's biggest brokerage house, these rates are now scaled from a minimum of 6 1/2 percent to a maximum of 7 1/2 percent.

Customer accounts showing a debit balance of \$35,000 or more are charged the minimum rate. The rates are scaled upward depending upon the size of the account.

Receive 12 weeks of Value Line for \$29.

If no member of your household has had a subscription to Value Line in the past two years, you may... get this 1800-page Investors Reference Service (ILLUSTRATED ABOVE) at no extra cost under this special introductory trial offer.

For only \$29, half the regular rate, you'll receive all the new full-page reports to be issued in the next 12 weeks on more than 1600 stocks and 75 industries regularly monitored by The Value Line Investment Survey.

You'll find it convenient to have the Investors Reference Service at your fingertips whenever you need facts and figures, as well as Value Line's projected performance ratings on more than 1600 widely-held stocks in 75 industries.

We believe the stock market is now consolidating a base from which to launch a strong, lengthy bull run. We believe now is the time to plan your investments to take the fullest possible advantage of this situation.

THE WALTER REPORT

Is a weekly investment advisory recommending to its subscribers those common stocks which our research indicates are currently... Each stock, once recommended, is followed through weekly in "BUY", "HOLD", or "SELL" listings.

Why HOLT Recommends Selected...

Deep Discount Convertible Bonds

Currently Yielding Up to 14%

Back in the late 1960's—when convertible bonds were being widely trumpeted as the ideal "can't miss" investment vehicle—The Holt Investment Advisory emphatically stated that investors should stay far away from most of these issues.

Today, however, The Holt Advisory believes the time has come to put some funds in certain of these securities. It has therefore compiled a list of 10 convertible bonds, all listed on the New York Stock Exchange, which it considers to be especially attractive.

BONUS OFFER

If you are interested in securities that offer both high current income and good appreciation potential, we think you'll want to read this Special Study, titled "Deep Discount Convertibles." It will be sent to you as a bonus for \$10, with your 2-month introductory subscription to The Holt Investment Advisory (a \$24 value). Use the coupon below.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

STOCKS GAIN 5.12 AS TRADING SLOWS

continued to draw support after the introduction on Tuesday of its SX-70 camera and forecasts of a bright future.

Among the losers, Standard Oil of Ohio fell 1 1/2 to 70. This came on a loss of 3 1/2 on Thursday and 3 1/2 on Wednesday. Analysts blamed reports that the company faced much higher taxes in Alaska on its oil activities there.

Other oil issues that lost a point or more included Atlantic Richfield, Getty Oil and Kerr-McGee.

The major gainer on the most active list, where it was eighth, was Burroughs, up 4 1/2 to close at 97 on a volume of 145,000 shares. On Thursday Burroughs reported sharply higher earnings for the final quarter and full year.

International Business Machines gained 2 1/2 to 242. Trading was halted near noon pending release of the company's earnings report. It too, showed sharply higher earnings for the fourth quarter—\$3.94 a share against \$3.02 in the year-earlier period.

226th CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND PLUS EXTRA DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors of Hemptstead Bank declared at its regular meeting this afternoon an extra dividend of fifteen cents (15¢) per share, in addition to the regular dividend of twenty-five cents (25¢) per share payable February 15, 1976 to shareholders of record at 3 p.m. on January 28, 1976.

Date: JANUARY 15, 1976

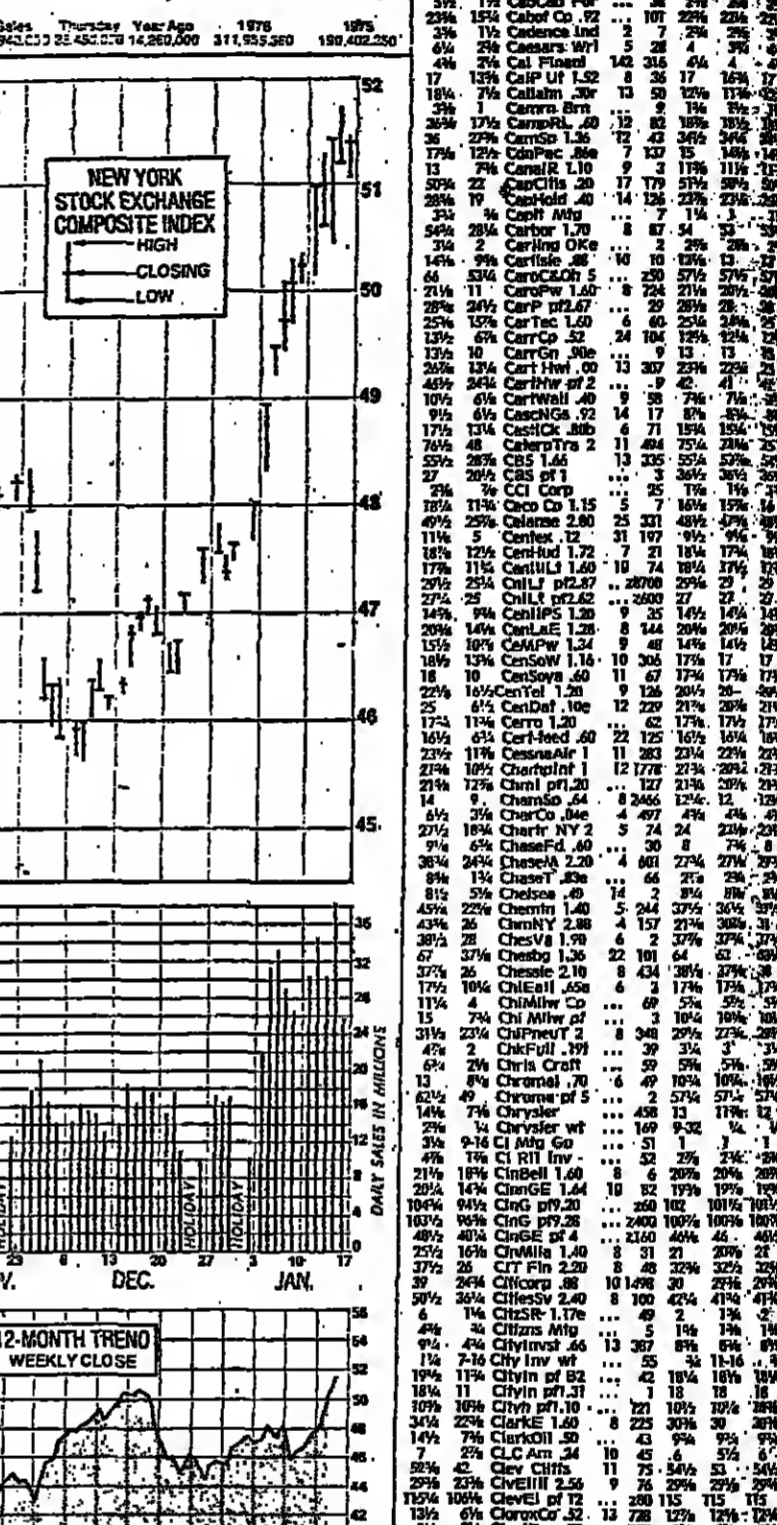
HUGH J. MCCLAIR Vice President & Cashier

HEMPSTEAD BANK

Hempstead, New York

New York Stock Exchange Transactions

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1976



12-MONTH TREND WEEKLY CLOSE

Table of 12-month trend weekly close data for various stocks, including columns for stock name, price, and percentage change.

Continued on Page 38



O.T.C. Market Data

Table listing O.T.C. market data for various stocks, including columns for stock name, price, and volume.

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Bank and Chase Refuse to Join House Inquiry

From Page 1, Col. 1. The assertions by Mr. Spencer and Mr. Butcher that Citibank and Chase had never been informed of their inclusion on the special supervision list...

Economic Analysis: The Secretive Banks

More voluntary disclosure of information, Mr. Clausen said, is "the next step in the evolution of corporations." Regulators are still a step ahead, however. Partly because of the pressures mentioned, the S.E.C. and the bank regulators have already asked banks to submit and make public more comprehensive information...

BEAN FUTURES READY IN PRICE

Prices Also Are About Anged—Potatoes Up

ELIZABETH M. FOWLER and soybean futures held steady yesterday. Chicago Board of Trade has the expectation of some higher prices for the crop report showing a supply at a record of 5.77 billion bushels of the previous estimate...

Gold's Price Falls, Ending Busy Week; Dollar Value Mixed

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11 (UPI)—The price of gold declined today, ending a week of hectic trading which it reached a four-month low. The dollar was mixed today on European money markets.

Gold closed in Zurich at \$330.87, an ounce, down from yesterday's \$332.62. In London it closed at \$330, down from \$332.50.

The price of gold fell \$5 an ounce Tuesday to \$317.75 in London and has moved marginally near that level all week.

Bullion dealers reported large sales and heavy volume, reflecting uncertainty over the results of decisions by the International Monetary Fund that will reduce the role of gold in the world's monetary system.

Small depositors are insured for deposits of up to \$40,000, so the threat of a bank run today comes primarily from big depositors, such as corporations and foreign government, which can simply refuse to renew their certificates of deposit in a bank they no longer trust.

He said that Chase officials had "indicated very clearly" in a telephone conversation with a subcommittee official earlier today that they would send a witness to the hearing next Tuesday.

Asked whether the absence of representatives of the two banks would alter the subcommittee's plans to proceed with its hearing, the aide said that "that testimony is to the chief interest and that Mr. Rosenthal had simply wanted to offer the institutions a forum in which to reply to recent news reports asserting their unstable condition."

"Our main business is with the Comptroller," the aide said, adding that Mr. Smith, who is chief of the country, had assured the subcommittee that he would send a representative to the hearing.

The subcommittee, the aide said, wants to find out precisely what the "problem list" is, the criteria used by the Comptroller in designating banks for closer supervision and what remedial steps are proposed by Mr. Smith's office to restore such troubled institutions to health.

Both Citibank and Chase, in their replies, again scored what they termed an unauthorized release of partial findings by Federal bank examiners in early and mid-1975, charging both banks with deficiencies that formed the basis for reports in The Washington Post this week.

That publicity, Mr. Butcher said, did not relieve Chase of its "responsibility to respect the total confidentiality" of its relationships with its customers.

Mr. Spencer also made that point and urged Mr. Rosenthal to expand his inquiry to a "review of the overall procedures adopted" by Federal bank regulatory agencies "rather than by examining their application to only one or two such institutions."

Nevertheless, the debate about disclosure is far from resolved. In a speech two days ago in New York, Washington, Graham, chairman of the Washington Post Company, denounced the "custom of secrecy which keeps... signs of possible danger from being faced and dealt with rapidly," and characterized such secrecy as a greater threat to the banks than publication of confidential information.

Open Interest

Table with columns for Friday, Jan. 16, 1976, and Saturday, Jan. 17, 1976. Rows include Wheat, Corn, Soybean, and other commodities with values for Open, High, Low, and Close.

Listing of Prices of Commodity Futures

Large table listing prices for various commodity futures including COCOA, CHICAGO GRAINS, SOYBEAN, OATS, and others. Includes columns for contract month, price, and change.

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1976

Table titled 'WORLD BANK' showing current sales in billions of dollars for various international bonds.

Table titled 'CORPORATION BONDS' showing current sales in billions of dollars for various corporate bonds.

Table titled 'U.S. Govt. Bonds' showing current sales in billions of dollars for various U.S. government bonds.

Table titled 'Other Dom. Bonds' showing current sales in billions of dollars for various domestic bonds.

Table titled 'Foreign Bonds' showing current sales in billions of dollars for various foreign bonds.

Table titled 'Total All Bonds' showing current sales in billions of dollars for all bond categories.

Table titled 'BONDS ISSUES TRADE' showing issues, advances, declines, and new issues.

Table titled 'Current Sales in Billions of Dollars' showing high, low, and last change for various bond categories.

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Used-End Funds

SPYED COMMON STOCK FUNDS

Table showing prices for various common stock funds.

BOND FUNDS

Table showing prices for various bond funds.

Equal Purpose Funds

Table showing prices for various equal purpose funds.

FOREIGN BONDS

Large table listing prices for various foreign bonds, including columns for bond name, price, and change.

American Exchange Bond Trading

Table showing American Exchange Bond Trading data.

American Stock Exchange Transactions: Complete Price Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Main table of stock transactions for Friday, January 16, 1976. Columns include stock symbols, prices, and volume. Divided into sections A-C, D, E-G, H-I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

American Exchange Options

Table of American Exchange Options for Friday, January 16, 1976. Columns include option symbols, prices, and volume.

Other U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges

Summary of stock trading on other U.S. and foreign exchanges. Includes sections for MIDWEST, PACIFIC, BOSTON, TORONTO, BRUSSELS, JOHANNESBURG, MONTREAL, AMSTERDAM, and PARIS.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual distributions based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Social and stock dividends are shown in parentheses. Dividends are shown in dollars unless otherwise noted.

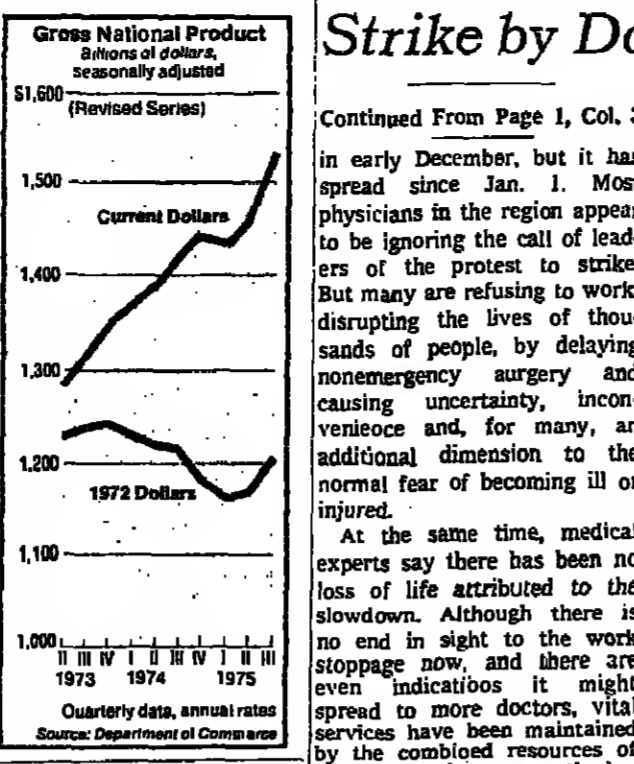
Total volume 34,226. Gross interest 47,423. Sales in lots. Last is premium (purchase price).

Output Economic R

Handwritten scribble at the bottom center of the page.

Today's Trade Industrial Output Higher, Firming Economic Rise

From Page 1, Col. 1. The "deflator," it now uses a base of 1972 instead of 1958. The former base, being so long in the past, had created an increasingly serious problem of distortion of both the price index and the "real" G.N.P.



Gross National Product Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted (Revised Series). Current Dollars. 1972 Dollars. Quarterly data, annual rates. Source: Department of Commerce.

Strike by Doctors: Impact on Hospital

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3. In early December, but it has spread since Jan. 1. Most physicians in the region appear to be ignoring the call of leaders of the protest to strike.

her. She had injured an eye on a skiing trip with her husband, a physician who is participating in the strike. As they waited, 3-year-old Sban Larson was emerging smiling from a treatment room with her mother, and her mother said, "She'll be okay."

M. Profits Up; Other Concerns Report

Table with multiple columns listing company names (e.g., EASTMAN CORP., OWENS-CORNING FIBERGLAS CORP., FIRST ALABAMA BANCSHARES) and their financial data including sales, earnings, and dividends.

State Plan Offered

The Administration of Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. has proposed establishing a state-run agency insuring malpractice to the 5 state's doctors at substantially reduced rates than now offered by private insurers.

Orangutan, 56 Years Old, Dies; Zoo Attributes Long Life to Diet

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16 — One of the world's two oldest known nonhuman primates, a 56-year-old female orangutan named Guarina, died this morning at the Philadelphia Zoological Garden.

Chicago Board Options Exchange

Table showing market data for the Chicago Board Options Exchange, including various stock options and their prices.

Shortage of Beds

According to these sources, some physicians at private hospitals who are continuing to work—and some striking doctors who agree to treat emergency cases—are ordering such patients transferred to county-run hospitals as soon as they are stabilized.

REMEMBER THE NEEDLES!

Advertisement for needles, featuring a list of products and prices under the heading 'REMEMBER THE NEEDLES!'.

Where do top men's wear advertisers sell trade and consumer alike?

In the special fashion reports of The New York Times Magazine. Just ask these "Report on Men's Wear" advertisers.

- List of advertisers for the 'Report on Men's Wear' section, including London Fog, Swank, Wrangler, Dupont Oiana/Van Heusen, Drummond, GGG, Sussex, Bostonian, Dan River, Arthur Richards, Daks, Enka/Superba, Bronzini, Harbor Master, Hammon Park, Groshire, Pierre Cardin, Zero King, Palm Beach, PBM, Lakeland, Interwoven, Enka/Haggard, John Weitz, Klopman, Gino Pompeii, Peters, York Shirt, Catalina, Manhattan, Career Club, Forum, Monzini, Cone/P.G.'s, Borg, Elmer Little, Dexter, Monsanto/Lahm, Carlo Bri, Collins & Aikman, Dupont Wintuk/Alps, Dupont Wintuk/Drummond, Sedgewick, Dupont Wintuk/Izod, Casuarini, Dupont Wintuk/Janzen, Golden Vee, Dupont Wintuk/Lord Jeff Stratovac, Dupont Wintuk/Robert Bruce, Johnny Carson, Dupont Wintuk/Thane, Mighty-Mac, Merit, Sioux, Exello, Cotler, Creighton/English Leather, Bhambi's, Commodore Men's Shop, Cooper, Antlax, Elmar Haberdashers, Joseph Paris, Creslan/Sundowner, Dimension by Millord, Joel McKay, Amora Industries, Loalabouls, Lee, Botany '500', Creslan/Career Club, Interwoven, J.S.I., Manhattan, Mighty Star.

WHOLESALE ONLY BUYERS WANTS

Advertisement for 'WHOLESALE ONLY BUYERS WANTS' featuring various items like jewelry, rings, necklaces, and watches.

WHOLESALE ONLY OFFERS TO BUYERS

Advertisement for 'WHOLESALE ONLY OFFERS TO BUYERS' featuring various items like skateboards, frozen lobster tails, and leather goods.

The New York Times Magazine

# ILLEGAL AIR FARES STUDIED BY C.A.B.

## Reports of Illicit Discounts on Plane Tickets, Violating Accord, Prompt Inquiry

By RALPH BLUMENTHAL

The Civil Aeronautics Board is investigating allegations of continuing illegal discount sales of airline tickets in violation of an agreement that closed a Federal criminal case against 19 major world airlines here last September.

According to some of the allegations, passed on to Federal investigators in recent weeks by airline officials and travel agents, travel agents receiving unusually large commissions from the airlines during a kind of bogus war are illegally passing on the benefits to selected passengers in the form of cut-rate tickets.

David Traeger, United States Attorney for the Eastern District of New York, which handled the airline prosecutions last year, said that if the allegations were substantiated "we intend to bring contempt proceedings."

The 19 airlines—all but four of the trans-Atlantic carriers serving New York—pledged no contest Sept. 29 charges of illegal price cutting through kickbacks or refunds to travel agents. They were fined a total of \$655,000.

As part of the settlement, the airlines agreed to abandon such schemes and to notify their employees and affiliated travel agents of the ban.

Leads Received

Thus, violation of the court-approved consent agreement could be construed as contempt of court, with penalties set at a judge's discretion.

Fares are agreed upon by the International Air Transport Association, made up of almost all the world's airlines. They are approved in the United States by the C.A.B., and altering an approved fare is a Federal offense.

"We have gotten a number of leads with respect to the possible violation of the consent injunction," said Ronald E. DePetris, the assistant United States attorney on the case.

The reports were turned over for investigation to the C.A.B.'s Bureau of Enforcement under Thomas McBride, formerly in the Watergate Special Prosecutor's office.

"They're still debating like hell," maintained Man Singh, a travel agent at International Tours and Travel in Manhattan, which specializes in the Indian travel market. "Customers keep telling me they're getting tickets cheaper elsewhere."

An India-born reporter who telephoned another India-oriented travel agency here this week was quoted the standard air fare of \$763 for a round trip ticket to India. He was then informed that if he paid the official price by check or credit card he would be given a cash rebate of \$76.

"No Problem"

Then, he said, he called another Indian travel agency, asked for a discount and was told: "Come in and see us. I think we can arrange it. No problem."

Frank Martin, sales manager for Air-India here, said he was not aware of any discounting of his company's tickets. "If I were I would take them away," he said.

Another current case has focused renewed attention on alleged discounting abuses. As reported by Travel Weekly, a well-informed travel publication, in its latest issue, "Trans World Airlines has taken legal action against Sunway Tours, a travel agency here, to recover thousands of dollars of airfares that it says were not paid for tickets."

The reports of continued rebating abuses come at a time of usually high commissions being paid by airlines to travel agents to sell their tickets.

Since Pan American World Airways early last year broke out of an industry-wide agreement setting commissions at a basic 7 percent for point-to-point bookings, with 3 percent more for tours, a commission war has raged. Some carriers reportedly are paying agents as much as 35 percent commission to ticket passengers on their planes.

A new commission structure setting a basic 8 percent rate plus other bonuses is scheduled to go into effect Feb. 1.

Unlike fares, commissions paid by airlines to travel agents can be adjusted at will. However, by paying high commissions some Federal investigators believe, airlines are in effect financing illegal discount sales by travel agents to passengers.

Three Saved on Mountain GOVERNMENT CAMP, Ore., Jan. 16 (AP)—Three climbers, missing since Jan. 1, when they set out to hike around Mount Hood in good conditions, were found for frostbitten feet. The three are Randy Knapp, 19 years old, Gary Schneider, 16, and Matt Meacham, 16.

REMEMBER THE NEEDLES!

# New E.P.A. Rule Would Exclude Most Concordes

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)

Drastically revising its proposal for supersonic transport noise regulations, the Environmental Protection Agency recommended a new rule today that would ban all but two of the first 16 Concordes from this country.

The new proposal supplants one made a year ago that would have exempted all 16 planes in the initial Concorde production run from any United States SST noise controls.

A British Aircraft Corporation spokesman said adoption of the proposal would place retroactive requirements on the Anglo-French Concordes that had never been placed on American aircraft and would cause "a major diplomatic incident."

The Transportation Department said that it would treat the E.P.A. proposal as a formal "notice of proposed rule-making," holding a public hearing on it. In addition, a department spokesman said, the proposal will be considered in a ruling to be issued within three weeks on initial United States landing rights for the Concorde.

There are no domestic regulations at present governing SST noise, but environmentalists are fighting to block commercial Concorde service in this country by making the planes meet the noise standards for subsonic jetliners. The new proposal would, in essence, accomplish that.

It is up to the Federal Aviation Administration to set noise standards for the SST, as it did in 1969 for the subsonics, if any are adopted.

Russell E. Train, head of the E.P.A., sent the new proposal to John McLucas, E.P.A. administrator, with a letter saying the change was designed to conform with the environmental agency's new policy of opposing the Concorde.

F.A.A. Gets Train's Letter

"Our newly proposed rule would have the practical effect of applying the same noise level requirements to each supersonic transport category airplane which did not have any flight time before Dec. 31, 1974," he said.

The British aircraft spokesman said that only two production Concordes and four pre-production prototypes had flown before the cutoff date Mr. Train proposed.

British Airways and Air France are seeking permission to start this spring making four Concorde flights a day to New York and two a day to Washington.

Environmentalists oppose the flights because of the Concorde's takeoff and landing noise, which they say would be from two to eight times that of subsonic jets. They also

cite its pollution, inefficient use of fuel and potential damage to the upper atmospheric ozone layer.

William T. Coleman Jr., Secretary of Transportation, is considering arguments from both sides and has promised to rule on the British and French applications by Feb. 4.

The British aircraft spokesman said that it was impossible to make the Concordes engines any quieter. He noted that Congress, in passing a 1968 law requiring the F.A.A. to set noise standards for subsonic jetliners, said all such regulations

must be "technically feasible, economically reasonable and appropriate to the type [of plane]."

Neither America's auto industry nor its aircraft industry had been ordered to meet technologically impossible environmental requirements, the spokesman said, yet "that is what the E.P.A. is asking of us."

He said that the new proposal appeared illegal and predicted it would never be adopted because "it is a basic tenet of American law that you do not require the impossible."

## ICELANDERS GIVING BRITISH WEEK TO GO

REYKJAVIK, Iceland, Jan. 16

(Reuters)—Iceland said today it would give Britain a week to withdraw its warships from Icelandic waters before any break in diplomatic relations over their fishing dispute.

Prime Minister Geir Halgrimsson said at a news conference that the Icelandic Parliament's Foreign Relations Committee was about to decide whether to urge him to make the diplomatic breach.

If it said that he should do so, he would comply, he said. But he would not act before Monday, and would couch Iceland's declaration in terms that gave Britain a week to

withdraw its warships before the break became effective.

British frigates are in Icelandic waters escorting British trawlers, which are fishing there in defiance of a new, 200-mile Icelandic fishing limit.

Picking Sofas for Anatomy LINCOLN, Neb. (UPI)—Think of your anatomy when you shop for furniture and decorate your home, says Betsy Gabb, a housing and interior design specialist at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

She says sofas with cushions about 15 inches from the floor are comfortable for most persons. She warns against low sofas and chairs and those with deep cushions for use by elderly persons, many of whom can't pull themselves up.

# 11 CONCERNS HERE INDICTED BY U.S.

## Restraint of Trade Charged in Building Maintenance

By ARNOLD H. LURASCH

Eleven major building-maintenance companies are indicted here yesterday on a Federal charge of conspiracy to restrain trade by rigging bids, allocating business and compensating one another for lost customers.

The indictment said that the corporate defendants were "among the largest building-maintenance companies in the state of New York" and that "they accounted for over \$192 million in sales of building-maintenance services" in Manhattan in 1974.

The companies were described as suppliers of janitorial, repair, security, elevator and landscaping services for commercial, industrial and institutional buildings.

Allied Maintenance Corporation, the defendant listed first in the indictment, issued a statement that "the Department of Justice apparently contains a misapprehension of the functioning of this industry."

Acquittal Predicted

"Far from suppressing competition," it said, "our company is engaged in a fierce competitive struggle with other companies to win contracts to maintain multiunit office buildings."

It added that the company and its president, Donald H. McCampbell, who was named in the indictment, were innocent and would be acquitted.

Spokesmen for the other defendants issued statements denying the charges or said they had no comment.

The other companies are Alpine Industries, Anchor Cleaning Service, Arcade Cleaning Contractors, Coastal Enterprises, Eastern Maintenance Service, MacClean Service Company, National Kinney Corporation, Prudential Building Maintenance Service, and Triangle Maintenance Service.

The indicted individuals include two officers of National Kinney, Morton A. Sweig, and its vice president, Morris J. Weintraub, and two officers of Prudential Building Maintenance, its board chairman, Leo R. Fink, and its president, Alan G. Powers.

\$50,000 Fines Possible

The others, all company presidents, are Irving M. Shapiro of Anchor Cleaning, Ernest M. Ash of Arcade Cleaning, Jack A. Lehwich of Coastal Enterprises, Ralph Fine of Eastern Maintenance and Murray Rosenblatt of Temco Service.

National Kinney issued a statement late yesterday, denying any wrongdoing and expressing confidence in the company officers named in the indictment. It said the indictment failed to state "exactly what is charged" and added, "In the face of increasing low margins in this depressed industry, to charge in a criminal case that prices are artificially high is both ludicrous and appalling."

If convicted, each company could be fined \$50,000 and each indicted executive could be sentenced to a maximum of a year in prison and a \$50,000 fine.

A similar indictment was filed in 1974, against 17 companies and executives in the building-maintenance industry in New Jersey, where most of the defendants pleaded "no contest" and were fined substantial amounts.

According to the one-count indictment in Manhattan, the conspiracy began "at least as early as 1970" and continued until October 1974 in an "unreasonable restraint" of trade and commerce in violation of the Sherman Antitrust Act.

Bidding Cited

The defendants were charged with having carried out a conspiracy that included allocating customers for building-maintenance contracts, refraining from competing for the allocated customers and compensating one another for lost customers.

The alleged conspiracy also included "noncompetitive, collusive and complementary bids for contracts."

This allegedly resulted in eliminating competition in New York, stabilizing prices at artificial levels and depriving customers of the right to purchase building-maintenance services in an open and competitive market.

In addition to the indictment, the Justice Department filed a civil suit in Federal District Court here, seeking to enjoin the companies from "continuing, maintaining or renewing" the alleged conspiracy.

Rhode Island Names Judge PROVIDENCE, R.I., Jan. 16 (AP)—Speaker Joseph A. Bevilacqua of the House was chosen chief justice of the Rhode Island Supreme Court today by the Grand Committee of the General Assembly.

# Carey Aide Says Chanc Led to Political Succ

Continued From Page 27

the boss, and our structure now fits the style of government he's comfortable with."

That structure, Mr. Morgado continued, is "very personal" with the Governor deeply involved, in constant touch. It's not role-defined. It'll be hard-nosed or a nice guy on an issue, depending on how we can get a specific job done."

Mr. Morgado's rapid rise is partly a result of his being in the right place at the right time when the incoming Carey administration reached out for state budget advice in late 1974. Although an enrolled Democrat, Mr. Morgado was then director of tax and fiscal studies for the Republican majority on the Assembly Ways and Means Committee, a job that gave him a valuable perspective on the developing fiscal crises.

An Exotic Background

"Life is so fateful, it's just chance," Mr. Morgado says now. "I like to think the difference is not in fate itself, but in how you use it after it strikes."

In an administration where both the Governor and virtually all his top advisers are members of large, identifiable ethnic groups—Irish, Jewish or Italian—Mr. Morgado's ethnic background is exotic.

He is the grandson of a Portuguese immigrant who went to the Hawaiian Islands along with large numbers of other impoverished Portuguese to work on the pineapple plantations. His mother is Polynesian Hawaiian, a group whose numbers are being rapidly depleted through intermarriage.

Mr. Morgado describes pre-statehood Hawaii as a plantation society where class distinctions were rigid and where most opportunities in industry were closed to those who, like himself, were considered nonwhite.

With statehood in 1959, numbers of Hawaii's numerous ethnic and racial groups began to participate in government, and along with many of his friends Mr. Morgado decided that his future lay in government service.

Internes in Budget Division

Mr. Morgado graduated from Champlain College in Hoochulu in 1964 and chose the State University at Albany for graduate study because he wanted to see the East Coast and because he knew the university had a close relationship with the State Capitol.

While still in school, he began working as an interne in the Budget Division. He spent three years working for the Assembly Ways and Means Committee, then under Democratic control, and directed the professional staff work on the budget and state tax laws for the Constitutional Convention in 1967.

With three years out to work for a private planning group, Mr. Morgado then served as director of program analysis for the Budget Division before he rejoined the Ways and Means Committee, then under Republican leadership. He received a master's degree in public administration, and finished the

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# Weather Reports and Forecast

## Summary

It will be cloudy and colder throughout the Northeast today, although light snow or flurries may occur from portions of New England to the northern Appalachians and eastern lake region. Showers are forecast for southern Florida, while clear or partly cloudy skies and colder temperatures will dominate the rest of the eastern half of the country.

Except for slightly warmer weather in the Plains States, only minor temperature changes are expected in the West. Flurries will spread across the Northern Plains States; showers are forecast for the extreme northern coastal areas of the Pacific Northwest. It will be clear to partly cloudy elsewhere.

It was cloudy in Metropolitan New York yesterday, in New England, while snowshowers swept through the lake region, Ohio Valley and the Appalachians; snow was mixed with rain in portions of West Virginia and Kentucky.

Rain also fell throughout the Middle Atlantic States and Eastern North Carolina; a few thundershowers occurred in southern Florida. Temperatures remained below zero in extreme northern New England, northern Minnesota and eastern North Dakota.

"No Problem"

Then, he said, he called another Indian travel agency, asked for a discount and was told: "Come in and see us. I think we can arrange it. No problem."

Frank Martin, sales manager for Air-India here, said he was not aware of any discounting of his company's tickets. "If I were I would take them away," he said.

Another current case has focused renewed attention on alleged discounting abuses. As reported by Travel Weekly, a well-informed travel publication, in its latest issue, "Trans World Airlines has taken legal action against Sunway Tours, a travel agency here, to recover thousands of dollars of airfares that it says were not paid for tickets."

The reports of continued rebating abuses come at a time of usually high commissions being paid by airlines to travel agents to sell their tickets.

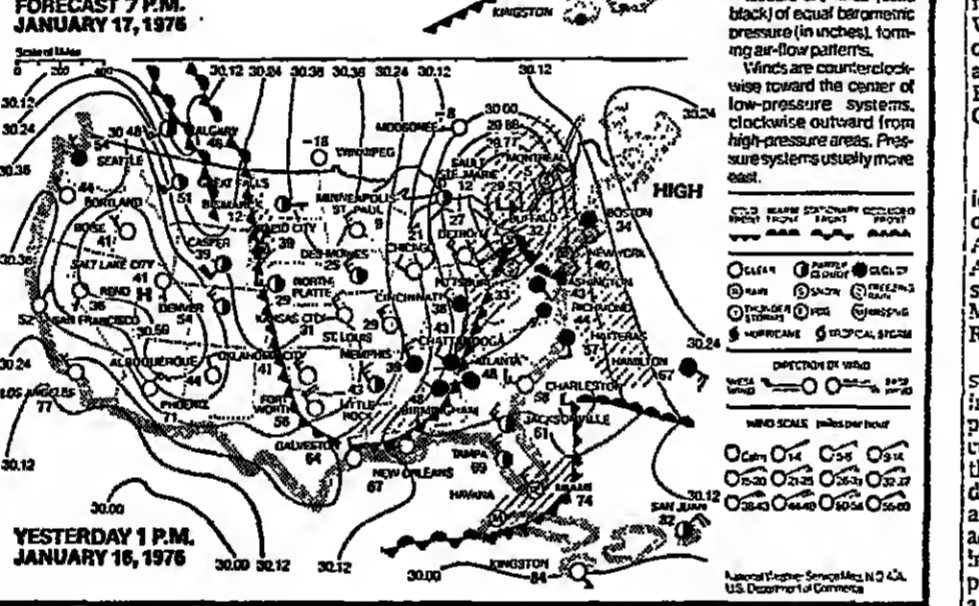
Since Pan American World Airways early last year broke out of an industry-wide agreement setting commissions at a basic 7 percent for point-to-point bookings, with 3 percent more for tours, a commission war has raged. Some carriers reportedly are paying agents as much as 35 percent commission to ticket passengers on their planes.

A new commission structure setting a basic 8 percent rate plus other bonuses is scheduled to go into effect Feb. 1.

Unlike fares, commissions paid by airlines to travel agents can be adjusted at will. However, by paying high commissions some Federal investigators believe, airlines are in effect financing illegal discount sales by travel agents to passengers.

Three Saved on Mountain GOVERNMENT CAMP, Ore., Jan. 16 (AP)—Three climbers, missing since Jan. 1, when they set out to hike around Mount Hood in good conditions, were found for frostbitten feet. The three are Randy Knapp, 19 years old, Gary Schneider, 16, and Matt Meacham, 16.

REMEMBER THE NEEDLES!



| Time    | Temp. | Hum. | Winds | Dir.     |
|---------|-------|------|-------|----------|
| 8 A.M.  | 38    | 51   | E     | 30-46    |
| 9 A.M.  | 39    | 54   | E     | 30-43    |
| 10 A.M. | 39    | 50   | SE    | 29-39    |
| 11 A.M. | 42    | 45   | SE    | 11-29-35 |
| 12 M.   | 42    | 41   | SE    | 13-29-35 |
| 1 P.M.  | 43    | 42   | SE    | 10-29-34 |
| 2 P.M.  | 44    | 43   | SE    | 13-29-34 |
| 3 P.M.  | 48    | 42   | SE    | 10-29-31 |
| 4 P.M.  | 47    | 42   | SE    | 9-29-27  |
| 5 P.M.  | 47    | 45   | E     | 9-29-25  |
| 6 P.M.  | 47    | 45   | E     | 6-29-25  |
| 7 P.M.  | 47    | 42   | SW    | 5-29-24  |

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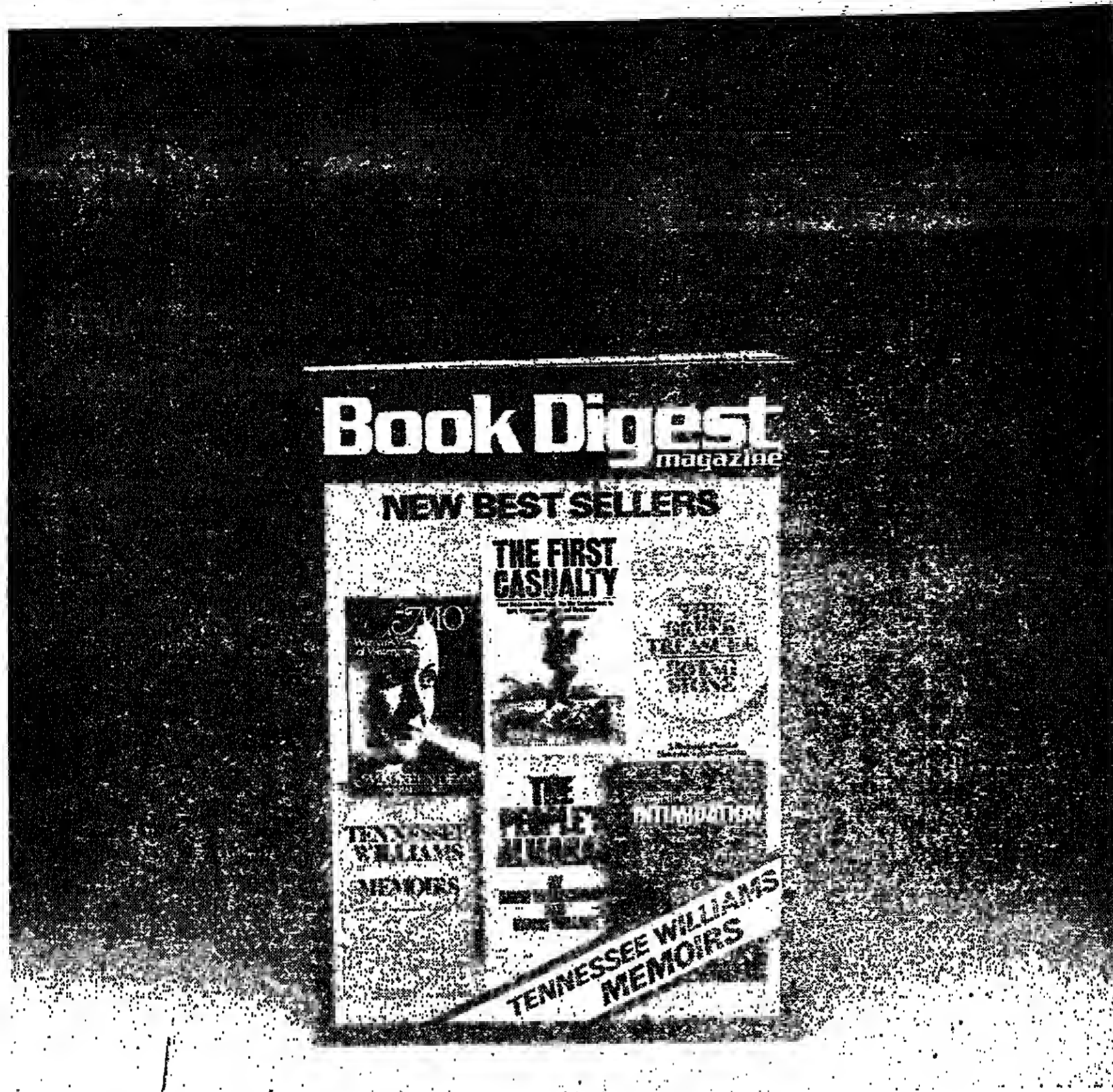
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| Time | Temp. |
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